



U.S. Department of Justice
Federal Bureau of Prisons

PROGRAM STATEMENT

OPI CPD/CSB

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Visiting Regulations

/s/

Approved: Charles E. Samuels, Jr.
Director, Federal Bureau of Prisons

1. PURPOSE AND SCOPE

§540.40. Purpose and scope.

The Bureau of Prisons encourages visiting by family, friends, and community groups to maintain the morale of the inmate and to develop closer relationships between the inmate and family members or others in the community. The Warden shall develop procedures consistent with this rule to permit inmate visiting. The Warden may restrict inmate visiting when necessary to ensure the security and good order of the institution.

Due to practical considerations and the different characteristics of institutions, certain limitations and controls must be established in developing and administering visiting regulations. The extent of these limitations will vary with each institution, and are recognized as reasons upon which visiting restrictions may be based. These limitations will be specified in the Institution Supplement.

The Warden has the authority to restrict or suspend an inmate's regular visiting privileges temporarily when there is reasonable suspicion that the inmate has acted in a way that would indicate a threat to the good order or security of the institution. Ordinarily, the duration of the restriction or suspension should be limited to the time required to investigate and complete the discipline process.

Federal Regulations from 28 CFR are shown in this type.

Implementing instructions are shown in this type.

Reasonable suspicion exists when reliable information and/or facts are presented to the Warden that the inmate is engaged, or attempting to engage, in criminal or other prohibited behavior. Reasonable suspicion must be directed to the inmate(s)/visitor(s) in question.

In determining reasonable suspicion, staff should consider whether the available information could reasonably lead a person with correctional experience to suspect that the inmate is engaged in criminal or other prohibited behavior. (See Section 13.c. of this Program Statement for reference to inmates in detention or segregation status.)

a. **Summary of Changes.** This re-issuance incorporates the following modifications:

Policy Rescinded

P5267.08 Visiting Regulations (5/11/2006)

- Guidelines for Walsh Act assignments added.
- Clarified language for Minister of Record.

b. **Program Objectives.** The expected results of this program are:

- All inmates will be permitted visits by family, friends, and community groups consistent with the security and orderly running of the institution.
- A record of visitors will be maintained for all inmates.
- A visiting schedule will be established for all institutions.
- Procedures to monitor all visiting areas will be established to prevent the passage of contraband and to ensure the security and good order of the institution.

c. **Institution Supplement.** Each institution will develop local procedures and guidelines required to administer this Program Statement. The institution will involve the Regional Office, Correctional Services Administrator, in developing the Institution Supplement.

The Institution Supplement must be available in English and Spanish.

The Institution Supplement will include, at a minimum, the following considerations:

- The visiting schedule for the institution, including all of its components (satellite camp, jail, etc.), if they differ.
- Holdover visiting procedures (time frame for approval; who is permitted to visit, etc.).
- Procedures addressing special visitors (i.e., minister of record and clergy visits).
- Procedures for disapproving proposed visitors.
- Procedures for approving any exception to the prior relationship requirement.

- The method by which staff will make written guidelines available to visitors.
- Limitations specific to the institution (e.g., visiting space, frequency of visits, number of visitors).
- Identify staff responsible for arranging and supervising special visits.
- Procedures to maintain a record of visitors for each inmate.
- Procedures for a backup system to the computer visiting program.
- Facility address/phone number, directions to the facility, and information about local transportation.
- Days and hours of visitation.
- Approved dress code.
- Identification requirements for visitors.
- Items authorized in the visiting room.
- Special rules for children.
- Authorized items that visitors may bring to give to the inmate, if applicable.
- Special visit requirements.
- Procedures for storing items not authorized in the visiting room (cellphones, car keys, handbags, etc.).
- Visiting procedures for inmates assigned to the Special Housing Unit.
- Visiting procedures for inmates hospitalized in the community.
- Procedures for child areas (i.e., whether inmates are permitted in areas designated for children).
- The size and quantity of any clear plastic container/bag used to carry authorized items into a visiting room.
- Procedures for the use of non-contact visiting areas (if available).
- Procedure to ensure the maximum capacity of the visiting room is not exceeded (i.e., early termination due to overcrowding).
- Procedures addressing frequency of changes to the inmate(s) Visiting List.
- Procedures addressing supervision of inmates convicted of a Walsh Act offense involving a minor.

2. **PRETRIAL/HOLDOVER/DETAINEE PROCEDURES**

The procedures specified in this Program Statement apply to all inmates housed in Bureau institutions. Refer to the Program Statement **Pretrial Inmates** for specific information regarding pretrial inmates.

3. VICTIM/WITNESS CASES

Refer to the Program Statement **Victim and Witness Notification** for procedures when a Victim/Witness Program (VWP) inmate requests to place a victim or witness on his/her visiting list.

4. WITSEC INMATE

Refer to the Program Statement **Central Inmate Monitoring System Operations Manual (Sensitive But Unclassified)** for procedures when an inmate in the Witness Security Program (WITSEC) requests to place an individual on his/her visiting list.

5. VISITING FACILITIES

§540.41. Visiting facilities.

The Warden shall have the visiting room arranged so as to provide adequate supervision, adapted to the degree of security required by the type of institution. The Warden shall ensure that the visiting area is as comfortable and pleasant as practicable, and appropriately furnished and arranged. If space is available, the Warden shall have a portion of the visiting room equipped and set up to provide facilities for the children of visitors.

a. Institutions of minimum and low security levels may permit visits beyond the security perimeter, but always under supervision of staff.

b. Institutions of medium and high security levels, and administrative institutions may establish outdoor visiting, but it will always be inside the security perimeter and always under supervision of staff.

Reasonable accommodations should be made to ensure that all parts of the visiting area accessible to the public are also accessible to visitors and inmates with disabilities.

6. VISITING TIMES

§540.42 Visiting times.

a. Each Warden shall establish a visiting schedule for the institution. At a minimum, the Warden shall establish visiting hours at the institution on Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. The restriction of visiting to these days may

be a hardship for some families and arrangements for other suitable hours shall be made to the extent practicable. Where staff resources permit, the Warden may establish evening visiting hours.

b. Consistent with available resources, such as space limitations and staff availability, and with concerns of institution security, the Warden may limit the visiting period. With respect to weekend visits, for example, some or all inmates and visitors may be limited to visiting on Saturday or on Sunday, but not on both days, in order to accommodate the volume of visitors. There is no requirement that every visitor has the opportunity to visit on both days of the weekend, nor that every inmate has the opportunity to have visits on both days of the weekend.

To the extent practicable, and consistent with available resources and concerns for institution security, the Warden is encouraged to establish visiting and/or attempt to accommodate a visitor who can only visit on a specific weekend day.

7. FREQUENCY OF VISITS AND NUMBER OF VISITORS

§540.43. Frequency of visits and number of visitors.

The Warden shall allow each inmate a minimum of four hours visiting time per month. The Warden may limit the length or frequency of visits only to avoid chronic overcrowding. The Warden may establish a guideline for the maximum number of persons who may visit an inmate at one time, to prevent overcrowding in the visiting room or unusual difficulty in supervising a visit. Exceptions may be made to any local guideline when indicated by special circumstances, such as distance the visitor must travel, frequency of the inmate's visits, or health problems of the inmate or visitor.

The Warden may establish a limit, consistent with available resources, on the number of visits an inmate may receive and/or the number of visiting hours (in excess of four) allotted to the inmate each month. Due to space limitations, limits on visiting may be necessary when an inmate has numerous regular visitors living in the vicinity of the institution.

Where facilities permit, the Warden may allow family groups to visit. The Warden may also authorize special visits to accommodate unique circumstances (e.g., a person traveling a long distance to visit, a person visiting a hospitalized inmate).

8. REGULAR VISITORS

§540.44. Regular visitors.

An inmate desiring to have regular visitors must submit a list of proposed visitors to the designated staff. See §540.45 for qualification as special visitor. Staff are to compile a visiting list for each inmate after suitable investigation in accordance with §540.51(b) of this part. The list may include:

§540.51(b) refers to Section 14.b. of this Program Statement.

a. *Members of the Immediate Family.* These persons include mother, father, step-parents, foster parents, brothers and sisters, spouse, and children. These individuals are placed on the visiting list, absent strong circumstances that preclude visiting.

The word “spouse” includes a common-law relationship that has been previously established in a state that recognizes such a status. In states that do not, a common-law relationship is not considered “immediate family.” For determination of applicable state laws, the Regional Counsel should be consulted. Failure to obtain acknowledgment of parent or legal guardian may preclude the addition of children to the visiting list. When deemed appropriate, background checks may also be completed on immediate family members. For determination of applicable state laws, the Regional Counsel should be consulted.

b. *Other Relatives.* These persons include grandparents, uncles, aunts, in-laws, and cousins. They may be placed on the approved list if the inmate wishes to have visits from them regularly and if there exists no reason to exclude them.

c. *Friends and Associates.* The visiting privilege ordinarily will be extended to friends and associates having an established relationship with the inmate prior to confinement, unless such visits could reasonably create a threat to the security and good order of the institution. Exceptions to the prior relationship rule may be made, particularly for inmates without other visitors, when it is shown that the proposed visitor is reliable and poses no threat to the security or good order of the institution.

Regardless of the institution’s security level, the inmate must have known the proposed visitor(s) prior to incarceration. The Warden must approve any exception to this requirement.

See Section 14.b.(2) of this Program Statement regarding background investigations for proposed visitors.

Ordinarily, an inmate's visiting list should not list more than 10 friends and associates. The Warden may make an exception to this provision when warranted.

Under 18 U.S.C. § 3582(d), which applies to offenses committed on or after November 1, 1987,

“The court, in imposing a sentence to a term of imprisonment upon a defendant convicted of a felony set forth in chapter 95 (racketeering) or 96 (racketeer influenced and corrupt organizations) of this title or in the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970 (21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.), or at any time thereafter upon motion by the Director of the Bureau of Prisons or a United States attorney, may include as a part of the sentence an order that requires that the defendant not associate or communicate with a specified person, other than his attorney, upon a showing of probable cause to believe that association or communication with such person is for the purpose of enabling the defendant to control, manage, direct, finance, or otherwise participate in an illegal enterprise.”

Consultation with the Regional Counsel may be necessary to determine this provision's applicability to a specific case(s).

d. *Persons with Prior Criminal Convictions.* The existence of a criminal conviction alone does not preclude visits. Staff shall give consideration to the nature, extent, and recentness of convictions, as weighed against the security considerations of the institution. Specific approval of the Warden may be required before such visits take place.

Ordinarily, staff should obtain written authorization from the appropriate Federal or state probation/parole official prior to approving visitation privileges for an individual on probation, parole, or supervised release. A copy of this authorization will be maintained in section 2 of the Privacy Folder in the Inmate Central File.

See Section 14.b.(2) of this Program Statement regarding background investigations for proposed visitors.

e. *Children Under Sixteen.* Children under the age of 16 may not visit unless accompanied by a responsible adult. Children shall be kept under supervision of a responsible adult or a children's program. Exceptions in unusual circumstances may be made by special approval of the Warden.

The signature of a parent or legal guardian on the Visitor Information form (BP-A0629) is necessary to process a request for an applicant under 18 years of age. Ordinarily, completing the questionnaire portion of this form (items 1 through 14) is not required if such an applicant is a verified immediate family member of the requesting inmate.

In unusual circumstances, the Warden, after consultation with Regional Counsel, may make exceptions to the requirement for acknowledgment by parent or legal guardian.

9. QUALIFICATION AS SPECIAL VISITOR

§540.45. Qualification as special visitor.

Persons in the categories listed in this section may qualify as special visitors rather than as regular visitors. Visits by special visitors ordinarily are for a specific purpose and ordinarily are not of a recurring nature. Except as specified, the conditions of visiting for special visitors are the same as for visitors.

a. *Business Visitor.* Except for pretrial inmates, an inmate is not permitted to engage actively in a business or profession. An inmate who was engaged in a business or profession prior to commitment is expected to assign authority for the operation of such business or profession to a person in the community. Pretrial inmates may be allowed special visitors for the purpose of protecting the pretrial inmate's business interests. In those instances where an inmate has turned over the operation of a business or profession to another person, there still may be an occasion where a decision must be made which will substantially affect the assets or prospects of the business. The Warden accordingly may permit a special business visit in such cases. The Warden may waive the requirement for the existence of an established relationship prior to confinement for visitors approved under this paragraph.

b. *Consular Visitors.* When it has been determined that an inmate is a citizen of a foreign country, the Warden must permit the consular representative of that country to visit on matters of legitimate business. The Warden may not withhold this privilege even though the inmate is in disciplinary status. The requirement for the existence of an established relationship prior to confinement does not apply to consular visitors.

c. *Representatives of Community Groups.* The Warden may approve visits on a recurring basis to representatives from community groups (for example, civic, volunteer, or religious organizations) who are acting in their official capacity.

These visits may be for the purpose of meeting with an individual inmate or with a group of inmates. The requirement for the existence of an established relationship prior to confinement for visitors does not apply to representatives of community groups.

d. Clergy, Former or Prospective Employers, Sponsors, and Parole Advisors. Visitors in this category ordinarily provide assistance in release planning, counseling, and discussion of family problems. The requirement for the existence of an established relationship prior to confinement for visitors does not apply to visitors in this category.

The following processing procedures apply to ministers of record and clergy:

(1) **Minister of Record.** An inmate wanting to receive visits from his/her minister of record must submit a written request to the Chaplain. Upon approval, unit staff add the name and title (minister of record) to the inmate's visitor list.

An inmate may only have one minister of record on his/her visiting list at a time. The addition of the minister of record will **not** count against the total number of authorized regular visitors an inmate is allowed to have on his/her visiting list, and will **not** count against the total number of social visits allowed.

(2) **Clergy.** Visits from clergy (other than the minister of record) will be in accordance with the general visitor procedures, and **will** count against the total number of regular visits allowed.

Ordinarily, clergy visits will not be accommodated unless requested by the inmate. However, the Chaplain may approve a visitation request initiated by the clergy if the inmate wishes to visit with the clergy.

Clergy/minister of record visits will be accommodated in the visiting room during regularly scheduled visiting hours and, to the extent practicable, in an area of the visiting room that provides a degree of separation from other visitors. If a private area is not available, the visit may be rescheduled.

The Warden may establish a limit to the number of minister of record and clergy visits an inmate receives each month, consistent with available resources. However, during times of personal or family emergencies, an inmate will be authorized a visit from his/her minister of record. Refer to the Program Statement **Religious Beliefs and Practices** for additional information regarding minister of record and clergy.

10. ATTORNEY VISITS

§540.46. Attorney Visits.

Requirements for attorney visits are governed by the provisions on inmate legal activities (see §543.12 through 543.16 of this chapter). Provisions pertinent to attorney visits for pretrial inmates are contained in §551.117 of this chapter.

§ 543.12 through 543.16 refers to the Program Statement **Inmate Legal Activities**. §551.117 refers to the Program Statement **Pretrial Inmates**.

Staff may not subject visits between an attorney and an inmate to auditory supervision. To the extent practicable, attorney visits, for both pretrial and sentenced inmates, are to take place in a private conference room. However, areas designated for attorney visits will be arranged so as to provide adequate unobstructed visual supervision.

Where such a room is not available, the attorney visit may occur in a regular visiting room, provided the inmate and the inmate's attorney have a degree of separation from other visitors.

Occasionally, a situation may arise when a private area or conference room is not available, and the attorney does not wish to meet in a regular visiting room. When this occurs, the attorney may reschedule the visit. Refer to the Program Statement **Inmate Legal Activities** for additional information on processing legal visits.

11. MEDIA VISITS

§540.47. Media visits.

Requirements for media visits are governed by the provisions on contact with news media (see subpart E of this part). A media representative who wishes to visit outside his or her official duties, however, must qualify as a regular visitor or, if applicable, a special visitor.

[Section §540.48 is removed and reserved.]

12. TRANSPORTATION ASSISTANCE

§540.49. Transportation assistance.

The Warden shall ensure that directions for transportation to and from the institution are provided for the approved visitor (see §540.51(b)(4)). Directions for transportation to and from the institution and pay phone service, with commercial transportation phone numbers posted, are also to be made available at the institution to assist visitors.

If pay phone service is not available, the visitor is to ensure transportation is arranged prior to the visit.

§540.51(b)(4) refers to Section 14.b.(4) of this Program Statement.

13. VISITS TO INMATES NOT IN REGULAR POPULATION STATUS

§540.50 Visits to inmates not in regular population status.

a. *Admission and Holdover Status.* The Warden may limit to the immediate family of the inmate visits during the admission-orientation period or for holdovers where there is neither a visiting list from a transferring institution nor other verification of proposed visitors.

b. *Hospital Patients*

(1) When visitors request to see an inmate who is hospitalized in the institution, the Chief Medical Officer (or, in his absence, the Health Services Administrator), in consultation with the Captain, shall determine whether a visit may occur, and if so, whether it may be held in the hospital.

When a visit is denied because the inmate is suffering from an infectious disease, is in a psychotic or emotional episode that makes a visit inadvisable, or is otherwise not in a condition to see visitors, the situation is to be carefully and sensitively explained to the approved visitor. Notification to the visitor will be addressed in the Institution Supplement. Documentation is maintained in section 2 of the Privacy Folder in the Inmate Central File.

Inmates with medical conditions will be reviewed by the Chief Medical Officer or, in his/her absence, the Health Services Administrator, in consultation with the Captain, to determine

whether visiting will be permitted. Visiting procedures for inmates with medical conditions will be addressed in the Institution Supplement.

(2) Visits to inmates hospitalized in the community may be restricted to only the immediate family and are subject to the general visiting policy of that hospital.

c. *Detention or Segregation Status.* Ordinarily, an inmate retains visiting privileges while in detention or segregation status. Visiting may be restricted or disallowed, however, when an inmate, while in detention or segregation status, is charged with, or has been found to have committed, a prohibited act having to do with visiting guidelines or has otherwise acted in a way that would reasonably indicate that he or she would be a threat to the orderliness or security of the visiting room.

Loss of an inmate's visiting privileges for other reasons may not occur unless the inmate is provided a hearing before the Discipline Hearing Officer (DHO) in accordance with the provisions of §541.17 of this chapter, following those provisions which are appropriate to the circumstances, which results in a finding by the DHO that the inmate committed a prohibited act and that there is a lack of other appropriate sanctions or that imposition of an appropriate sanction previously has been ineffective.

The Unit Discipline Committee (UDC) may not impose a loss of visiting privileges for inmates in detention or segregation status. The provisions of this paragraph (c) do not interrupt or delay a loss of visiting sanction imposed by the UDC or DHO prior to the inmate's placement in detention or segregation status.

§541.17 refers to the Program Statement **Inmate Discipline Program**.

Ordinarily, an inmate in administrative detention or disciplinary segregation status may receive visits in accord with the same rules and regulations that apply to general population inmates, providing such visits do not pose a threat to the security or orderly operation of the institution. In such cases, the Warden may authorize special visiting procedures to preclude such a threat.

Refer to the Program Statement **Inmate Discipline Program** for information regarding loss of visiting privileges resulting from disciplinary action.

14. PROCEDURES

§540.51 Procedures.

a. *Responsibility.* The Warden of the institution shall establish and enforce local visiting guidelines in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Bureau of Prisons.

Ordinarily, the Captain is responsible for the visiting room's appearance/operation and the training of visiting room officers.

b. *Preparation of the List of Visitors.*

(1) Staff shall ask each inmate to submit during the admission-orientation process a list of proposed visitors. After appropriate investigation, staff shall compile a visiting list for each inmate and distribute that list to the inmate and the visiting room officer.

An inmate will be provided written material on the institution's visiting procedures during the intake screening process. At a minimum, the information will include the following:

- Facility address/phone number, directions to the facility, and information about local transportation.
- Days and hours of visitation.
- Approved dress code.
- Identification requirements for visitors.
- Items authorized in the visiting room.
- All authorized items entering the visiting room must be carried in a clear plastic container.
- Special rules for children.
- Authorized items that visitors may bring to give to the inmate, if applicable.
- Special visit requirements.

The initial visiting list is prepared and distributed as soon as practicable after receiving the required information to process the visiting list. This list identifies immediate family members approved to visit the inmate. Additional family members and friends may be added following the completion of an appropriate investigation.

Visiting privileges for a minister of record must be submitted directly to the Chaplaincy Services Department for review and approval/denial.

Whenever a person is deleted from or added to an inmate's visitor list, staff update the list as soon as possible to reflect the change. A copy of the most current approved visiting list will be placed in section 3 of the Inmate Central File.

Likewise, if an inmate elects not to have any visitors, he/she will be asked to sign a visiting list indicating no visitors are requested. This form is filed in section 3 of the Inmate Central File.

(2) Staff may request background information from potential visitors who are not members of the inmate's immediate family, before placing them on the inmate's approved visiting list. When little or no information is available on the inmate's potential visitor, visiting may be denied, pending receipt and review of necessary information, including information which is available about the inmate and/or the inmate's offense, including alleged offenses.

The Visitor Information form (BP-A0629) is used to request background information and obtain the visitor's consent to release information. This form will be filed in section 2 of the Privacy Folder in the Inmate Central File.

Regardless of the institution's security level, staff should obtain background information on potential visitors, to include Minister of Record. This is required in the Medium, High, and Administrative institutions due to their greater security needs. The Warden or designee may make an exception to this procedure when warranted.

Staff in institutions housing pretrial offenders are strongly encouraged to complete a background check (NCIC) on potential visitors due to limited information received on these individuals. Background checks may also be completed on immediate family members.

If the background information reveals that visitation privileges for the individual would present security concerns or disrupt the orderly running of the institution, the Warden may deny visiting privileges. Documentation reflecting this decision should be maintained in section 2 of the Privacy Folder in the Inmate Central File.

Refer to the Program Statement **Pretrial Inmates** for additional information on visiting procedures for pretrial inmates.

(3) If a background investigation is necessary before approving a visitor, the inmate shall be held responsible for mailing a release authorization to the proposed visitor. That form must be signed and returned to staff by the proposed visitor prior to any further action regarding visiting. Upon receipt of the

authorization form, staff may then forward a questionnaire, along with the release authorization, to the appropriate law enforcement or crime information agency.

The inmate is to mail the BP-A0629 to his/her proposed visitor(s). The proposed visitor must complete this form and mail it directly to the unit staff member responsible for processing the inmate's visiting list. Staff should advise the inmate to provide his/her proposed visitor with the staff member's name and address.

If necessary, staff will either send the Request for Conviction Information form (BP-A0311) to the appropriate law enforcement agency to gather additional background information or complete a background check using the National Crime Information Center (NCIC).

Visitor Information forms, Request for Conviction Information forms, and NCIC background information will be maintained in section 2 of the Privacy Folder of the Inmate Central File.

Ordinarily, when an inmate transfers from one institution to another, staff need not reapprove the visitors already contained on the inmate's visiting list. However, staff should review the visiting list to ensure the approved visitors are still appropriate. When possible, the unit team should be consulted prior to approval of a visitor not on the inmate's approved visiting list.

(4) Staff shall notify the inmate of each approval or disapproval of a requested person for the visiting list. Upon approval of each visitor, staff shall provide the inmate with a copy of the visiting guidelines and with directions for transportation to and from the institution. The inmate is responsible for notifying the visitor of the approval or disapproval to visit and is expected to provide the approved visitor with a copy of the visiting guidelines and directions for transportation to and from the institution. The visiting guidelines shall include specific directions for reaching the institution and shall cite 18 U.S.C. 1791, which provides a penalty of imprisonment for not more than twenty years, a fine, or both for providing or attempting to provide to an inmate anything whatsoever without the knowledge and consent of the Warden.

Refer to the Program Statement **Searching, Detaining, or Arresting Visitors to Bureau Grounds and Facilities** for information regarding contraband warning signs.

(5) An inmate's visiting list may be amended at any time in accordance with the procedures of this section.

c. *Verification of Special Visitor Credentials.* Staff must verify the qualifications of special visitors. Staff may request background information and official assignment documentation from the potential visitor for this purpose.

d. *Identification of Visitors.* Staff shall verify the identity of each visitor (through driver's license, photo identification, etc.) prior to admission of the visitor to the institution.

Photo Identification must be a valid state or government-issued photo identification.

Visitors under the age of 16 who are accompanied by a parent or legal guardian are exempt from this provision.

e. *Notification to Visitors.* Staff shall make available to all visitors written guidelines for visiting the institution. Staff shall have the visitor sign a statement acknowledging that the guidelines were provided and declaring that the visitor does not have any article in his/her possession which the visitor knows to be a threat to the security of the institution. Staff may deny the visiting privilege to a visitor who refuses to make such a declaration.

Visiting room staff are to make the institution's written guidelines for visiting available to visitors. The Notification to Visitor form (BP-A0224) may be retrieved via the Sallyport Policy/Forms page.

f. *Searching Visitors.* Staff may require a visitor to submit to a personal search, including a search of any items of personal property, as a condition of allowing or continuing a visit.

Refer to the Program Statement **Searching, Detaining, or Arresting Visitors to Bureau Grounds and Facilities** for additional instructions on this subject.

g. *Record of Visitors.* The Warden shall maintain a record of visitors to each inmate. The visitor's signature may be required on that record and shall be required on at least one visiting log or record maintained by the institution.

h. *Supervision of Visits.* Staff shall supervise each inmate visit to prevent the passage of contraband and to ensure the security and good order of the institution. The Warden may establish procedures to enable monitoring of the visiting area, including restrooms located within the visiting area. The Warden must provide notice to both visitors and inmates of the potential for monitoring

the visiting area. The Warden may monitor a visitor restroom within the visiting area when there is reasonable suspicion that a visitor and/or an inmate is engaged, or attempting or about to engage, in criminal behavior or other prohibited behavior.

Visitor restrooms may be monitored physically only with the Warden's written approval, and only after it is determined that there is a reasonable suspicion that the visitor or inmate is engaged, or attempting to engage, in a criminal activity or other prohibited behavior.

Physical monitoring should be conducted by a person of the same sex as the visitor using the restroom. Other restrooms may be inspected and monitored as needed for security purposes.

Refer to the Program Statement **Searching, Detaining, or Arresting Visitors to Bureau Grounds and Facilities** for further information regarding "reasonable suspicion."

(1) The visiting room officer shall ensure that all visits are conducted in a quiet, orderly, and dignified manner. The visiting room officer may terminate visits that are not conducted in the appropriate manner. See 28 CFR §541.12, item 5, for description of an inmate's responsibility during visits.

§541.12 refers to the Program Statement **Inmate Discipline Program**. When terminating a visit, visiting room officers should consult with the Lieutenant or Institution Duty Officer.

(2) Staff shall permit limited physical contact, such as handshaking, embracing, and kissing, between an inmate and a visitor, unless there is clear and convincing evidence that such contact would jeopardize the safety or security of the institution. Where contact visiting is provided, handshaking, embracing, and kissing are ordinarily permitted within the bounds of good taste and only at the beginning and at the end of the visit. The staff may limit physical contact to minimize opportunity for the introduction of contraband and to maintain the orderly operation of the visiting area.

An inmate who has been approved for, and is awaiting placement in the ADX-Florence Control Unit, may be limited to non-contact visits.

(3) The visiting room officer may not accept articles or gifts of any kind for an inmate, except packages which have had prior approval by the Warden or a designated staff member.

All authorized items entering the visiting room must be carried in a clear plastic container/bag.

An inmate's visitor **may not** leave money with any staff member for deposit in the inmate's commissary account. Refer to the Program Statement **Trust Fund/Deposit Fund Manual** for additional information on accepting packages.

(4) The visiting room officer shall be aware of any articles passed between the inmate and the visitor. If there is any reasonable basis to believe that any item is being passed which constitutes contraband or is otherwise in violation of the law or Bureau regulations, the visiting room officer may examine the item.

An Associate Warden, the Institution Duty Officer, or the Captain will be notified in such cases.

15. PENALTY FOR VIOLATION OF VISITING REGULATIONS

§540.52 Penalty for violation of visiting regulations.

Any act or effort to violate the visiting guidelines of an institution may result in disciplinary action against the inmate, which may include the denial of future visits, possibly over an extended period of time. Moreover, criminal prosecution may be initiated against the visitor, the inmate, or both, in the case of criminal violations.

In an effort to eliminate the introduction of drugs and drug paraphernalia into Bureau institutions, the Bureau will seek criminal prosecution against visitors who participate in contraband violations. Additionally, as a disincentive for inmates found guilty of these violations, the Discipline Hearing Officer (DHO) or Unit Discipline Committee (UDC) may impose the loss of visiting privileges as a sanction.

Refer to the Program Statement **Inmate Discipline Program** for information regarding loss of visiting privileges resulting from disciplinary action.

16. WALSH ACT REQUIREMENTS

The Unit Team will evaluate all inmates on their caseload and all incoming inmates to determine if they have an inmate who has been convicted of a sex offense involving a minor (WA CONV).

Any inmate fitting this criterion will have the following annotation placed in the visiting program under the comments section: "this inmate was convicted of a sex offense involving a minor."

Any inmate identified as having a Walsh Act assignment involving a minor will have his/her visits closely monitored. Specific procedures will be determined locally by the Warden.

17. VISITING REGULATIONS REGARDING PETS

Visitors are precluded from bringing animals on to institutional grounds, except for animals that assist persons with disabilities. The visitor must provide staff with certification that the animal is trained for that purpose.

18. AGENCY ACA ACCREDITATION PROVISIONS

- American Correctional Association 4th Edition Standards for Adult Correctional Institutions: 4-4156, 4-4267, 4-4285, 4-4498, 4-4499, 4-4499-1, 4-4500, 4-4501, 4-4503, and 4-4504.
- American Correctional Association 4th Edition Performance- Based Standards for Adult Local Detention Facilities: 4-ALDF-2A-61, 4-ALDF-5B-01, 4-ALDF-5B-02, 4-ALDF-5B-03, 4-ALDF-5B-04 and 4-ALDF-7E-05.

REFERENCES

Program Statements

P1280.11	JUST, NCIC, and NLETS Telecommunication Systems (Management and Use) (1/7/00)
P1315.07	Legal Activities, Inmate (11/5/99)
P1490.06	Victim and Witness Notification Program (5/23/02)
P4500.11	Trust Fund/Deposit Fund Manual (4/19/15)
P5100.08	Inmate Security Designation and Custody Classification (9/12/06)
P5180.06	Central Inmate Monitoring System Operations Manual (3/24/08)
P5270.09	Inmate Discipline Program (7/8/11)
P5270.10	Special Housing Units (7/29/11)
P5280.09	Inmate Furloughs (1/20/11)
P5360.09	Religious Beliefs and Practices (12/31/04)
P5500.11	Correctional Services Manual (10/10/03)
P5500.14	Correctional Services Procedures Manual (10/19/12)
P5510.15	Searching, Detaining, or Arresting Visitors to Bureau Grounds and Facilities (7/7/13)
P5520.02	Ion Spectrometry Device Program (4/1/15)
P5521.05	Searches of Housing Units, Inmates and Inmate Work Areas (6/30/97)
P7331.04	Pretrial Inmates (1/31/03)

BOP Forms

BP-A0224 Notification to Visitor
BP-A0311 Request for Conviction Information
BP-A0629 Visitor Information Form

Records Retention

Requirements and retention guidance for records and information applicable to this program are available in the Records and Information Disposition Schedule (RIDS) on Sallyport.