1. **PURPOSE AND SCOPE** §543.30. Pursuant to the Federal Tort Claims Act, a claim for money damages for personal injury or death and/or damage to or loss of property must be filed against the United States by the injured party with the appropriate Federal agency for administrative action. General provisions for processing administrative claims under the Federal Tort Claims Act are contained in 28 CFR part 14. The provisions in this subpart describe the procedures to follow when filing an administrative tort claim with the Bureau of Prisons.

Under the Federal Tort Claims Act (FTCA), the government may be liable for the negligent or wrongful acts or omissions of its employees while acting within the scope of their employment.

Inmate work-related claims are not compensable under the FTCA’s provisions. Such claims should be processed under the Inmate Accident Compensation Act, 28 CFR 301.301 - 301.317.

Most federal employee work-related claims are also not paid under the FTCA’s provisions. Work-related personal injury or death claims are processed under the Federal Employees’ Compensation Act (FECA), 5 U.S.C. §§ 8101 - 8193. Work-related personal property claims are processed under the Military and Civilian Employees Claims Act (CECA), 31 U.S.C. § 3721, or under the Bureau of Prisons Claims Act (BOPCA), 31 U.S.C. § 3722, unless the claim involves government negligence.

2. **SUMMARY OF CHANGES.** This Program Statement is revised to increase the settlement amounts for the Regional Counsels and the General Counsel.

[Bracketed Bold] - Rules
Regular Type - Implementing Information
3. **PROGRAM OBJECTIVE.** The expected result of this program is:

Appropriate compensation will be made under the Federal Tort Claims Act if individuals suffer proven monetary loss, personal injury, or wrongful death caused by an employee’s negligent or wrongful act or omission, while the employee is acting within the scope of his or her employment.

4. **DIRECTIVES AFFECTED**

   a. **Directive Rescinded**
      
      PS 1320.05 Federal Tort Claims Act (6/28/00)

   b. **Directives Referenced**
      
      28 U.S.C. § 1346(b) United States as Defendant
      28 U.S.C. §§ 2671-2680, Tort Claims Procedure
      28 U.S.C. § 2401(b) Statutory Time Period
      
      DOJ Order 2110.23C Filing and Settlement of Claims of Civilian Personnel for Damages to or Loss of Personal Property Incident to Service (12/13/91)

   c. **Rules Referenced**
      
      28 CFR 0.96 & 0.97, Delegation and Redelegation of authority
      28 CFR 0.172, Authority: Federal tort claims
      28 CFR 14.1 through 14.11, Administrative Claims under FTCA
      28 CFR 543.30 through 543.32, Claims under the FTCA

5. **STANDARDS REFERENCED**

   a. American Correctional Association 3rd Edition Standards for Adult Correctional Institutions: 3-4041, 3-4190, and 3-4393

   b. American Correctional Association 3rd Edition Standards for Adult Local Detention Facilities: 3-ALDF-1B-15, 3-ALDF-3A-24, and 3-ALDF-4G-07

6. **DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY.** The General Counsel and Regional Counsel are delegated authority (28 CFR 0.97) to consider, adjust, determine, compromise, settle, and pay federal tort claims if the amount of a proposed adjustment, compromise, settlement, or award does not exceed the amount specified in 28 CFR 0.172.
7. [FILING A CLAIM  §543.31

a. Who may file a claim? You may file a claim if you are the injured person or the owner of the damaged or lost property. A person acting on your behalf as an agent, executor, administrator, parent, guardian, or other representative may file a claim for you if the person provides a written statement signed by you giving that person permission to act for you. A representative may also file a claim for wrongful death. If you hire a lawyer or authorize a representative to act on your behalf, the agency will correspond only with that representative, and will not continue to correspond with you.]

A claim may be filed by an inmate or a non-inmate (e.g., staff member, visitor, or private citizen). You must file a claim within two years after your claim accrues. Should a settlement offer be made, the voucher will contain both your name and the name of your representative, if applicable.

Regional Counsel staff will track all claims that are filed properly within their regions.

Claims will not be closed until they are either settled, denied, rejected, or transferred to another agency pursuant to 28 CFR 14.2.

[b. Where do I obtain a form for filing a claim? You may obtain a form from staff in the Central Office, Regional Offices, Bureau institutions, or staff training centers.]  

Staff will provide a Claim for Damage, Injury, or Death and Instructions form (SF-95), which is available on BOPDOCS.

A claim may also be filed without an SF-95 if the claimant provides all necessary information, including:

- date of incident,
- place where the incident occurred,
- explanation of events,
- witnesses,
- description of injury or property loss,
- sum certain claimed,
- date of claim, and
- claimant’s signature.

Inmates should obtain forms from staff at the institution where they are incarcerated.
[c. Where do I file the claim? You may either mail or deliver the claim to the regional office in the region where the claim occurred. If the loss or injury occurred in a specific regional office or within the geographical boundaries of the region, you may either mail or deliver the claim to that regional office. If the loss or injury occurred in the Central Office, you may either mail or deliver the claim to the Office of General Counsel, Central Office. If the loss or injury occurred in one of the training centers, you may either mail or deliver the claim to the Associate General Counsel, Federal Law Enforcement Training Center. 28 CFR part 503 lists Bureau institutions by region and also contains the addresses of the Central Office, regional offices and training centers.]

Institution staff will not accept claims submitted at the institution.

Claims submitted to the wrong location will be transferred to the appropriate Bureau Office.

If a claim is submitted to the Bureau in error, staff will forward it to the proper agency (the term “agency” includes executive departments, judicial and legislative branches, military departments, and independent establishments of the United States) or return it to the claimant if the agency cannot be identified.

Claims that are transferred to another agency will not be accepted or denied by the Bureau of Prisons.

8. [PROCESSING THE CLAIM § 543.32.

a. Will I receive an acknowledgment letter? Yes. If you have provided all necessary information to process your claim (such as time, date, and place where the incident occurred, and a specific sum of money you are requesting as damages), you will receive an acknowledgment letter indicating the filing date and a claim number. The filing date is the date your claim was first received by either the Department of Justice or an office of the Bureau of Prisons. You should refer to your claim number in all further correspondence with the agency. Additionally, you must inform the agency of any changes in your address. If you fail to provide all necessary information, your claim will be rejected and returned to you requesting supplemental information.]
An inmate must inform the Bureau office processing his or her claim when he or she is transferred to another institution or released from custody.

Regional Counsel and Office of General Counsel staff will date stamp all claims on the date they are received, whether the claims are received in the proper office.

A claim that is transferred to another Bureau office will be considered filed with that office when the claim was received by the first appropriate agency office.

**Example:** If a claim is received by the Department of Energy on October 12, then transferred to the Department of Justice on October 19, then transferred to the Central Office, Bureau of Prisons, on October 24, then transferred to a Regional Office on November 1, the proper date the claim is received would be October 19.

**b. Will I be notified if my claim is transferred?** Yes. If your claim is improperly filed, you will be notified by the responsible office that your claim was transferred to another regional office, the Central Office, a training center, or another agency.

**c. Will an investigation be conducted?** Yes. The regional office ordinarily refers the claim to the appropriate institution or office for investigation. You may also be required to provide additional information during the investigation. Your failure to respond within a reasonable time may result in the rejection or denial of the claim.

(1) **Institution Investigation.** The Warden at the institution will designate staff to investigate and prepare a report on the claim.

The report, with the Warden's recommendation(s), is then forwarded to the appropriate Regional Counsel. The Regional Counsel's Office will track all outstanding claims until settled or denied.

Each institution will develop an Institution Supplement detailing procedures for such investigations.
• The Safety Department should conduct a timely investigation of motor vehicle accidents. This investigation should include documenting the condition of the site at the time of the accident and taking photographs that depict the damage accurately.

(2) **Investigation Report.** The report will include:

- the SF-95 or other appropriate written form of notification;
- background materials (statements of witnesses, photographs, medical case descriptions), as necessary;
- relevant administrative remedy requests; and
- the CEO’s (Warden or Assistant Director) conclusions and recommendations.

A sufficient number of detailed photographs must be taken to provide the reviewing offices with a clear idea of the type and extent of damage, especially in the case of motor vehicle damage.

(3) **Central Office Claims.** Central Office staff will investigate claims filed properly in the Central Office.

A report, with the Assistant Director’s recommendation(s), is then forwarded to the Office of General Counsel. The Office of General Counsel will track all outstanding claims in the Central Office until a claim is settled or denied.

(4) **Medical Malpractice Claims.** Institution health services staff should review claims alleging medical malpractice or improper medical care. After this review, a clear case description must be provided, including a history of all relevant medical treatment, medications, and services rendered to the claimant. A case description should also include any relevant medical justifications for the treatment rendered.

(5) **WITSEC Claims.** Claims filed by inmates in the Witness Security Program (WITSEC) must be handled in the same manner as other claims except all correspondence and the resulting investigation must be sent through the Inmate Monitoring Branch, Correctional Programs Division.

[d. **Who will decide my administrative claim?** The Regional Counsel or his or her designee reviews the investigation and the supporting evidence and renders a decision of all claims properly filed in the regional office and within regional settlement authority. The Regional Counsel has limited settlement authority (up to an amount established by the Director, Bureau of Prisons).}
After considering the merits of the claim, the Regional Counsel may deny or propose a settlement of the claim. The General Counsel will investigate and propose settlement for all claims properly filed in the Central Office in accordance with delegated settlement authority. If the proposed settlement exceeds the General Counsel’s authority, the General Counsel will seek approval from the appropriate Department of Justice officers.

e. Will my claim be reviewed by or referred to the Central Office? If the Regional Counsel recommends a proposed settlement in excess of the settlement authority, the claim will be forwarded, with a recommendation, to the Office of General Counsel, Central Office for their review.

f. Will appreciation or depreciation be considered? Yes. Staff will consider appreciation or depreciation of lost or damaged property in settling a claim.

Depreciation guidelines and Table of Rates of Depreciation are provided in DOJ Order 2110.23C (available on BOPDOCS).

[g. If my claim is denied or I am dissatisfied with a settlement offer, what are my options? If your claim is denied or you are dissatisfied with a settlement offer, you may request, in writing, that the Bureau of Prisons reconsider your claim in the administrative stage. You should include additional evidence of injury or loss to support your request for reconsideration. If you are dissatisfied with the final agency action, you may file suit in an appropriate U.S. District Court as no further administrative action is available.]

If the Regional Counsel reviews a claim and determines that a settlement is in the best interest of the government, a settlement offer may be made to the claimant.

The Regional Counsel have settlement authority up to $50,000, except for claims alleging medical malpractice. All medical malpractice settlements should be forwarded to the General Counsel for approval. If a settlement agreement will likely exceed $50,000, or the claim involves allegations of medical malpractice, Regional Counsel must request settlement authority from the General Counsel before negotiating a settlement amount.

The General Counsel has settlement authority up to $50,000. If a proposed settlement agreement is more than $50,000, the agreement must be approved by the General Counsel and the Torts Branch, Civil Division, Department of Justice.
Regional Counsel are to provide the Office of General Counsel with the complete investigation report and copies of all supporting materials (as described in implementing text above), all information on the merits of the claim, and a recommendation for the claim's disposition. If the recommended settlement agreement exceeds $50,000, the proposed settlement agreement will be forwarded, with information on the claim's merits to the Torts Branch, Civil Division, Department of Justice for final approval.

Settlement of claims over $2,500 will be forwarded to the Judgment Fund Section, Financial Management Service, Department of Treasury for payment.

Payment of claims for $2,500 or less will be paid from institution funds of the institution where the claim arose.

[h. What if I accept a settlement of my claim? If you accept a settlement, you give up your right to bring a lawsuit against the United States or against any employee of the government whose action or lack of action gave rise to your claim.

i. How long will it take to get a response? Generally, you will receive a decision regarding your claim within six months of when you properly file the claim. If you have not received a letter either proposing a settlement or denying your claim within six months after the date your claim was filed, you may assume your claim is denied. You may proceed to file a lawsuit in the appropriate U.S. District Court.]

9. INSTITUTION SUPPLEMENT. Each institution will develop an Institution Supplement detailing procedures for conducting investigations under Section 8.c.

/s/
Harley G. Lappin
Director