Disclaimer: This report, as required per 28 CFR §115.403, details the findings of an audit that was conducted by an outside contractor to determine the Federal Bureau of Prisons' (BOP) compliance with the Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA). As the work product of independent auditors subcontracted by PREA Auditors of America (PAOA), the BOP is not responsible for grammatical or typographical errors. Additionally, any questions or comments regarding the discrepancies or inaccuracies found within this report should be directed to PAOA at (713) 818-9098, or to the subcontracted independent auditor (name and email address can be found on page one of the report), for explanation and resolution.
## Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) Audit Report
### Adult Prisons & Jails

- **Box Check:** Final
- **Date of Interim Audit Report:** 11/6/2021
- **Date of Final Audit Report:** 3/12/2022

### Auditor Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name: Kristin Winges-Yanez</th>
<th>Email: <a href="mailto:kristin@preauditing.com">kristin@preauditing.com</a></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Company Name: PREA Auditors of America</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mailing Address: PO Box 1071</td>
<td>City, State, Zip: Cypress TX 77410</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone: 713-818-9098</td>
<td>Date of Facility Visit: September 21-23, 2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Agency Information

| Name of Agency: Federal Bureau of Prisons |
| Governing Authority or Parent Agency (If Applicable): US Department of Justice |
| Physical Address: 320 First St. NW | City, State, Zip: Washington DC 20534 |
| Mailing Address: 320 First St. NW | City, State, Zip: Washington DC 20534 |
| The Agency Is: | |
| ☐ Military | ☐ Private for Profit |
| ☒ Federal | ☐ Private not for Profit |
| ☐ Municipal | ☐ County |
| ☐ State |
| Agency Website with PREA Information: http://www.bop.gov/inmates/custody_and_care/sexual_abuse_prevention.jsp |

### Agency Chief Executive Officer

| Name: M.D. Carvajal, Director |
| Email: BOP-RSD-PREACoordinator@bop.gov | Telephone: 202-616-2112 |

### Agency-Wide PREA Coordinator

| Name: Jill Roth |
| Email: BOP-RSD-PREACoordinator@bop.gov | Telephone: 202-616-2112 |

| PREA Coordinator Reports to: | Number of Compliance Managers who report to the PREA Coordinator: 0 |
| Sonya D. Thompson, Assistant Director, Reentry Services Division | |

## Facility Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Facility:</th>
<th>Federal Correctional Institution (FCI) Dublin</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical Address:</td>
<td>5701 8th Street – Camp Springs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mailing Address (if different from above):</td>
<td>Same as above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Facility Is:</td>
<td>☐ Military ☐ Private for Profit ☐ Private not for Profit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Municipal ☐ County ☐ State ☒ Federal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facility Type:</td>
<td>☒ Prison ☐ Jail</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facility Website with PREA Information:</td>
<td><a href="http://www.bop.gov/inmates/custody_and_care/sexual_abuse_prevention.jsp">www.bop.gov/inmates/custody_and_care/sexual_abuse_prevention.jsp</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Has the facility been accredited within the past 3 years?</td>
<td>☒ Yes ☐ No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If the facility has been accredited within the past 3 years, select the accrediting organization(s) – select all that apply (N/A if the facility has not been accredited within the past 3 years):</td>
<td>☒ ACA ☐ NCCHC ☐ CALEA ☒ Other (please name or describe: AAAHC) ☐ N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If the facility has completed any internal or external audits other than those that resulted in accreditation, please describe:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Warden/Jail Administrator/Sheriff/Director

| Name: | Thahesha Jusino  (Acting Warden at time of on-site audit: LaConya Williams) |
| Email: | DUB-PREAComplianceMgr-S@bop.gov | Telephone: 925-833-7500 |

### Facility PREA Compliance Manager

| Name: | LaConya Williams, Associate Warden |
| Email: | DUB-PREAComplianceMgr-S@bop.gov | Telephone: 925-833-7500 |

### Facility Health Service Administrator  ☐ N/A

| Name: | LCDR Charles Park |
| Email: | DUB-PREAComplianceMgr-S@bop.gov | Telephone: 925-833-7500 |
### Facility Characteristics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Designated Facility Capacity:</strong></td>
<td>784 (590 FCI; 194 Camp)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current Population of Facility:</strong></td>
<td>752 (578 FCI; 174 Camp) on 9/21/21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Average daily population for the past 12 months:</strong></td>
<td>1166</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Has the facility been over capacity at any point in the past 12 months?</td>
<td>☒ Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Which population(s) does the facility hold?</strong></td>
<td>☒ Females</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Age range of population:</strong></td>
<td>19-78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Average length of stay or time under supervision:</strong></td>
<td>60 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Facility security levels/inmate custody levels:</strong></td>
<td>Minimum/Low Security; In/Out/Community Custody</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Number of inmates admitted to facility during the past 12 months:</strong></td>
<td>924</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Number of inmates admitted to facility during the past 12 months whose length of stay in the facility was for 72 hours or more:</strong></td>
<td>924</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Number of inmates admitted to facility during the past 12 months whose length of stay in the facility was for 30 days or more:</strong></td>
<td>923</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Does the facility hold youthful inmates?</strong></td>
<td>☒ No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Number of youthful inmates held in the facility during the past 12 months: (N/A if the facility never holds youthful inmates)</strong></td>
<td>☒ N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Does the audited facility hold inmates for one or more other agencies (e.g. a State correctional agency, U.S. Marshals Service, Bureau of Prisons, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement)?</strong></td>
<td>☒ N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Select all other agencies for which the audited facility holds inmates: Select all that apply (N/A if the audited facility does not hold inmates for any other agency or agencies):</strong></td>
<td>☒ N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Number of staff currently employed by the facility who may have contact with inmates:</strong></td>
<td>221</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Number of staff hired by the facility during the past 12 months who may have contact with inmates:</strong></td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Number of contracts in the past 12 months for services with contractors who may have contact with inmates: 23
Number of individual contractors who have contact with inmates, currently authorized to enter the facility: 23
Number of volunteers who have contact with inmates, currently authorized to enter the facility: 120

### Physical Plant

**Number of buildings:**

Auditors should count all buildings that are part of the facility, whether inmates are formally allowed to enter them or not. In situations where temporary structures have been erected (e.g., tents) the auditor should use their discretion to determine whether to include the structure in the overall count of buildings. As a general rule, if a temporary structure is regularly or routinely used to hold or house inmates, or if the temporary structure is used to house or support operational functions for more than a short period of time (e.g., an emergency situation), it should be included in the overall count of buildings. 25

**Number of inmate housing units:**

Enter 0 if the facility does not have discrete housing units. DOJ PREA Working Group FAQ on the definition of a housing unit: How is a “housing unit” defined for the purposes of the PREA Standards? The question has been raised in particular as it relates to facilities that have adjacent or interconnected units. The most common concept of a housing unit is architectural. The generally agreed-upon definition is a space that is enclosed by physical barriers accessed through one or more doors of various types, including commercial-grade swing doors, steel sliding doors, interlocking sally port doors, etc. In addition to the primary entrance and exit, additional doors are often included to meet life safety codes. The unit contains sleeping space, sanitary facilities (including toilets, lavatories, and showers), and a dayroom or leisure space in differing configurations. Many facilities are designed with modules or pods clustered around a control room. This multiple-pod design provides the facility with certain staff efficiencies and economies of scale. At the same time, the design affords the flexibility to separately house inmates of differing security levels, or who are grouped by some other operational or service scheme. Generally, the control room is enclosed by security glass, and in some cases, this allows inmates to see into neighboring pods. However, observation from one unit to another is usually limited by angled site lines. In some cases, the facility has prevented this entirely by installing one-way glass. Both the architectural design and functional use of these multiple pods indicate that they are managed as distinct housing units.

8

**Number of single cell housing units:** 0

**Number of multiple occupancy cell housing units:** 8

**Number of open bay/dorm housing units:** 0

**Number of segregation cells (for example, administrative, disciplinary, protective custody, etc.):** 16

In housing units, does the facility maintain sight and sound separation between youthful inmates and adult inmates? (N/A if the facility never holds youthful inmates) ☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ N/A

Does the facility have a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology (e.g., cameras, etc.)? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Has the facility installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology in the past 12 months? ☐ Yes ☒ No
### Medical and Mental Health Services and Forensic Medical Exams

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Are medical services provided on-site?</td>
<td>☒</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Are mental health services provided on-site?</td>
<td>☒</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Where are sexual assault forensic medical exams provided?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Select all that apply.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- On-site</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Local hospital/clinic</td>
<td>☒</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Rape Crisis Center</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Other (please name or describe:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Investigations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Criminal Investigations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Number of investigators employed by the agency and/or facility who are responsible for conducting CRIMINAL investigations into allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment:</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- When the facility received allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment (whether staff-on-inmate or inmate-on-inmate), CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS are conducted by: Select all that apply.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Facility investigators</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Agency investigators</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- An external investigative entity</td>
<td>☒</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Select all external entities responsible for CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS: Select all that apply (N/A if no external entities are responsible for criminal investigations)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Local police department</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Local sheriff's department</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- State police</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- A U.S. Department of Justice component</td>
<td>☒</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Other (please name or describe: Click or tap here to enter text.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- N/A</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Administrative Investigations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Number of investigators employed by the agency and/or facility who are responsible for conducting ADMINISTRATIVE investigations into allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment?</td>
<td>253</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- When the facility receives allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment (whether staff-on-inmate or inmate-on-inmate), ADMINISTRATIVE INVESTIGATIONS are conducted by: Select all that apply</td>
<td>☒</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Facility investigators</td>
<td>☒</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Agency investigators</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Select all external entities responsible for ADMINISTRATIVE INVESTIGATIONS: Select all that apply (N/A if no external entities are responsible for administrative investigations)</td>
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<tr>
<td>- A U.S. Department of Justice component</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Other (please name or describe: Click or tap here to enter text.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- N/A</td>
<td>☒</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Audit Findings

Audit Narrative (including Audit Methodology)

The auditor’s description of the audit methodology should include a detailed description of the following processes during the pre-on-site audit, on-site audit, and post-audit phases: documents and files reviewed, discussions and types of interviews conducted, number of days spent on-site, observations made during the site-review, and a detailed description of any follow-up work conducted during the post-audit phase. The narrative should describe the techniques the auditor used to sample documentation and select interviewees, and the auditor’s process for the site review.

Federal Correctional Institution (FCI) Dublin and the adjacent Camp are located in the city of Dublin, Alameda County, CA. The facility is in the Bureau of Prisons' Western Region. The facility last underwent a PREA audit in May 2017. This audit was originally scheduled for 2020, but due to the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, it was postponed until 2021. The on-site portion was scheduled for June 2021, but was rescheduled to September 21-23, 2021 and it was completed at that time. The timing of this audit meets the requirements under PREA Standard 115.401(a). This audit was completed by the PREA Auditors of America (PAOA) certified auditor Kristin Winges-Yanez.

Pre-On-site Audit Phase
The agency has an internal audit preparation process that includes centralized organization and an assigned management analyst to coordinate logistics. The analyst was assigned as the auditor’s primary point of contact. Because the agency and facility were experienced with the audit process and timelines, communication was handled via email. The agency used the paper audit process. The auditor requested that facility lists for interview selections and document sampling as well as a map/floorplan of the facility be available upon arrival for the on-site portion.

The PREA Compliance Manager (PCM) completed the Pre-Audit Questionnaire (PAQ) on 4/15/21 and provided updated information during the on-site portion. The agency and facility provided documents electronically to PAOA. PAOA staff organized the documents in a Google drive, and the auditor gained access to the documents on 5/11/21; updated documents were uploaded in July 2021. The facility provided policy documents, training slides, explanatory memoranda, redacted inmate file documents, inmate brochures and posters, sample/blank investigation and incident review forms, and facility leadership meeting minutes. The electronic records did not contain personally identifying information of inmates; investigation documents and unredacted medical, psychiatric, and screening documents were withheld to view on-site. The auditor reviewed the documents and created a draft report template that organized the information received.

The facility originally posted audit notices on 3/12/2021 and submitted photographs of the notices in the Camp, the unit housing inmates quarantined for COVID-19 precautions, the front lobby, the Special Housing Unit, and the Visiting Room. Notices were timely updated when the on-site dates changed, and the auditor saw those notices as well as identical notices posted in every housing unit, by the phones, in programming and recreation areas, and on other available billboards around the institution while on-site. The notices are posted in English and Spanish, are labeled with large, NOTICE title, and contain bold typeface contact information for the auditor. The notices state clearly that correspondence and any disclosures during interviews are confidential and will not be broken except in limited circumstances as required by law. The facility appropriately posted notices more than six weeks in advance of the on-site portion. The auditor received two letters from inmates in advance of the on-site portion and scheduled the inmates for an interview during the on-site portion. The auditor received an additional letter from an inmate following the on-site portion.
The auditor contacted Just Detention International via email on 8/6/21. The organization confirmed that they had not received any reports from the facility in the previous 12 months. The auditor also confirmed forensic examination availability with the local hospital identified in the agency’s documents.

The auditor reviewed the facility’s website and downloaded and reviewed the previous audit report. From the agency’s website, she reviewed the annual PREA reports for the three prior years and the site information on the agency PREA program. The auditor also conducted an internet search for news stories regarding the institution and reviewed several newspaper/press stories from July 2021 related to sexual misconduct at the facility. The auditor continued to monitor press regarding the facility during all phases of the audit.

**On-site Audit Phase**

The auditor visited the facility in Dublin, CA from 9/21/21 to 9/23/21. Upon arrival, the BOP Management Analyst (via video conference), Acting Warden/Associate Warden of Programs (assigned as the PREA Compliance Manager), the Associate Warden of Operations, the Associate Wardens’ Secretary, and the Captain met for an entrance briefing. The facility presented binders with facility information, hard copies of documents produced electronically, additional documents, and full rosters of inmate housing units, targeted populations, staff, contractors, and volunteers. Following introductions and an overview of audit process, the auditor reviewed staff and inmate rosters for interview selection then began the site review.

**Site Visit**

Every area of the facility was examined, including every housing unit; SHU; food service; commissary; library and law library; recreation areas; programming; education; the chapel; psychology and medical clinic; counselor, supervisor, and administrative office areas; the UNICOR call center; and visiting. The auditor also viewed every area of the satellite camp, except she did not physically enter the COVID isolation housing. That area was viewed through the door and on camera. The auditor kept track of visited areas on a printed site plan, and she ensured she viewed every bathroom, utility room, and office. The auditor also visited several areas outside the fence including HR/employee development, the training center, the garage and warehouse, the recycling area, and other shop areas.

**Interviews**

**Staff Interviews**

Formal staff interviews were conducted in their work areas away from other staff and inmates, or in the administrative area conference room. No other parties were present during the conversations. Numerous informal interviews were conducted while touring the facility as well. Agency staff interviews were conducted virtually prior to the on-site portion (Agency Head, PREA Coordinator, Agency Contract Administrator).

Specialized staff were selected based on position as listed below—when multiple candidates existed, the auditor selected based on availability. The facility works with roughly 23 independent contractors, all in the medical field. The auditor selected a contractor who was at the facility to interview. The facility has 120 volunteers authorized to enter the facility, but due to COVID-19 protocol, only a small number of volunteers had entered in the audit period. No volunteers were at the facility during the on-site portion of the audit.
The facility employs 221 total staff members. Other staff were randomly selected to account for a variety of assignment and shift—the auditor reviewed the post/work assignment schedule and selected an interviewee from each work area. Every employee at the institution goes through security training and is considered a correctional worker and a first responder. Interviewees were both uniformed and non-uniformed and represented a diverse cross-section of duties.

Specialized Staff interviews completed:
- Agency Head
- Agency PREA Coordinator
- Warden
- PREA Compliance Manager
- Intermediate/Higher Level Facility Staff
- Agency Contract Administrator
- Intake Staff
- Classification Staff
- Contractor
- Staff responsible for screening for risk of abusiveness
- Staff who supervise inmates in segregated housing
- Incident review team staff
- Monitors of retaliation
- First responder
- Human resource staff
- Director of training (Employee Development Manager)
- Food service staff supervising inmates
- Medical staff
- Mental health staff
- Maintenance staff supervising inmates

Specialized Staff categories that were not applicable to this institution:
- Staff who supervise youthful inmates
- Education/Programming staff that work with youthful inmates
- Non-medical/Cross gender strip/visual body cavity searches

The following staff were interviewed:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Staff Title</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Agency Head</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agency PREA Coordinator</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acting Warden</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associate Warden of Programs/PREA Compliance Manager</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associate Warden of Operations</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agency Contract Administrator</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Human Resource Manager (facility)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Institution Duty Officer (unannounced rounds)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unit Manager</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inmate Systems Manager</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Inmate Interviews
The facility provided rosters of inmates in the facility upon arrival. The lists were organized by housing unit, and additional lists were provided with inmates in the categories required by the Auditor Handbook. The auditor randomly selected one inmate from each unit by taking the first name from page one, the second name from page two, etc. Additional inmates were selected randomly while on shift at their work assignments. This provided a sample of inmates from a variety of units, demographic groups, work assignments, and length of time at the institution. The selection covered every housing unit at both the camp and the FCI except quarantined inmates (COVID-19 protocol). Targeted population inmates were also selected randomly from the provided lists, and additional targeted population inmates were identified during interviews based on their responses. Because the facility does not house inmates with significant identified accessibility needs (D/deaf or hard of hearing; blind or low vision; physical accessibility needs; etc.), several targeted inmate populations were not applicable. No inmates were housed in segregated housing for High Risk of Sexual Victimization, which the auditor confirmed with SHU staff.

Most inmates were interviewed in a closed room in the visitation building with only the auditor and inmate present. Four inmates were assisted with interpretation with a staff member translator. Each inmate was informed that the staff member was required to keep any information discussed in the interview confidential. A small number of inmates were interviewed on the grounds of the facility. Inmates interviewed outside were spoken to away from other individuals including staff or inmates so others could not hear the conversation. Each individual consented to be interviewed in this manner and indicated that she felt comfortable talking with the auditor in the open.
Inmate interviews completed:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Targeted populations:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Randomly selected inmates</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inmates who are Limited English Proficient</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inmates with a Cognitive Disability</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inmates who identify as Gay or Bisexual</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inmates who identify as Transgender or Intersex</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inmates Who Reported Sexual Abuse</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inmates who Reported Sexual Victimization During Screening</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Inmate Interviews</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The auditor conducted numerous informal interviews of both staff and inmates during the audit site visit.

**Document Review**

In addition to the records reviewed in the pre-on-site portion, the auditor reviewed a large volume of records on-site. The facility reserved records with inmate identifying information for on-site viewing. These documents were provided by the Associate Warden’s office and viewed in the administrative conference room. The documents were kept locked in the room when the auditor was not present. For security reasons the auditor did not remove copies of these documents, but they will be retained by the facility through the next audit cycle.

The auditor viewed the inmate file of every inmate who was interviewed and confirmed screening and education documentation. The auditor viewed all intake and screening records for inmates admitted in the 12 months preceding the on-site portion. Specific data was taken from the intake and screening forms of inmates who were selected to be interviewed based on their report of sexual victimization during screening and inmates who identified as transgender or intersex. The auditor also viewed mental health records and emails documenting the findings of the psychologist and lieutenant who conducted screening and follow-up screening for these groups.

The auditor viewed the one complete investigative report from during the audit period. The report included the allegation, the investigation documents including evidence and witness statements, the findings, and communication between the facility and outside referrals. Documents related to ongoing investigations were also reviewed electronically with the SIS Lieutenant.

The auditor randomly selected one third of the interviewed staff members (every third name on the selection list), and the facility provided employee files and training records of the 2020 Annual Training which included segments on PREA and searches, and rosters of staff that completed specialized training for medical and mental health staff as well as investigative staff.

The on-site portion of the audit concluded in late morning on the third day. The auditor conducted a brief-out meeting with the Acting Warden/Associate Warden of Programs, the Associate Warden of Operations, the Associate Wardens’ Secretary, and the BOP Management Analyst (via videoconference), and discussed strengths, challenges, recommendations, and the report plan.
**Post-On-site Audit Phase**
On 10/4/21 the auditor met by phone with the Management Analyst and his supervisor to discuss additional document requests and outstanding concerns. The facility provided additional documents on 10/14/21.

The auditor submitted the interim report on 11/7/2021. The report identified corrective action necessary to ensure the facility was fully compliant with standard 115.67. The auditor monitored the corrective action items for a period of three months, and the facility submitted supplemental documents and information on 2/7/2022. The auditor evaluated the evidence and determined the facility had shown that it had adequately addressed the issues earlier noted.
Facility Characteristics

The auditor’s description of the audited facility should include details about the facility type, demographics and size of the inmate, resident or detainee population, numbers and type of staff positions, configuration and layout of the facility, numbers of housing units, description of housing units including any special housing units, a description of programs and services, including food service and recreation. The auditor should describe how these details are relevant to PREA implementation and compliance.

FCI Dublin and the associated Camp are located in Dublin, Alameda County, California. The facility is an all-female low security correctional institution with an adjacent minimum-security camp for female offenders.

The FCI is accessed via a Front Entrance and Control Center. The Administration Building follows, and it houses offices for the Warden, Associate Wardens, and the Business and Trust Fund Offices. Visitation is in a separate building to the right of Administration, and it contains a large open visiting area, children’s visiting area, separate/private search area, and bathrooms.

The Special Housing Unit (SHU) is also near the front of the facility, and it contains 16 cells in two wings with a central officer desk. Other buildings at the front house Health Services, which has a full medical clinic and pharmacy. The dental clinic is in a separate building, as is Religious Services. Education is located in another building, and it houses multiple classrooms and offices. Toward the left of the facility a large building houses Psychology, Safety, Food Service, Laundry, and Correctional Systems Management. The facility was running grab-and-go food service due to COVID precautions. Outdoor and indoor recreation areas had numerous activities available including exercise equipment, craft and hobby, and sporting facilities. In every area, staff offices have large windows pointing to hallways or windows in the doors; visibility was strong throughout both indoor and outdoor recreation facilities.

The general housing units are organized in three buildings with two wings each: A/B, C/D, and E/F. Each unit contains 117 multiple occupancy rooms. In each wing, cells are organized on two floors in an L shape, facing a central area day room. Staff offices are located in the day room area and centrally between each wing of the building. Correctional counselors, unit team staff, and custody staff are all present on the unit. Each cell contains a toilet and showers are individual, with full walls and a curtain. Each unit has phones and computers with access to the TRUINTEL communication system. The D unit houses inmates in the Residential Drug Abuse Program (RDAP).

The facility contains a UNICOR Call Center, with a large open area with individual desks arranged in rows. A back room area has another, smaller series of phone desks. Office space are organized to one side, and each office has large windows facing the rest of the building. The auditor observed dozens of inmates at work making calls and entering data into computers.

The Camp is located on the east side of the FCI. Because of COVID precautions, all inmates are processed through the Camp’s Systems Management area and housed in a quarantine unit at the camp before being transferred to the FCI or a different housing unit at the camp. The front of the camp building contains administration offices, an arts and crafts room, music room, chapel, Case Management, psychology, food service, health services, visiting, commissary, and receiving and discharge. The central area also has a library and law library. Two housing units, J1 and J2 have multiple occupancy cells on two floors with a central dayroom area. Phones, computers, and recreation equipment are available. Visiting is in a separate building, and the Camp has two outdoor recreation areas.

Warehouse, facilities and numerous shop areas are located outside the Camp and staffed by Camp inmates. The facility’s Human Resource, Employee Development, and Training Center are also located in an outbuilding on the site.
Summary of Audit Findings

The summary should include the number and list of standards exceeded, number of standards met, and number and list of standards not met.

**Auditor Note:** No standard should be found to be “Not Applicable” or “NA”. A compliance determination must be made for each standard.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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PREVENTION PLANNING

Standard 115.11: Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by The Auditor to Complete the Report

115.11 (a)

- Does the agency have a written policy mandating zero tolerance toward all forms of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Does the written policy outline the agency’s approach to preventing, detecting, and responding to sexual abuse and sexual harassment? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.11 (b)

- Has the agency employed or designated an agency-wide PREA Coordinator? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Is the PREA Coordinator position in the upper-level of the agency hierarchy? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Does the PREA Coordinator have sufficient time and authority to develop, implement, and oversee agency efforts to comply with the PREA standards in all of its facilities? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.11 (c)

- If this agency operates more than one facility, has each facility designated a PREA compliance manager? (N/A if agency operates only one facility.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
- Does the PREA compliance manager have sufficient time and authority to coordinate the facility’s efforts to comply with the PREA standards? (N/A if agency operates only one facility.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s
conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents:
1. Program Statement (PS) 5324.12
2. Institution Supplement DUB 5324.12B; Sexually Abusive Behavior Prevention and Intervention Program (dated 2/3/2020)
3. Reentry Services Division ORG Chart
4. BOP Memorandum of Understanding from Blake R. Davis re: National PREA Coordinator (3/11/13)

Interviews:
1. Agency contract administrator
2. PCM

Findings

115.11(a): The BOP Program Statement (PS) 5324.12 details the agency’s policy and implementation instructions for the Prison Rape Elimination Act standards. The document clearly states the agency has zero tolerance toward all forms of sexual abuse and sexual harassment. The institution supplement DUB 5324.12B implements the policy at the facility level. This policy outlines the agency’s efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse. Zero-tolerance policy signage was on view in every area of the facility.

The agency’s Personal Conduct rules for staff disallow any sexual activity or sexual behavior with an inmate and state that the employee may not allow another person to engage in such behavior. The rule explicitly states that “there is never any such thing as consensual sex between staff and inmates” and refers to Title 18, U.S.C. Chapter 109A providing penalties of up to life imprisonment for sexual abuse of inmates where force is used or threatened. Inmate Discipline Program rules (from 28 CFR §541.1 et. seq.) provide that sexual assault is a Greatest Severity Level Prohibited Act, and sexual harassment/threats/coercion is a High Severity Level Prohibited Act.

115.11(b): The agency has named a psychologist as the agency-wide PREA Coordinator who reports to the Assistant Director of the Reentry Services Division. This position is in the upper level of agency hierarchy as evidenced by the division organizational chart. The PREA Coordinator is a full-time position within the agency, and she states she has sufficient time to develop, implement, and oversee the agency’s PREA efforts. The PREA coordinator does not have a direct supervisory role over PREA compliance managers but serves in a supportive and organizational role that connects the facilities’ efforts. The PREA coordinator also described an agency-level internal audit process by which the agency reviews facility PREA compliance and works with Wardens and Compliance Managers should any noncompliance be identified.

115.11(c): The agency has designated the Associate Warden of Programs as PREA Compliance Manager (PCM), reporting to the Warden. At the time of the on-site portion of the audit, the Associate Wardens were alternating weeks serving as Acting Warden, as the former Warden was on administrative leave. During the corrective action period, the agency appointed a new Warden. The Associate Warden has other responsibilities but states that she has sufficient time and authority to
coordinate facility PREA efforts. Facility records including workforce meeting minutes and investigation documents demonstrate that the PCM is involved in all PREA-related matters and spends significant time on her role coordinating PREA compliance. The auditor discussed PREA priorities extensively with both Associate Wardens/Acting Wardens and after discussing the various duties each must do during this time at the facility, the auditor made recommendations about what tasks could be delegated and what should remain with the AW. Both Associate Wardens demonstrated a sincere dedication to PREA and a strong interest in improving the visibility and understanding of the facility’s efforts to eliminate sexual abuse and sexual harassment.

Standard 115.12: Contracting with other entities for the confinement of inmates

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.12 (a)

- If this agency is public and it contracts for the confinement of its inmates with private agencies or other entities including other government agencies, has the agency included the entity’s obligation to comply with the PREA standards in any new contract or contract renewal signed on or after August 20, 2012? (N/A if the agency does not contract with private agencies or other entities for the confinement of inmates.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

115.12 (b)

- Does any new contract or contract renewal signed on or after August 20, 2012 provide for agency contract monitoring to ensure that the contractor is complying with the PREA standards? (N/A if the agency does not contract with private agencies or other entities for the confinement of inmates.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

☒ Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

*The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.*
Evidence

Documents:
1. Contracts for confinement with CoreCivic, Management & Training Corporation, GEO Group, Inc
2. BOP memorandum re: PREA Contracts—Private Prisons (dated 7/12/13)
3. BOP memorandum re: RRC Contracts—PREA (dated 7/12/13)

Interviews:
1. Agency contract administrator
2. PCM

Findings

115.12(a): The agency contracts with facilities for the confinement of inmates, including privately run prison facilities and reentry facilities. By memorandum in 2013, the Acting Chief, Acquisitions Branch confirms that all such contracts contain the language: “The contractor shall develop policy and procedures for the establishment of a sexual abuse/assault program and comply with the Prison Rape Elimination Act of 2003 and the national standards to prevent, detect, and respond to prison rape as contained in 28 CFR Part 115, National Standards to Prevent, Detect, and Respond to Prison Rape; Final Rule, Dated June 20, 2012.” The auditor reviewed BOP contracts with several companies, and each one included language requiring PREA compliance. The facility does not independently contract with any entities for the confinement of inmates, confirmed with the PCM on-site.

115.12(b): The contracts and require the agency policies and procedures are reviewed by Bureau subject matter experts who ensure compliance. The contract administrator confirms that the contractor is required to notify the BOP of PREA allegations and forward copies of the allegation, investigation, and findings to BOP oversight staff, who review the documents and document in monitoring reports. Additionally, at least once a year the BOP’s quality Assurance Program conducts a review of each contractor’s PREA allegations to determine contract compliance.

Standard 115.13: Supervision and monitoring

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.13 (a)

- Does the facility have a documented staffing plan that provides for adequate levels of staffing and, where applicable, video monitoring, to protect inmates against sexual abuse? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Generally accepted detention and correctional practices? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any judicial findings of inadequacy? ☒ Yes ☐ No
• In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any findings of inadequacy from Federal investigative agencies? ☒ Yes ☐ No

• In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any findings of inadequacy from internal or external oversight bodies? ☒ Yes ☐ No

• In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: All components of the facility’s physical plant (including “blind-spots” or areas where staff or inmates may be isolated)? ☒ Yes ☐ No

• In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The composition of the inmate population? ☒ Yes ☐ No

• In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The number and placement of supervisory staff? ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

• In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The institution programs occurring on a particular shift? ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

• In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any applicable State or local laws, regulations, or standards? ☒ Yes ☐ No

• In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The prevalence of substantiated and unsubstantiated incidents of sexual abuse? ☒ Yes ☐ No

• In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any other relevant factors? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.13 (b)

• In circumstances where the staffing plan is not complied with, does the facility document and justify all deviations from the plan? (N/A if no deviations from staffing plan.) ☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ NA

115.13 (c)

• In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The staffing plan established pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section? ☒ Yes ☐ No

• In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The facility’s deployment of video monitoring systems and other monitoring technologies? ☒ Yes ☐ No
In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The resources the facility has available to commit to ensure adherence to the staffing plan? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.13 (d)

☒ Has the facility/agency implemented a policy and practice of having intermediate-level or higher-level supervisors conduct and document unannounced rounds to identify and deter staff sexual abuse and sexual harassment? ☒ Yes ☐ No

☐ Is this policy and practice implemented for night shifts as well as day shifts? ☒ Yes ☐ No

☒ Does the facility/agency have a policy prohibiting staff from alerting other staff members that these supervisory rounds are occurring, unless such announcement is related to the legitimate operational functions of the facility? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents:
1. Memorandum from Warden re: 115.13(a)-1/(b)-1 (2/22/2021)
2. Memorandum from Warden re: (c)-1 (2/22/2021)
3. Salary Workforce Committee quarterly meeting minutes (Q2FY2021)
4. DUB Staffing Report- PAY Period 14; Recruitment; Strength Report (7/4/2021-7/17/2021)
5. Memorandum from Warden re: Institution Duty Officer Procedures (4/12/2021) including attachments and log sheets

Interviews:
1. Acting Warden
2. PREA Coordinator
3. PCM
4. Institution Duty Officer (IDO) staff
Site Review:
1. Staff located in each area and throughout facility
2. Monitoring technology

Findings

115.13(a): The facility has a staffing plan documented by the Manpower Purchase and Utilization Plan. This plan states that sexual safety factors are considered in its drafting. When interviewed, the PCM stated the plan takes into account generally accepted detention and correctional practices, any findings of judicial inadequacy, any findings of inadequacy from Federal investigative agencies, any findings of inadequacy from internal or external oversight bodies, all components of the facility’s physical plant (including “blind-spots” or areas where staff or inmates may be isolated), the composition of the inmate population, the number and placement of supervisory staff, institutional programs occurring on a particular shift, any applicable state or local laws, regulations, or standards, the prevalence of substantiated and unsubstantiated incidents of sexual abuse, and any other relevant factors. The plan and the meeting minutes wherein the facility discusses staffing needs provide positions allotted for each post and includes analysis of overtime usage, available monitoring technology, and any issues that have arisen at the facility.

The Acting Warden confirmed consideration of each of the factors listed during an interview. The facility does not have a set officer-inmate staffing ratio, but instead assigns staff based on the specific needs of the units and the factors listed above. As discussed above in the facility characteristics, this auditor observed both uniformed and non-uniformed staff at all areas of the institution. The Unit Managers were present for the visit, but other custody staff were seen entering and exiting the housing areas on a frequent basis.

The auditor observed staff (both unit staff and high-level management) having casual, professional conversations with inmates. Unit staff regularly move about, do random counts, and constantly interact with the inmate population. Facility leadership appeared very familiar with the population, and their regular presence in all areas of the facility was obvious. It was apparent that staff presence in the units is high and the staffing ratio appeared sufficient to deter and detect sexual misconduct.

In addition to regularly assigned staff in specific areas, counselors, unit managers, and supervisory staff regularly move through the spaces. Numerous cameras were observed in recreation and gathering areas such as food service, and the views are centrally monitored. The staffing levels at the facility appear adequate.

115.13(b) and (c): The former Warden’s memo confirms no deviations to the staffing plan have taken place. The Acting Warden also confirmed this in person. She and the Associate Warden of Operations also confirmed in person that regular review of the staffing plan takes place at the quarterly meetings, and any necessary adjustments are made.

Both the PREA Coordinator and the PCM state that the coordinator is involved in overall sexual safety planning and is brought in on an as-needed basis. The PCM reported that the PREA Coordinator is easy to reach and available for any facility support needs. The Salary Workforce Subcommittee Minutes document the higher-level administrators’ discussion of PREA factors at the committee’s quarterly meetings, including multiple dates during the audit period. Any staffing changes and monitoring technology requests are covered at these meetings. The Manpower and Utilization
Committee similarly discusses staffing levels and monitoring technology at its quarterly meetings, as documented in the minute meetings reviewed by this auditor. The PCM is a party to these meetings and has the opportunity to raise any sexual safety issues. The facility evaluates it staffing needs at least quarterly and is in compliance with these provisions.

115.13 (d): The Institution Duty Officer (IDO) role is assigned on a rotating basis to a mid-level supervisor (department heads). The IDO conducts weekly rounds through each area of the institution on all shifts and documents the rounds have been conducted. This process was explained by the Acting Warden via memorandum and confirmed with interviews of the PCM and staff who have served as IDO. The Institution Duty Officer Training slides provided indicate that the IDO receives training on how to conduct these rounds. This auditor reviewed multiple Institution Duty Officer Unannounced Institutional Rounds records from 2020 and 2021 indicating the rounds were completed throughout the 24-hour day, at random times and on a regular basis. Many areas were visited more than once a week, even daily, on a random time basis. Staff who serve as IDO describe random visitations of all areas and confirmed they conduct checks both day and night; log books evidenced the timing of checks. DUB 5324.12B prohibits staff from alerting other staff that the rounds are occurring and interviewed staff were aware of this requirement. The practice was fully implemented at the facility and is compliant with this provision.

**Standard 115.14: Youthful inmates**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.14 (a)

- Does the facility place all youthful inmates in housing units that separate them from sight, sound, and physical contact with any adult inmates through use of a shared dayroom or other common space, shower area, or sleeping quarters? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates [inmates <18 years old].) □ Yes □ No ☒ NA

115.14 (b)

- In areas outside of housing units does the agency maintain sight and sound separation between youthful inmates and adult inmates? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates [inmates <18 years old].) □ Yes □ No ☒ NA

- In areas outside of housing units does the agency provide direct staff supervision when youthful inmates and adult inmates have sight, sound, or physical contact? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates [inmates <18 years old].) □ Yes □ No ☒ NA

115.14 (c)

- Does the agency make its best efforts to avoid placing youthful inmates in isolation to comply with this provision? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates [inmates <18 years old].) □ Yes □ No ☒ NA
Does the agency, while complying with this provision, allow youthful inmates daily large-muscle exercise and legally required special education services, except in exigent circumstances? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates [inmates <18 years old].) ☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ NA

Do youthful inmates have access to other programs and work opportunities to the extent possible? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates [inmates <18 years old].) ☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ NA

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The facility does not house youthful inmates. This was confirmed during the site visit and with the interview of the PCM. Inmate roster documents also confirm all individuals are 18 or older.

Standard 115.15: Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.15 (a)

- Does the facility always refrain from conducting any cross-gender strip or cross-gender visual body cavity searches, except in exigent circumstances or by medical practitioners?
  ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.15 (b)

- Does the facility always refrain from conducting cross-gender pat-down searches of female inmates, except in exigent circumstances? (N/A if the facility does not have female inmates.)
  ☒ Yes ☜ No ☐ NA

- Does the facility always refrain from restricting female inmates’ access to regularly available programming or other out-of-cell opportunities in order to comply with this provision? (N/A if the facility does not have female inmates.) ☒ Yes ☜ No ☐ NA
115.15 (c)

- Does the facility document all cross-gender strip searches and cross-gender visual body cavity searches? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Does the facility document all cross-gender pat-down searches of female inmates? (N/A if the facility does not have female inmates.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

115.15 (d)

- Does the facility have policies that enables inmates to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Does the facility have procedures that enables inmates to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Does the facility require staff of the opposite gender to announce their presence when entering an inmate housing unit? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.15 (e)

- Does the facility always refrain from searching or physically examining transgender or intersex inmates for the sole purpose of determining the inmate’s genital status? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- If an inmate’s genital status is unknown, does the facility determine genital status during conversations with the inmate, by reviewing medical records, or, if necessary, by learning that information as part of a broader medical examination conducted in private by a medical practitioner? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.15 (f)

- Does the facility/agency train security staff in how to conduct cross-gender pat down searches in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Does the facility/agency train security staff in how to conduct searches of transgender and intersex inmates in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*
☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents:
1. DUB 5324.12B
2. PS 5521.06
3. Memorandum from Warden Re: 115.15 (d)-1 (2/22/21)
4. Memorandum from Acting Warden Re: 115.15(e)-1 (7/28/21)
5. Memorandum from Warden re: 115.15(f)-1 (2/22/21)
6. PS 5324.12 re: 115.15
7. Course Completions for Inmate Pat Search- BOP (CSV-5142-BXX) DUB; Training Acknowledgement with signatures
8. Annual Training schedule and presentation re: Searches

Interviews:
1. Acting Warden
2. Random sample of staff
3. Random sample of inmates

Site Review Observations:
1. Housing areas including door signage and bathroom/shower areas
2. Opposite gender staff announcements

Findings

115.15(a): The facility does not conduct cross-gender strip searches or cross-gender visual body cavity searches except in exigent circumstances or when performed by medical practitioners. PS 5324.12. PS 5521.06 provides exigent circumstances are defined as in PREA standard 115.5 (General Definitions). The agency defines a “visual search” as a visual inspection of all body surfaces and body cavities and mandates that all visual searches shall be conducted by staff of the same sex as the inmate except where circumstances are such that delay would mean the likely loss of contraband. PS 5521.06. In such a case the reason for such search must be documented in the inmate file. No inmates stated that they had been strip or cavity searched by male staff.

115.15(c): Policy requires that all cross-gender strip searches and cross-gender visual body cavity searches are documented. PS 5521.06. The facility has not conducted any cross-gender strip or
visual cavity searches in the past 12 months. This fact was confirmed via conversations with the Acting Warden/PCM; interviewed inmates stated they had not undergone such searches.

115.15(d): Inmates can shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without non-medical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks. PS 5324.12. The former Warden’s memo states that no exigent circumstances have caused cross-gender viewing of an inmate by a staff member, and this was confirmed with the Acting Warden/PCM on-site.

The facility housing units each contain showers and toilets that have privacy doors or curtains. All showering and performance of bodily functions is thus able to be conducted in private. The housing units prominently displayed signs in English and Spanish that both male and female staff regularly work the area. Upon entering each housing area, the auditor witnessed staff loudly stating “male on run” or “male in unit.” Additionally, an intercom announcement is made each shift with the same information (heard by the auditor on-site), and opposite gender staff not ordinarily assigned as unit staff are required to announce their presence when entering the housing area. Inmates were interviewed regarding this practice and stated they were generally aware that male staff worked the areas and they heard the staff make the announcement when starting shift or entering the unit. Inmates stated during interviews that they felt they had sufficient privacy in the bathroom areas and had opportunities to change without being viewed by male staff.

115.15(e): No searches of transgender inmates for the purposes of determining gender have taken place, as documented by the Acting Warden in a memo. The agency program statement provides that transgender inmates are not searched in this manner. Transgender inmates are screened and assigned to housing by a centralized BOP committee upon intake and not at the facility. Should a transgender individual identify him/herself during incarceration, additional screening will take place but screening does not include a physical search. Transgender inmates confirmed in interviews that no such searches took place.

115.15(f): The former Warden confirmed by memo that all staff receive training on pat-searches and on searches of transgender inmates. This was confirmed with the Acting Warden on-site. Staff are required to attend training on searches. Review of the Annual Training program evidenced that the agency covered search procedures. All staff interviewed reported recalling information on searches of male and female inmates including transgender inmates.

PS 5521.06 provides that transgender inmates will be pat searched “in accordance with the gender of the institution, or housing assignment, in which they are assigned” but they may request an exception which would be reviewed by the Warden in consultation with medical, mental health, and custody staff. If an exception is granted, it will be documented and clearly communicated to staff, and the inmate would receive a notation on a personal identifier card that could be presented to staff when searched. None of the interviewed inmates had requested such a card; each stated that they felt safe being searched in the same manner as other inmates at the facility.

**Standard 115.16: Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report
115.16 (a)

- Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency’s efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who are deaf or hard of hearing? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency’s efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who are blind or have low vision? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency’s efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have intellectual disabilities? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency’s efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have psychiatric disabilities? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency’s efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have speech disabilities? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates who: Have intellectual disabilities? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates who: Have limited reading skills? ☒ Yes ☐ No
• Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: Are blind or have low vision? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.16 (b)

• Does the agency take reasonable steps to ensure meaningful access to all aspects of the agency’s efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment to inmates who are limited English proficient? ☒ Yes ☐ No
• Do these steps include providing interpreters who can interpret effectively, accurately, and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.16 (c)

• Does the agency always refrain from relying on inmate interpreters, inmate readers, or other types of inmate assistance except in limited circumstances where an extended delay in obtaining an effective interpreter could compromise the inmate’s safety, the performance of first-response duties under §115.64, or the investigation of the inmate’s allegations? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard ( Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents:
1. DUB 5324.12B
2. PS 5324.12 p.19-20
3. Memorandum from Warden re: Standard 115.16(a)-1 (2/22/21)
4. PREA Video Script
7. Memorandum from Chief, National Acquisitions Section to all acquisition staff dated 9/29/20 with copy of Language Line Services purchase agreement.
8. Memorandum for Chief Executive Officers re: inmates with Hearing Impairments (12/27/17)
Interviews:
1. Random Sample of Staff
2. Inmates who are LEP

Findings

115.16(a): PS 5324.12 provides that the agency ensures all inmates have access to the sexual safety program regardless of accessibility or communication support needs. The PCM explained the inmate population at the facility, which does not house inmates with higher accessibility needs, for example, D/deaf inmates, blind inmates, or inmates with significant mental health needs would not be housed at this facility. As such, the facility has not needed to provide accommodations such as ASL interpreters.

DUB 5324.12B provides for translation services whenever required, via use of a language line if staff interpreters are not available. The former Warden stated by memo that information regarding PREA is provided verbally during Admission and Orientation, and staff are available to read relevant portions of the handbook to ensure information is provided to inmates who are visually impaired. The PCM confirmed these services on-site, and the auditor spoke to several staff members who spoke Spanish and translated for inmates when needed. Staff indicated that educational materials can be verbally explained to inmates who need clarification or translation.

Psychology Services meets individually with inmates during the screening process and sexual abuse prevention information is reviewed during this interview to ensure the inmate understands and can utilize the information. Written materials can be reviewed during this interview, the orientation class, or during meetings with the inmate counselors to ensure that all inmates understand the information. Every inmate interviewed understood the facility’s policy on sexual abuse and sexual harassment, how to report an incident, and how to use various methods to contact staff for any needs.

115.16(b): DUB 5324.12B provides that inmate education is provided in writing in English and Spanish. As stated above, orientation classes are also translated when necessary. The facility utilizes a telephonic language line service to provide immediate direct translation services for non-Spanish language needs. This auditor reviewed the purchase agreement which covers use of the line and the facility Quick Reference Guide for accessing Interpretive Services. The former Warden confirmed these services by memo. The language line provides effective, active, and impartial translation. The auditor interviewed multiple inmates who did not speak English and each understood the facility’s PREA education. Inmates indicated that staff translated when necessary, and all interviewee stated that they felt she could report a sexual safety issue if needed and that they would be understood.

115.16(c): Interviewed inmates stated that they were never required to use other inmates as interpreters. All staff who were interviewed confirmed this policy and none identified any instance where an inmate interpreter had been used.

Standard 115.17: Hiring and promotion decisions

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.17 (a)
- Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution (as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1997)? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described in the question immediately above? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution (as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1997)? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described in the question immediately above? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.17 (b)

- Does the agency consider any incidents of sexual harassment in determining whether to hire or promote anyone who may have contact with inmates? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency consider any incidents of sexual harassment in determining whether to enlist the services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.17 (c)

- Before hiring new employees, who may have contact with inmates, does the agency perform a criminal background records check? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Before hiring new employees who may have contact with inmates, does the agency, consistent with Federal, State, and local law, make its best efforts to contact all prior institutional employers for information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or any resignation during a pending investigation of an allegation of sexual abuse? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.17 (d)

- Does the agency perform a criminal background records check before enlisting the services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates? ☒ Yes ☐ No
115.17 (e) 
- Does the agency either conduct criminal background records checks at least every five years of current employees and contractors who may have contact with inmates or have in place a system for otherwise capturing such information for current employees? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.17 (f) 
- Does the agency ask all applicants and employees who may have contact with inmates directly about previous misconduct described in paragraph (a) of this section in written applications or interviews for hiring or promotions? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency ask all applicants and employees who may have contact with inmates directly about previous misconduct described in paragraph (a) of this section in any interviews or written self-evaluations conducted as part of reviews of current employees? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency impose upon employees a continuing affirmative duty to disclose any such misconduct? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.17 (g) 
- Does the agency consider material omissions regarding such misconduct, or the provision of materially false information, grounds for termination? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.17 (h) 
- Does the agency provide information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee upon receiving a request from an institutional employer for whom such employee has applied to work? (N/A if providing information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee is prohibited by law.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

☒ Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does
not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents:
1. BOP Recruitment Flyer
2. Pre-Employment Guide
3. PS 3000.03
4. PS 3420.11
5. Questionnaire for Public Trust Positions; Standard Form 85P
6. Memorandum from Assistant Director of Human Resource Management Division to Human Resource Managers (dated 2/28/14)
7. Email from Chief, Office of Internal Affairs to OIA All Staff (dated 2/19/14)
8. "PREA-reference check background materials" (Notes on 115.17(h) provided by BOP)
9. Employee files

Interviews:
1. Human Resource Manager
2. PCM

Findings

115.17(a): The Human Resource Manager confirmed that the agency prohibits hiring or promoting anyone—or enlisting the services of any contractor—who has engaged in sexual abuse or has been convicted or adjudicated of sexual abuse. Applicants are made aware of these requirements in the Pre-Employment Guide (page 2) and the recruiting flyer. The HR Manager described the thorough preemployment screening that every employee goes through before hiring, which includes criminal background checks and self-disclosure questionnaires. PS 3420.11 states that employees may not engage in sexual activity of any kind with inmates. It provides the penalties include federal criminal penalties, administrative action up to and including removal. Background checks are documented either in a memorandum from the background investigator or in an electronic notation in BOP’s JSTARS system that contains staff data.

PS 3000.03 section 731.2 covers security of contract workers. Program managers are responsible for security review of contractors. The security review includes a background check (NCIC) and any criminal behavior would bar entry to the facility. If “derogatory” or “disqualifying” information arises during contractual work (including “criminal, dishonest, infamous or notoriously disgraceful conduct”), institution security personnel, in consultation with the Warden, will determine if access will be disallowed.

115.17(b): The HR Manager confirmed the agency considers sexual harassment incidents in the preemployment screening. She stated that the preemployment background screening would evaluate any allegations that were known via reference checks. PS 5324.12 indicates that sexual harassment incidents are considered "in accordance with disciplinary/adverse action process and collective bargaining agreement" (as well as all applicable laws and rules). As stated above, contractors also go through a background screening, and sexual harassment incidents would be evaluated as part of that process. Contractors also provide a sworn questionnaire which asks about any harassment or abuse perpetration.
115.17(c): The agency completes criminal background checks before hiring new employees, as stated in PS 3000.03. New employees are notified of the requirement, and the information is included in the recruitment flyer, the pre-employment guide, and the Questionnaire for Public Trust Positions. The HR Manager confirmed this. She also confirmed that the investigators contact prior institutional employers as part of the screening process. The auditor reviewed hiring records of staff in the electronic HR record system and each record reflected a background investigation. The system documents that background checks are completed on every employee.

115.17(d): PS 3000.03 section 731.2 provides that criminal background checks are performed on contractors who will enter the facility. The auditor viewed contractor records from the audit period which showed documents confirming the check was completed.

115.17(e): PS 3000.03 also provides that all positions are subject to five-year reinvestigations. The HR Manager confirmed that every employee goes through a criminal background check every five years. Employees renew fingerprints, and the centralized background investigator section completes the check. Employee files reflected the checks in every case. Interviewed staff were aware these checks were completed.

115.17(f): The HR Manager described the SF85 P form by which all applicants fill out a sworn questionnaire which asks about prior misconduct. Employees do not undergo self-evaluations or interviews during reviews, so the questions are not asked during annual reviews, but all employees are subject to a continuing affirmative duty to disclose misconduct. This is according to PS 3000.03 and PS 3420.11.

115.17(g): The employment screening process involves sworn statements, and provision of false information would be grounds to not hire the applicant, as stated on the questionnaire. The HR Manager confirmed the questionnaire process and consequences.

115.17(h): By memo from the agency’s Assistant Director of HR, staff are directed to provide information on staff allegations to other institutional employers when requested. The Office of Internal Affairs also provides information, without a release if necessary, after review. A memorandum on PREA reference Check Background Materials confirms this process. The HR Manager also confirmed these provisions during an interview, indicating that she would refer any inquiries to OIA, who would provide information subject to applicable law.

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**Standard 115.18: Upgrades to facilities and technologies**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.18 (a)

- If the agency designed or acquired any new facility or planned any substantial expansion or modification of existing facilities, did the agency consider the effect of the design, acquisition, expansion, or modification upon the agency’s ability to protect inmates from sexual abuse? (N/A if agency/facility has not acquired a new facility or made a substantial expansion to existing facilities since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later.)

☐ Yes  ☐ No  ☒ NA
115.18 (b)

- If the agency installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology, did the agency consider how such technology may enhance the agency’s ability to protect inmates from sexual abuse? (N/A if agency/facility has not installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later.)

☐ Yes  ☐ No  ☒ NA

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

☒ Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents

1. Salary/Workforce Committee quarterly meeting minutes.

Interviews

1. Acting Warden
2. PCM

Findings

115.18(a): The facility undertook no substantial modification, expansion, or new construction during the audit period. The PCM confirmed this in an interview.

115.18(b): The facility has not substantially modified monitoring technology during the audit period. The auditor notes that staffing plan documents suggest all updates are discussed with PREA considerations in mind. The Salary/Workforce Committee meeting minutes show that the PCM regularly raises sexual safety issues at these facility leadership meetings.
### Standard 115.21: Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations

**All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report**

#### 115.21 (a)

- If the agency is responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse, does the agency follow a uniform evidence protocol that maximizes the potential for obtaining usable physical evidence for administrative proceedings and criminal prosecutions? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)  
  □ Yes ☒ No ☐ NA

#### 115.21 (b)

- Is this protocol developmentally appropriate for youth where applicable? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)  
  ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- Is this protocol, as appropriate, adapted from or otherwise based on the most recent edition of the U.S. Department of Justice’s Office on Violence Against Women publication, “A National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations, Adults/Adolescents,” or similarly comprehensive and authoritative protocols developed after 2011? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)  
  ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

#### 115.21 (c)

- Does the agency offer all victims of sexual abuse access to forensic medical examinations, whether on-site or at an outside facility, without financial cost, where evidentiarily or medically appropriate?  
  □ Yes ☒ No

- Are such examinations performed by Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners (SAFEs) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANEs) where possible?  
  □ Yes ☒ No

- If SAFE(s) or SANEs cannot be made available, is the examination performed by other qualified medical practitioners (they must have been specifically trained to conduct sexual assault forensic exams)?  
  □ Yes ☒ No

- Has the agency documented its efforts to provide SAFE(s) or SANEs?  
  □ Yes ☒ No

#### 115.21 (d)

- Does the agency attempt to make available to the victim a victim advocate from a rape crisis center?  
  □ Yes ☒ No

- If a rape crisis center is not available to provide victim advocate services, does the agency make available to provide these services a qualified staff member from a community-based...
organization, or a qualified agency staff member? (N/A if the agency always makes a victim advocate from a rape crisis center available to victims.) ☒ Yes   ☐ No   ☐ NA

- Has the agency documented its efforts to secure services from rape crisis centers? ☒ Yes   ☐ No

**115.21 (e)**

- As requested by the victim, does the victim advocate, qualified agency staff member, or qualified community-based organization staff member accompany and support the victim through the forensic medical examination process and investigatory interviews? ☒ Yes   ☐ No

- As requested by the victim, does this person provide emotional support, crisis intervention, information, and referrals? ☒ Yes   ☐ No

**115.21 (f)**

- If the agency itself is not responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse, has the agency requested that the investigating agency follow the requirements of paragraphs (a) through (e) of this section? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for conducting criminal AND administrative sexual abuse investigations.) ☒ Yes   ☐ No   ☐ NA

**115.21 (g)**

- Auditor is not required to audit this provision.

**115.21 (h)**

- If the agency uses a qualified agency staff member or a qualified community-based staff member for the purposes of this section, has the individual been screened for appropriateness to serve in this role and received education concerning sexual assault and forensic examination issues in general? (N/A if agency always makes a victim advocate from a rape crisis center available to victims.) ☒ Yes   ☐ No   ☐ NA

**Auditor Overall Compliance Determination**

☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

☒ Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

**Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative**

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor's analysis and reasoning, and the auditor's conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does
not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents:
1. Investigation files
2. DUB 5324.12B
3. Memorandum from Warden re: Standard 115.21(c)-5 (4/14/21)
4. Memorandum from Warden re: Standard 115.21(e)-1 Victim Advocate Use during Forensic Medical Examinations (2/22/21)
5. Memorandum from Warden re: Standard 115.21(e)-1 (2/22/21) (additional)
6. Memorandum from Warden re: Standard 115.21(f)-1 (2/22/21)
7. ONESource First Responder Reference Guide; Sexual Assault Crisis Intervention
8. Highland Hospital Sexual Assault Response Team information
10. Licensure Information, Psychologists
11. Course Completions for Forensic Medical Exams: an Overview for Victim Advocates (CPG-0234-BXX) DUB
13. OIG PREA training materials
14. 4/2/14 letter from the FBI Principal Deputy General Counsel to the BOP Assistant Director

Interviews:
1. PCM
2. Investigative Staff
3. Medical Staff

Findings:

115.21(a): PS 5324.12 provides that staff will follow the Response Protocol when responding to an incident of sexual abuse. DUB 5324.12B (8) provides that first responders take steps to preserve evidence, and the ONESource response protocol provides detailed guidance about evidence collection. SIS staff are to follow a standardized evidence protocol for all possible crimes at the facility, which is outlined in a program statement. The facility stated by memorandum (and the Acting Warden confirmed in person) that the facility adheres to these guidelines, and that a specially trained Evidence Recovery Team (ERT) gathers evidence in allegations of sexual abuse. SIS staff confirmed that the ERT handles evidence collection and any arrangements for the inmate to be transported for forensic examination, in consultation with medical services.

115.21(b). The auditor confirmed during the site visit that no youth are incarcerated at the facility. Because the evidence protocol would not be used on youth, it satisfies the first portion of the provision.
The evidence protocol is in line with the most recent edition of the U.S. Department of Justice’s Office on Violence Against Women (OVW) publication, “A National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations, Adults/Adolescents” (national protocol), or similarly comprehensive and authoritative protocols developed after 2011. The most recent version of the document is from 2013. According to BOP guidelines, victims are sent to medical services for any triage/initial examination and treatment. Staff take steps to preserve evidence on the victim and perpetrator, as well as at the scene of the incident. Investigative staff stated the ERT consists of a small number of highly trained staff that ensure evidence is obtained and preserved to the maximum extent possible in the circumstances, providing the evidence to SIS staff, or to outside investigators (FBI, OIG) if they conduct the investigation. If the OIG/FBI are conducting the investigation, they follow the same evidence standards as in any federal criminal investigation.

115.21(c): DUB 5342.12(9) provides that forensic examinations will be made available to inmate victims, without cost. The victim will be offered a forensic medical examination, which should take place “as soon as practicable but within 72 hours of the BOP becoming aware the inmate reported involvement in a sexually abusive assault.” (ONESource protocol, p. 3). Exams will be conducted by a specially trained medical professional (Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner or equivalent) at the local medical center. The inmate will be transported to Highland Hospital for the exam, testing for sexually transmitted infections, and any requested prophylactic treatment. The auditor confirmed with the medical center that such services are always available and a SANE or trained medical professional would provide the same treatment and examination to anyone who came seeking treatment following a sexual assault. Medical staff and investigative staff, including ERT, are prepared to triage and transport an inmate following any incident that gives rise to a need for a forensic examination.

No forensic examinations had taken place in the audit period. The reports both concluded and in process concerned behavior that was either not of the type where a forensic exam would be appropriate (non-injury, non-penetrative touching, or occurring outside a timeframe where examination would ordinarily occur). SIS staff and the Acting Warden stated that forensic examinations, though they had not occurred, are anticipated by the evidence protocol and would be offered promptly when appropriate. Medical staff were similarly aware of the protocol and ready to treat an inmate victim whenever an allegation did arise.

115.21(d)-(e): DUB 5324.12B(9) also provides that inmate victims will be offered continuous support through the exam and investigation process via a trained staff advocate or a community victim advocate. The policy confirms that Psychology Services staff have obtained a memorandum of understanding with Tri-Valley Haven to provide victim advocate services to the victim. The agreement between the facility and Tri-Valley Haven reflects that the agency will provide support services including accompaniment for an offender victim during the forensic medical examination process, investigatory interviews, and follow up crisis counseling on request. The facility also provided the training records of psychology staff who are qualified to provide victim advocacy services in the event a substitute is needed. The PCM confirmed in an interview that the facility would provide advocacy services if the inmate wanted them via these means, and the former Warden also confirmed this by memo. Victim services were offered to several inmates who made reports at the facility, as confirmed by interviews with inmates who had made a report of sexual abuse and interviews with psychology staff.

115.21(f): The BOP cooperates with the OIG and FBI when those agencies are investigating a sexual abuse case at the facility. PS 5324.12 states that the BOP requests any investigating agency follow these protocols.

115.21(h): Services are available from the rape crisis center, but all individuals involved in this process are trained on both sexual abuse dynamics and correctional issues. The agreement between the
facility and Tri-Valley Haven indicates that the community-based advocates receive volunteer training from the facility in addition to their own training. The staff members trained for victim advocacy purposes have ample professional skills in this arena, and is also, like all BOP staff, fully trained as a correctional worker. Training materials indicate the OIG investigators receive substantial training on sexual assault and forensic examination in the PREA context. The Federal Bureau of Investigation also receives training on sexual assault and forensic examination, as indicated in the 4/2/14 letter from the FBI Principal Deputy General Counsel to the BOP Assistant Director.

**Standard 115.22: Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.22 (a)

- Does the agency ensure an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual abuse? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency ensure an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual harassment? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.22 (b)

- Does the agency have a policy and practice in place to ensure that allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are referred for investigation to an agency with the legal authority to conduct criminal investigations, unless the allegation does not involve potentially criminal behavior? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Has the agency published such policy on its website or, if it does not have one, made the policy available through other means? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency document all such referrals? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.22 (c)

- If a separate entity is responsible for conducting criminal investigations, does the policy describe the responsibilities of both the agency and the investigating entity? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for criminal investigations. See 115.21(a).) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

115.22 (d)

- Auditor is not required to audit this provision.

115.22 (e)

- Auditor is not required to audit this provision.
Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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Evidence

Documents:
1. PS 5324.12
2. DUB 5324.12B
3. PS 5508.02 Hostage Situations or Criminal Actions Requiring FBI Presence
4. Email Memorandum re: DOJ/OIG Authority dated 3/12/14

Interviews:
1. Agency Head
2. PCM
3. SIS Lieutenant

Findings

115.22(a): PS 5324.12 provides that every allegation of abuse or harassment is investigated. The facility supplement provides that the PCM is notified of every allegation, and she and the SIS Lieutenant monitor the cases, ensuring investigation is completed on every one. The facility had opened numerous investigations into staff- and inmate-based abuse cases at the facility. The auditor heard evidence regarding several misconduct or abuse cases, and she discussed each case with the SIS Lieutenant. She reviewed information on each case in the Lieutenant’s office. Every allegation that was mentioned by an inmate had in fact led to a timely investigation. During the corrective action period one new allegation was raised and the facility provided evidence that an investigation had timely begun. There is no evidence that any allegation went unexamined.
115.22(b): PS 5324.12 provides all staff-on-inmate allegations that could be criminal in nature are referred to the OIG for review. If the information suggests inmate-on-inmate criminal behavior, the FBI will be involved in the investigation. OIA will handle administrative cases involving staff. The facility SIS lieutenants conduct administrative investigations involving inmate perpetrators. The Agency Head confirmed these responsibilities in an interview.

The PCM and SIS both monitor abuse or harassment cases. The SIS Lieutenant maintains well-organized electronic files on all cases, and he is in regular contact with the Acting/Associate Warden on case status (both in her role as Acting Warden and as PCM). The Acting Warden stated that referrals to other agencies would also be documented via emails, which are retained in the investigation folder. The investigation files reviewed by the auditor contained these referral communications.

115.22(c): Federal regulations (including DOJ rule codified at 28 CFR Parts 0 and 45) document the various agencies’ jurisdiction, as stated in the email memorandum provided by the facility dated 3/12/14. PS 5508.02 (7) provides that the FBI has investigative responsibility for crimes committed at Bureau facilities. A Memorandum of Understanding re: Hostage or Crisis Incidents at Bureau of Prisons Facilities from 1996 is included as Attachment A, which covers the cooperative work and provides operational and command guidance. The MOU regarding violations of federal crime was also signed the same year, and that document provides similar guidance.

**TRAINING AND EDUCATION**

**Standard 115.31: Employee training**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.31 (a)

- Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on its zero-tolerance policy for sexual abuse and sexual harassment? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to fulfill their responsibilities under agency sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, reporting, and response policies and procedures? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on inmates’ right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the right of inmates and employees to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in confinement? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the common reactions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment victims? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to avoid inappropriate relationships with inmates? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to communicate effectively and professionally with inmates, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming inmates? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to comply with relevant laws related to mandatory reporting of sexual abuse to outside authorities? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.31 (b)

- Is such training tailored to the gender of the inmates at the employee’s facility? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Have employees received additional training if reassigned from a facility that houses only male inmates to a facility that houses only female inmates, or vice versa? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.31 (c)

- Have all current employees who may have contact with inmates received such training? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency provide each employee with refresher training every two years to ensure that all employees know the agency’s current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies and procedures? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- In years in which an employee does not receive refresher training, does the agency provide refresher information on current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.31 (d)

- Does the agency document, through employee signature or electronic verification, that employees understand the training they have received? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*
Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents:
1. DUB 5324.12B
2. ONE Source First Responder Reference Guide—Sexual Assault Crisis Intervention and Sexual Assault Reporting Protocol.
3. Annual Training FY 2021 attendance logs
4. Sexually Abusive Behavior Prevention and Intervention Program; Annual Training 2021 Instructor Notes
5. Sexually Abusive Behavior Prevention and Intervention Program; Annual Training 2014 PowerPoint slides
6. Email re: OIG PREA training 1/14/14
7. BP-5324.009 PREA Acknowledgement

Interviews:
1. Random sample of staff
2. Employee Development Manager
3. Employee Development Specialist

Findings

115.31(a): Agency program statement 5324.12 (and the institution supplement DUB 5324.12B) provides that all staff, new and current, receive training on the components of the prevention and intervention of sexually abusive behaviors as outlined in the policy. The policy states that training will occur in Introduction to Correctional Techniques (ICT) Phase 1 and in Annual Training. The policy further states that training will cover crime scene preservation for first responders and ensuring coordinated response to reports. Staff also receive the ONESource guide for incidents of sexual abuse.

The auditor reviewed the agency training materials and the training covers the zero-tolerance policy, how to fulfill duties under the PREA policy, inmate rights re: abuse and harassment, inmate and staff rights re: retaliation, dynamics of sexual abuse, common reactions of victims, how to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual abuse, how to avoid inappropriate relationships, effective communication, and mandatory reporting. Every staff interviewed recalled the PREA training and was able to provide specific topics covered. Because the training is reviewed during each annual training period, staff had strong recall of the information. The Employee Development Staff described the record-keeping for training attendance, which is electronically stored in the Bureau Learning University...
The Annual Training curriculum for 2021 covers the zero-tolerance policy, how to fulfill one's responsibilities, inmates' right to be free from sexual abuse and harassment, inmate and employee rights to be free from retaliation for reporting, the dynamics of sexual abuse in confinement, common reactions of victims, how to detect signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse, effective communication with LGBTQI inmates, mandatory reporting.

115.31(b): The training does cover female responses to sexual abuse and is tailored to the gender of the inmates at this facility. The training slides cover gender-specific responses to sexual victimization. All staff receive this training regardless of the gender of inmate at the facility where they work, so all staff are prepared to supervise any inmate.

115.31(c): The Employee Development office is tasked with monitoring training completion. A review of employee files indicates that all current employees who may have contact with inmates have received this training. The auditor viewed the initial training records of interviewed staff and confirmed initial training completion. The auditor also reviewed a full roster of the 2021 Annual Training, which covered all staff. The employees receive the training annually, which provides refresher training and information each year, thus meeting the requirements of this standard. Annual Training agenda reflects the training included 30 minutes of diversity training covering cultural diversity and “social/cultural lifestyles of the inmate population.” Another hour is dedicated to communication skills and interpersonal relations. Interviewed staff all remembered details from the annual training, including the required topics.

115.31(d): The agency documents that employees understand the training they have receive; employees sign a log sheet with this affirmation during the annual training. Employee responses to interview questions clearly demonstrated that they are understanding and retaining the training information.

115.31(d): The Employee Development Manager stated in interview that all training is logged in the electronic training system (BLU), and attendance records are retained. The facility provided the auditor with copies of the signed attendance logs for all facility employees for the 2021 Annual Training, and the log includes an affirmation that the staff member understands the training.

### Standard 115.32: Volunteer and contractor training

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.32 (a)

- Has the agency ensured that all volunteers and contractors who have contact with inmates have been trained on their responsibilities under the agency’s sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, and response policies and procedures? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.32 (b)
Have all volunteers and contractors who have contact with inmates been notified of the agency’s zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment and informed how to report such incidents (the level and type of training provided to volunteers and contractors shall be based on the services they provide and level of contact they have with inmates)? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.32 (c)

Does the agency maintain documentation confirming that volunteers and contractors understand the training they have received? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents:
1. DUB 5324.12B
2. Memorandum from Warden re: 115.32(a)-2 (4/14/21)
3. Memoranda from Acting Assistant Director re: Coronavirus (COVID-19) Phase Two and Six through Ten Action Plans (3/13/20, 4/13/20, 5/18/20, 6/30/20, 8/5/20, 10/1/20)
4. Memorandum from Assistant Director RE: National Waiver to Reentry Services Division Policies (4/16/20); Extension of Waiver memorandum (11/16/20)
5. Memorandum from Assistant Director re: Chapel Usage
6. Memorandum from Assistant Director re: Volunteer Entry Requirements During Modified Operations
7. Contractor Training Checklists (signed)
8. Volunteer Training logs, Level 1 and Level 2
9. Volunteer Training Affirmations (signed)
10. FCI Dublin Health Services Contractor Training forms (signed)
11. PREA Training for Level 1 Volunteers
12. Training Slides (1/30/20)
13. Specialized Work Crew Supervisor PREA Training slides (2/1/20)
14. BP-5324.009 PREA Acknowledgement CDFRM
Interviews:
1. Contractor
2. Volunteer

Findings

PS 5324.12 (and DUB 5324.12B) states the Reentry Affairs Coordinator and Human Resource Manager will coordinate training for all volunteers and contractors about what constitutes sexual abuse or sexual harassment of an inmate. According to the policy the PCM will provide PREA training specifying the agency’s zero tolerance policy and potential consequences for engaging in sexual abuse and/or sexual harassment, and how to report such incidents. Volunteers and Contractors receive this training during New Volunteer and Contractor Training, and during Annual Training. They must complete the training before they interact with inmates. The Agency has volunteers and contractors sign a PREA Acknowledgement that confirms they understand the training they have received.

Because of COVID-19 protocol, only a few volunteers had entered the facility in the audit period. Typically the facility has a larger pool of volunteers, and this auditor reviewed the volunteer training records for all volunteers currently on file. Each one had received training and signed an acknowledgement.

The facility also uses the services of contractors, specifically in the medical and dental areas. Each contractor receives training on the zero-tolerance policy, reporting mechanisms, and their responsibilities. The facility provided training records for all contractors who currently have access to the facility. Each contractor attends a training session, is provided educational materials, and signs an acknowledgement that the training is understood; the auditor reviewed these signature logs. The auditor interviewed one contract employee who works as a phlebotomist in the medical clinic. She remembered the training that covered the facility’s policies on sexual abuse and harassment provided at the time she was assigned to the facility. She was aware of her responsibilities to report sexual abuse/harassment, and she knew how to do so.

Standard 115.33: Inmate education

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.33 (a)

- During intake, do inmates receive information explaining the agency’s zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- During intake, do inmates receive information explaining how to report incidents or suspicions of sexual abuse or sexual harassment? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.33 (b)
- Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Their rights to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Their rights to be free from retaliation for reporting such incidents? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Agency policies and procedures for responding to such incidents? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.33 (c)

- Have all inmates received the comprehensive education referenced in 115.33(b)? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Do inmates receive education upon transfer to a different facility to the extent that the policies and procedures of the inmate’s new facility differ from those of the previous facility? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.33 (d)

- Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are limited English proficient? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are deaf? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are visually impaired? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are otherwise disabled? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who have limited reading skills? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.33 (e)

- Does the agency maintain documentation of inmate participation in these education sessions? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.33 (f)

- In addition to providing such education, does the agency ensure that key information is continuously and readily available or visible to inmates through posters, inmate handbooks, or other written formats? ☒ Yes ☐ No
Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐  Exceeds Standard  *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

☒  Meets Standard  *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐  Does Not Meet Standard  *(Requires Corrective Action)*

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents:
1. DUB 5324.12B
2. PS 5290.14 page 10
3. Inmate Admission & Orientation Handbook FCI Dublin (January 2020); in English and Spanish
4. PS 5324.12 re: 115.33
5. Memorandum from Warden re: Standard 115.33(a)-2, (b)-1 (4/14/21)
6. Institution Admission and Orientation Sign-in Sheets

Interviews:
1. Random Sample of Inmates

Findings

115.33(a): Inmates receive information regarding the zero-tolerance policy at intake per PS 5324.12 (and DUB 5324.12B). The Admission and Orientation Handbook for inmates contains the Sexually Abusive Behavior Prevention and Intervention Program materials. The information also covers how to report incidents, both internally and to the OIG. Interviewed inmates all stated they received the handbook information at intake. During the site visit, the auditor viewed the intake area where the information is provided.

115.33(b): The agency provides comprehensive information in person during Admission and Orientation (A&O) Program. A Unit Manager described the A&O process during the interview. A staff member designated by the Warden presents the Sexually Abusive Behavior Prevention and Intervention Program. The A&O program checklists show the topics to be covered during education. The presentation includes: definitions of sexually abusive behavior and sexual harassment; prevention strategies the inmate can use to minimize inmate risk of sexual victimization in custody; methods of reporting sexual abuse and/or harassment against oneself and other inmates, including internal and external reporting; treatment options and programs available to inmate victims of sexually abusive behavior and sexual harassment; monitoring, discipline and prosecution of sexual perpetrators (covering how the agency responds to abuse incidents); and notice that male and female staff routinely work and visit inmate housing areas. The inmate participation is documented. Inmates who are not
able to attend the A&O (those in Special Housing Unit or those who remain in COVID quarantine) receive individual education with the Chief Psychologist or designee.

With a few exceptions, interviewed inmates remembered their A&O program and the sexual safety presentation.

115.33(c): All interviewed inmates had received the education. The A&O attendance was reflected in the inmate files, as viewed by the auditor on-site. During interviews, inmates were able to recall topics and information from the program. Inmates receive information upon transfer to a different facility. The A&O program is specific to the facility and would be given at any new facility should a transfer occur. Many interviewed inmates had arrived at the facility from another BOP institution, and they reported receiving the in-person education (as well as the inmate handbook) at each facility.

115.33(d): The Admission and Orientation Handbook is available in both English and Spanish. A bilingual staff member will attend the A&O program and translate if Spanish-speaking inmates are present. The auditor spoke with an employee who typically translates at these sessions, and she described a live translation process. She also familiarized herself with the A&O material ahead of time so she was prepared to provide the best education during the session. The facility uses the Language Line for other language barriers.

The facility states by memorandum that “for inmates with limited reading capabilities or visual impairments, the information will be read to the inmate by his unit team; and for inmates with hearing impairments, the information is available in written form.” This information was confirmed with the PCM on-site. The facility provides accessibility support on an as-needed basis. As discussed in 115.16, the facility does not typically house inmates with complex accessibility support needs, but the facility has anticipated providing one-on-one support should the need arise. The auditor interviewed an inmate who was labeled with a cognitive disability. She reported understanding the PREA education materials and knew how to access support if necessary.

115.33(e): The agency maintains documentation of the Admission and Orientation programming with the Institution Admission and Orientation Program Checklist and the Unit A&O Checklist. PS 5290.14 states that staff must document that the inmate has received a copy of the inmate handouts and completed the A&O program. Staff have the inmate sign and date a copy of the document and it is placed in the Central File. The Intake Screening Form documents receipt of orientation information as well. The auditor reviewed the paper files of interviewed inmates. Each contained a notation that the inmate had received the handbook at intake, and each contained an attendance record from A&O.

115.33(f): As viewed during the site visit, the Agency ensures that key information is continuously and readily available via the inmate handbook, posters which are available in every housing unit and major area of the facility, and phone numbers posted above the phone banks in the yard. Interviewed inmates were all aware how to access information about reporting sexual safety issues.

**Standard 115.34: Specialized training: Investigations**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.34 (a)
- In addition to the general training provided to all employees pursuant to §115.31, does the agency ensure that, to the extent the agency itself conducts sexual abuse investigations, its investigators receive training in conducting such investigations in confinement settings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a.)) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

**115.34 (b)**

- Does this specialized training include techniques for interviewing sexual abuse victims? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a.)) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- Does this specialized training include proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a.)) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- Does this specialized training include sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a.)) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- Does this specialized training include the criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecution referral? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a.)) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

**115.34 (c)**

- Does the agency maintain documentation that agency investigators have completed the required specialized training in conducting sexual abuse investigations? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a.)) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

**115.34 (d)**

- Auditor is not required to audit this provision.

**Auditor Overall Compliance Determination**

- ☐ Exceeds Standard (*Substantially exceeds requirement of standards*)
- ☒ Meets Standard (*Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period*)
- ☐ Does Not Meet Standard (*Requires Corrective Action*)

**Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative**
The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor's analysis and reasoning, and the auditor's conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents:
1. DUB 5324.12B
2. PREA National Video Conference schedule 10/29/2012
3. Curriculum for Course CSV-0601-BXX
4. Lesson Plan for SIS/SIA training
5. Training slides and Lesson Plan for DOJ/OIA training Conducting Interviews & Union Issues
6. Course Completion records for Investigating Sexual Abuse in a Confinement Setting (NIC)
7. PS 5324.12 Re: 115.34.
8. Form BP-A0194, Warning and Assurance to Employee Required to Provide Information
10. Letter from FBI Principal Deputy General Counsel to BOP Assistant Director re: FBI training on PREA and investigations
11. Email from OIG official to BOP re: PREA training for OIG officials (1/24/2014)
12. Employee files

Interviews:
1. Investigative staff
2. Employee Development Manager

Findings

115.34(a): The Chief of Correctional Services ensures the Special Investigative Services (SIS)/Special Investigative Agents are appropriately trained. The Institution Supplement (DUB 5324.12 (6)) provides those who may conduct investigations are appropriately trained. The Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs ensures OIA staff are appropriately trained. The Employee Development office monitors training compliance and uses the electronic training system Bureau Learning University (BLU) which maintains class completion reports and attendance records. Investigative staff complete the National Institute of Corrections (NIC) online course PREA Investigating Sexual Abuse in a Confinement Setting. Investigators also complete a BOP specific course, Investigative Intelligence. The training records indicate that investigative staff at the institution have received the training—the Lieutenant’s name was reflected on the training log. During the interview, the SIS Lieutenant stated he remembered the training.

115.34(b): This auditor reviewed the specialized training materials. The specialized investigator training covers techniques for interviewing sexual abuse victims, proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings, evidence collection in confinement settings, and the criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecution referral. The investigative staff recalled the training. Information on proper investigation process remains constantly and readily available via the ONESource checklist.
115.34(c): The Employee Development Specialist confirmed that specialized training documents are retained on file. The auditor reviewed electronic training records showing course completion. This information is centrally available to the Employee Development Office and is also reflected in individual staff personnel files, confirmed by the auditor with the document review.

**Standard 115.35: Specialized training: Medical and mental health care**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

**115.35 (a)**

- Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to detect and assess signs of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to preserve physical evidence of sexual abuse? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to respond effectively and professionally to victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

**115.35 (b)**

- If medical staff employed by the agency conduct forensic examinations, do such medical staff receive appropriate training to conduct such examinations? (N/A if agency medical staff at the facility do not conduct forensic exams or the agency does not employ medical staff.) ☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ NA

**115.35 (c)**

- Does the agency maintain documentation that medical and mental health practitioners have received the training referenced in this standard either from the agency or elsewhere? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
115.35 (d)

- Do medical and mental health care practitioners employed by the agency also receive training mandated for employees by §115.31? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners employed by the agency.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- Do medical and mental health care practitioners contracted by or volunteering for the agency also receive training mandated for contractors and volunteers by §115.32? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners contracted by or volunteering for the agency.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

☒ Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor's analysis and reasoning, and the auditor's conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents:
1. DUB 5324.12B
2. PS 5324.12 re: 115.35
3. BOP e-Training offerings: PREA Video Selection, Correctional Programs Division.
4. Course Completion records for PREA for Medical and Mental Health Care 0BOP (CPG-0233-BXX)
5. Memorandum from Warden re: 115.35(c)-1 (6/2/21)
6. Memorandum from Assistant Director, Human Resource Management Division re: PREA Acknowledgement for Annual Training (7/24/19)
7. Annual Training
8. Employee files

Interviews:
1. Medical Staff
2. Mental Health Staff
3. Employee Development Manager
Findings

115.35(a): DUB 5324.12B(6) provides that specialized training for Health Services and Psychology services will be monitored by the appropriate section: the Health Services Division ensures medical staff are appropriately trained and the Reentry Services Division ensures mental health staff are appropriately trained; the Employee Development Manager’s office monitors training completion with electronic records. The auditor reviewed the training materials. The training consists of video presentations which cover how to detect and assess signs of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, preserving physical evidence of sexual abuse, how to respond effectively and professionally to victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, reporting, trauma-informed approach to PREA, and understanding sexual trauma.

The facility provided attendance log data for health services staff; a check of interviewed medical staff records showed they had completed the training. The Employee Development Manager’s office monitors compliance with necessary training.

115.35(b): Medical staff do not complete forensic examinations.

115.35(c): Employee Development staff confirmed that specialized training documents are retained on file. This auditor reviewed training records for Medical and Mental Health Care PREA training, which are electronically retained and available. Training records are also included in individual personnel files. Log documents for the training entitled “PREA Videos for Lieutenants, Medical and Mental Health Care” also reflect attendance and signatures of attendees certifying they understood the training.

115.35(d): All staff receive the general PREA training, as confirmed on-site. All interviewed staff completed the annual training each year which provides all PREA information required in 115.31. Annual Training attendance logs confirms that medical/mental health staff attended the training in the audit period. Contract staff, including medical/mental health staff, receive the contractor training as discussed above, which includes necessary information on zero tolerance and responsibilities under PREA. The contractor interviewed recalled the training.
Standard 115.41: Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.41 (a)

- Are all inmates assessed during an intake screening for their risk of being sexually abused by other inmates or sexually abusive toward other inmates? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Are all inmates assessed upon transfer to another facility for their risk of being sexually abused by other inmates or sexually abusive toward other inmates? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.41 (b)

- Do intake screenings ordinarily take place within 72 hours of arrival at the facility? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.41 (c)

- Are all PREA screening assessments conducted using an objective screening instrument? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.41 (d)

- Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (1) Whether the inmate has a mental, physical, or developmental disability? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (2) The age of the inmate? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (3) The physical build of the inmate? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (4) Whether the inmate has previously been incarcerated? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (5) Whether the inmate’s criminal history is exclusively nonviolent? ☒ Yes ☐ No
• Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (6) Whether the inmate has prior convictions for sex offenses against an adult or child?  ☒ Yes  ☐ No

• Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (7) Whether the inmate is or is perceived to be gay, lesbian, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming (the facility affirmatively asks the inmate about his/her sexual orientation and gender identity AND makes a subjective determination based on the screener's perception whether the inmate is gender non-conforming or otherwise may be perceived to be LGBTI)?  ☒ Yes  ☐ No

• Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (8) Whether the inmate has previously experienced sexual victimization?  ☒ Yes  ☐ No

• Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (9) The inmate’s own perception of vulnerability?  ☒ Yes  ☐ No

• Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (10) Whether the inmate is detained solely for civil immigration purposes?  ☒ Yes  ☐ No

115.41 (e)
• In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, as known to the agency, prior acts of sexual abuse?  ☒ Yes  ☐ No

• In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, as known to the agency, prior convictions for violent offenses?  ☒ Yes  ☐ No

• In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, as known to the agency, history of prior institutional violence or sexual abuse?  ☒ Yes  ☐ No

115.41 (f)
• Within a set time period not more than 30 days from the inmate’s arrival at the facility, does the facility reassess the inmate’s risk of victimization or abusiveness based upon any additional, relevant information received by the facility since the intake screening?  ☒ Yes  ☐ No

115.41 (g)
• Does the facility reassess an inmate’s risk level when warranted due to a referral?  ☒ Yes  ☐ No

• Does the facility reassess an inmate’s risk level when warranted due to a request?  ☒ Yes  ☐ No
- Does the facility reassess an inmate’s risk level when warranted due to an incident of sexual abuse? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the facility reassess an inmate’s risk level when warranted due to receipt of additional information that bears on the inmate’s risk of sexual victimization or abusiveness? ☒ Yes ☐ No

### 115.41 (h)

- Is it the case that inmates are not ever disciplined for refusing to answer, or for not disclosing complete information in response to, questions asked pursuant to paragraphs (d)(1), (d)(7), (d)(8), or (d)(9) of this section? ☒ Yes ☐ No

### 115.41 (i)

- Has the agency implemented appropriate controls on the dissemination within the facility of responses to questions asked pursuant to this standard in order to ensure that sensitive information is not exploited to the inmate’s detriment by staff or other inmates? ☒ Yes ☐ No

**Auditor Overall Compliance Determination**

- ☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*
- ☒ Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*
- ☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

**Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative**

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

**Evidence**

Documents:
1. DUB 5324.12B
2. PS5324.12 re: 115.41
3. Memorandum for Wardens from Assistant Director, Reentry Services (9/11/14)
4. Memorandum from Warden re: Standard 115.41(c)-1 (6/7/21)
5. Attachment A. PREA Intake Objective Screening Instrument
6. Federal Bureau of Prisons Intake Screening Form (including documents from intakes in the 12 months preceding the on-site audit portion)
7. Psychology Services Risk of Sexual Abusiveness forms
8. Individual Needs Plan—initial Classification forms
9. Intake Screening forms
Interviews:
1. Screening staff—unit team
2. Screening staff—psychologist
3. Random Sample of Inmates

Site Review:
1. Correctional Systems Management
2. Counselor office

Findings

115.41(a): All inmates are screened upon arrival at Dublin. Due to COVID-19 protocols, inmates are received at the Federal Prison Camp, where they go through screening and a quarantine period. The former Warden outlined the screening process via memo, and the ISM manager confirmed the process: Unit Team staff screen for risk of victimization and abusiveness, utilizing the objective screening instrument; all inmates are also screened by Clinical Psychologists during the Psychology Intake Screening. Staff complete the screening in closed door offices in the Correctional Systems Management area of the Camp. Staff use an office to afford complete privacy during the process. Unit Team staff and the Psychologist confirmed this process during interviews. Inmates recalled being interviewed upon entry. The auditor viewed screening forms for interviewed inmates.

115.41(b): During the site review, the auditor viewed the area and discussed the process with the ISM. Inmates are processed through the Correctional Systems Management area, which includes property, search, and screening rooms. This happens immediately upon arrival and thus inmates are all screened within 72 hours. Interviewed inmates recalled the intake process happening immediately upon arrival.

115.41(c): Screening staff confirmed that all inmates are screened with the uniform BOP process. The questionnaire is a standardized form and all inmates are asked the same questions. The auditor viewed screening forms for interviewed inmates, and the uniform questions were used in each case.

115.41(d): The screening form ensures that each of the ten factors indicating potential victimization under this provision is considered. The auditor reviewed screening records for numerous inmates who had arrived during the audit period. Each record demonstrated these factors were considered. Screening staff were well versed in the PREA screening factors and stated that they are considered for each inmate.

115.41(e): The screening form also ensures that the three identified factors regarding risk of sexual abusiveness are considered. The screening forms reviewed by the auditor reflected that these factors were considered. Screening staff stated that these factors are considered for each inmate.

115.41(f): The former Warden stated by memo that inmates are reassessed by Unit Team staff during the Initial Team meeting (within 30 days) and by Psychologists any time warranted through discovery of additional relevant information. The auditor reviewed initial team meeting records for interviewed inmates and saw that the record notes that PREA screening factors were considered. Several inmates did not recall a rescreening process. After speaking with the PCM and screening staff, the auditor understands that the rescreening occurs during a larger conversation with the inmate and unit team regarding the inmate’s status, classification, programming, etc. Inmates may not recall the specific PREA questions as they are part of a larger discussion. If additional information is received or made known to the institution, reassessment will take place with the unit staff or the psychologist, depending on the circumstances. Again, records showed that they had occurred. The facility is compliant with this provision.

115.41(g): The facility reassesses the inmate’s risk level whenever warranted including due to a referral, request, incident, or receipt of information. Unit team staff described monitoring of inmates which includes
following up on any learned information. Risk levels are adjusted as appropriate. The counselors/unit staff also make referrals to mental health staff whenever appropriate.

115.41(h): The PCM confirmed that inmates are never disciplined for failing to answer or failing to disclose information requested during screening for victimization/abusiveness. This was also confirmed with screening staff during interviews. The auditor spoke with several inmates who had recently entered the facility. None recalled facing any negative consequences for not answering questions or failing to disclose information. All stated they felt comfortable during the screening process.

115.41(i): PS 5324.12 provides that “any information related to sexual victimization or abusiveness, including the information entered in the comment section of the Inmate Screening Form, is limited to a need-to-know basis for staff only for the purpose of treatment and security and management decisions such as housing and cell assignments as well as work education and programming assignments.” At the facility, the auditor viewed inmate files, which were security kept in an administrative office. Much of the sensitive information is reflected in the psychologist screening, which is retained in the BEMR system and only accessible by psychology/medical staff. Psychologist staff and the PCM confirmed in interviews that the information is shared where necessary for the above reasons but is not widely accessible.

### Standard 115.42: Use of screening information

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

#### 115.42 (a)

- Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Housing Assignments? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Bed assignments? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Work Assignments? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Education Assignments? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Program Assignments? ☒ Yes ☐ No

#### 115.42 (b)

- Does the agency make individualized determinations about how to ensure the safety of each inmate? ☒ Yes ☐ No
115.42 (c)

- When deciding whether to assign a transgender or intersex inmate to a facility for male or female inmates, does the agency consider, on a case-by-case basis whether a placement would ensure the inmate’s health and safety, and whether a placement would present management or security problems (NOTE: if an agency by policy or practice assigns inmates to a male or female facility on the basis of anatomy alone, that agency is not in compliance with this standard)? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- When making housing or other program assignments for transgender or intersex inmates, does the agency consider on a case-by-case basis whether a placement would ensure the inmate’s health and safety, and whether a placement would present management or security problems? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.42 (d)

- Are placement and programming assignments for each transgender or intersex inmate reassessed at least twice each year to review any threats to safety experienced by the inmate? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.42 (e)

- Are each transgender or intersex inmate’s own views with respect to his or her own safety given serious consideration when making facility and housing placement decisions and programming assignments? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.42 (f)

- Are transgender and intersex inmates given the opportunity to shower separately from other inmates? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.42 (g)

- Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: lesbian, gay, and bisexual inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status? (N/A if the agency has a dedicated facility, unit, or wing solely for the placement of LGBT or I inmates pursuant to a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgement.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: transgender inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status? (N/A if the agency has a dedicated facility, unit, or wing solely for the placement of LGBT or I inmates pursuant to a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgement.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: intersex inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status? (N/A if the agency has a dedicated facility, unit, or wing solely for the placement of LGBT or I inmates pursuant to a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgement.) ☒ Yes □ No □ NA

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

☒ Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents:
1. DUB 5324.12B
2. PS 5324.12 re: 115.42
3. Memorandum from Warden re: Standard 115.42(a)-1 (4/8/21)
4. Memorandum from Warden re: Standard 115.42(c)-1 (4/12/21)
5. Printouts from BOP electronic inmate management system; Clearance and Separatee Data, Population Monitoring Census/Roster Generalized Retrieval; Inmate Profile
6. Unit Manager Memoranda for file re: Transgender and/or Intersex Review (6/10/2020 and 11/10/2020)

Interviews:
1. Screening staff—unit team
2. Screening staff—psychologist
3. Random Sample of Inmates
4. LGBTQI inmates

Findings

115.42(a): Screening is completed by unit team staff, psychology staff, and investigative staff as discussed above; the information is entered in the inmate's records. DUB 5324.12B(7) lays out the use of screening information practice. If inmates are assessed by Psychology Services as being moderate or high risk of sexual abusiveness or sexual victimization, the Captain, Unit Managers, and The PREA compliance Manager are notified of the findings and recommendation via email. The facility
supplement states that SENTRY STG entries will be made for inmates at risk of abusiveness. The information is documented in TRUINTEL electronic inmate records. Unit team staff are responsible for making housing, bed, work, education, and programming decisions, and the utilize the information from screening to do so. PS 5324.12 provides that once an inmate has been identified as a potential victim or abuser, Unit Management will consider classification options including transfer to special treatment programs, transfer to a greater or lesser security facility, or changes in housing, cell, work, and/or education. The auditor interviewed unit managers and an inmate counselor responsible for these assessments and decisions, and the process works as the rule intends.

The PCM confirmed in an interview that the information is kept on a need-to-know basis for staff, only for the purposes of treatment and security and management decisions such as housing and bed assignments, as well as work, education and programming assignments.

115.42(b): As stated above, the screening information is reviewed on each inmate, ensuring that the determinations about how to ensure safety are individualized. Unit team staff confirmed the process in interviews.

115.42(c): PS 5324.12 states the BOP has a Transgender Executive Council (TEC) which reviews inmate information of identified transgender/intersex inmates for the purposes of assigning housing and programming. The BOP’s Transgender Offender Manual can be found in Policy Statement 5200.04. This assignment occurs at the Designation and Sentence Computation Center (DSCC). The agency considers the inmate’s health and safety and whether placements present management or security problems and the decision is not based on anatomy alone. The TEC individually reviews inmates on a case-by-case basis, and the evaluation is documented in the electronic records of the inmate, viewable on the CIM Clearance and Separatee Data screen. The auditor reviewed sample electronic records reflecting this review.

PS 5324.12 (p.42) provides that individualized decisions are made when housing transgender inmates. The facility considers the inmate’s health and safety and whether placements present management or security problems. These reviews are reflected in the inmate’s file by memorandum from the case manager. The auditor reviewed memoranda documenting the review and viewed electronic records demonstrating the markers for transgender inmates. The facility had numerous transgender inmates in custody, and the auditor reviewed the housing assignment process with a Unit Manager as well as the PCM. Each decision was made on a case-by-case basis. The auditor interviewed multiple transgender inmates, each of whom felt safe in their housing assignment.

115.42(d): Reassessments are completed every six months. These are reflected in the inmate’s records by memorandum from the case manager. The auditor confirmed this process with case management staff and by reviewing inmate files.

115.42(e): Transgender or intersex inmates’ own views with respect to his/her own safety are given serious consideration, as stated in PS 5324.12(p.42). Screening occurs with one-on-one interviews with case management and psychology staff, both of which discuss safety considerations with the inmate. A staff psychologist stated in an interview that the inmate's views are given serious consideration.

115.42(f): Transgender and intersex inmates are given the opportunity to shower separately from other inmates. The facility provides private shower stalls in every unit, as described in the facility characteristics. The showers had separating walls and doors or curtains that covered from neck/shoulder to ankle height, thus providing a good level of privacy in every unit. Unit management
staff confirmed that if a transgender or intersex inmate had a safety concern with showering at the same time as other inmates could be present in the bathroom, they would make accommodations as necessary. No such issue has arisen at the facility. In interviews, transgender inmates felt that the showers provided sufficient privacy.

115.42(g): The agency does not house LGBTQI inmates in dedicated facilities, units or wings solely on such identification or status. The process outlined above is a case-by-case determination resulting in individualized, varying decisions. The auditor reviewed housing records and inmate files and did not see such a unit on-site. Interviewed inmates stated no such housing had occurred.

### Standard 115.43: Protective Custody

**All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report**

#### 115.43 (a)

- Does the facility always refrain from placing inmates at high risk for sexual victimization in involuntary segregated housing unless an assessment of all available alternatives has been made, and a determination has been made that there is no available alternative means of separation from likely abusers? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- If a facility cannot conduct such an assessment immediately, does the facility hold the inmate in involuntary segregated housing for less than 24 hours while completing the assessment? ☒ Yes ☐ No

#### 115.43 (b)

- Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Programs to the extent possible? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Privileges to the extent possible? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Education to the extent possible? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Work opportunities to the extent possible? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- If the facility restricts any access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the opportunities that have been limited? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- If the facility restricts any access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the duration of the limitation? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- If the facility restricts any access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the reasons for such limitations? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
115.43 (c)

- Does the facility assign inmates at high risk of sexual victimization to involuntary segregated housing only until an alternative means of separation from likely abusers can be arranged? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Does such an assignment not ordinarily exceed a period of 30 days? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.43 (d)

- If an involuntary segregated housing assignment is made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, does the facility clearly document the basis for the facility’s concern for the inmate’s safety? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- If an involuntary segregated housing assignment is made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, does the facility clearly document the reason why no alternative means of separation can be arranged? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.43 (e)

- In the case of each inmate who is placed in involuntary segregation because he/she is at high risk of sexual victimization, does the facility afford a review to determine whether there is a continuing need for separation from the general population EVERY 30 DAYS? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☒ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

☒ Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents:
1. DUB 5324.12B
2. PS 5324.12 re: 115.43
3. PS 5270.11 Special Housing Units
4. PS 3420.11
5. Memorandum from Warden re: Standard 115.43(a)-2 (4/14/21)
6. Safeguarding of Inmate Alleging Sexual Abuse/Assault form (including two completed forms dated 10/7/2021 and 10/14/2021)

Interviews:
1. Psychologist
2. SHU Staff
3. Inmates with high risk of vulnerability

Findings

115.43(a): The facility always refrains from placing inmates at high risk for sexual victimization in involuntary segregated housing unless an assessment of all available alternatives has been made and a determination has been made that there is no available alternative means of separation from likely abusers. DUB 5324.12B provides inmates at risk for high risk of victimization due to special factors and/or situations are referred to Psychology Services for assessment of treatment/management needs. The Psychology Services meeting occurs within 30 days of arrival, and based on interviews the auditor found that evaluations typically occurred very close to the arrival date. The former Warden stated by memorandum that the facility has not placed any inmate at high risk for sexual victimization in involuntary segregated housing. The auditor interviewed several inmates who were identified as being at high risk for victimization, and none had been placed in the Special Housing Unit (SHU) for protective purposes. The auditor spoke with staff in SHU, and none of the inmates currently housed there were housed for protection based on vulnerability to sexual abuse.

PS 5324.12 and DUB 5324.12B both provide that following an allegation of sexual abuse, facility leadership ensures all options are considered when determining the appropriate method of safeguarding an inmate who is at high risk for victimization. Documentation related to safeguarding is retained in the investigative case. Under the program statement and institutional supplement, the Safeguarding of Inmates Alleging Sexual Abuse/Assault form will be used, and it is labeled as FOI EXEMPT and “placed in the Privacy Section of the Inmate Central File to ensure that sensitive information is not exploited to the inmate’s detriment by staff or other inmates.” Because of the status of cases pending at the time of the on-site portion of the audit, the auditor did not see use of this form to document safeguarding decisions; she recommended the facility always use the form and retain it on all inmate- and staff-based assault cases, including when the report is investigated by an outside entity (and because safeguarding actions should immediately take place after a report, it should be completed following the report, not at the conclusion of the investigation). The auditor notes completed Safeguarding of Inmate forms were submitted during the corrective action period for additional protective actions (which did not include placement in involuntary segregation), demonstrating that the documentation practice has been fully implemented.

115.43(b): The BOP states by memo that “the agency places inmates in administrative detention in accordance with the Program Statement Special Housing Units. “When an inmate is placed in special housing involuntarily, access to programs, privileges, education or work should not be interrupted, to the extent possible. If they are limited, the Chief of Correctional Services ensures that documentation exists reflecting the limitation, duration, and rationale.” As stated above, the facility does not make involuntary SHU placements solely based on high risk for victimization. Under the Program Statement 5270.11 Special Housing Units, Section 12 covers conditions of confinement in the SHU. Access to programing is only limited to the extent necessary for safety, security, and orderly operation of the
facility. Inmates continue to have access to recreation, reading material, correspondence, and medical/mental health care.

115.43 (c)-(e): PS 5270.11(8) provides inmates can be placed in Administrative Detention Status for their protection including if they were a victim of inmate assault or threats. Protective custody is only employed when other means of separation from abusers are not possible. One inmate interviewed had been placed in SHU after she had made an allegation of sexual abuse, however, the placement was not based on the allegation; the inmate had to be temporarily separated to conduct an investigation into her property. The auditor discussed the investigation with the SIS Lieutenant and confirmed the placement was short and was not directly related to the allegation of abuse. Inmates who made allegations or who were the subject of allegations that the facility became aware of were not routinely placed in SHU. Furthermore, every inmate in SHU gets frequent, regular reviews of status by the Segregation Review Officer under Section 7 of the statement. Inmates in SHU for protective purposes get a review within seven days to establish the protective needs of the placement, and they receive period reviews including a hearing every 30 days. SHU staff described the process. The inmate will meet with psychology staff to discuss protection needs, the need for protective custody must be verified in the hearing, and the review is documented in the inmate’s file. This process complies with the requirements of the standard.

**REPORTING**

**Standard 115.51: Inmate reporting**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.51 (a)

- Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report sexual abuse and sexual harassment? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report retaliation by other inmates or staff for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to such incidents? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.51 (b)

- Does the agency also provide at least one way for inmates to report sexual abuse or sexual harassment to a public or private entity or office that is not part of the agency? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Is that private entity or office able to receive and immediately forward inmate reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment to agency officials? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does that private entity or office allow the inmate to remain anonymous upon request? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Are inmates detained solely for civil immigration purposes provided information on how to contact relevant consular officials and relevant officials at the Department of Homeland Security? *(N/A if the facility never houses inmates detained solely for civil immigration purposes)*
  - ☑ NA

**115.51 (c)**

- Does staff accept reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment made verbally, in writing, anonymously, and from third parties? ☑ Yes ☑ No
- Does staff promptly document any verbal reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? ☑ Yes ☑ No

**115.51 (d)**

- Does the agency provide a method for staff to privately report sexual abuse and sexual harassment of inmates? ☑ Yes ☑ No

**Auditor Overall Compliance Determination**

- ☑ Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*
- ☑ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*
- ☑ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

**Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative**

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

**Evidence**

**Documents:**
1. DUB 5324.12B
2. Zero Tolerance Policy posters in English and Spanish
3. PS 5324.12 re: 115.51
4. Memorandum from Warden re: Standard 115.51(b) (5/6/21)
5. Inmate Information Handbook in English and Spanish

**Interviews:**
1. SIS Lieutenant
2. Acting Warden/PCM
3. Random Sample of Inmates
4. Inmates who had reported sexual abuse or sexual harassment

Site Review observations:
1. Housing unit telephones and kiosks
2. Grievance request and submission process
3. Inmate reporting and zero tolerance posters in housing units, inmate areas, visiting area

Findings

115.51(a): DUB 5324.12B provides the numerous internal ways inmates may privately report sexual abuse and sexual harassment, and the methods are outlined in detail in the Inmate Information Handbook. Reporting method contact information also appears on brightly colored posters posted throughout the facility. Inmates can report directly to any staff member, they can report telephonically to staff via the DOJ Sexual Abuse Reporting Mailbox (TRULINCS) or by writing, including filing an administrative remedy or sending an anonymous “drop note.” Reports can also be made by email to individual staff members with the TRULINCS system. Inmates may also report retaliation, staff neglect, or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to abuse/harassment incidents. The auditor spoke informally with several inmates around the facility phones and computer kiosks and had inmates demonstrate reporting mechanisms. During formal interviews, inmates were each able to provide several methods of reporting, most commonly citing direct reports to staff or reporting by email.

During the site visit, the auditor had inmates test and demonstrate the telephone, internal PREA hotline, and TRULINCS computer system. The computer systems appear to be heavily used, with inmates taking advantage of email communication options both for internal and external communication. An inmate showed the auditor how to initiate an email to the OIG, facility leadership, and outside contacts. Each computer was on a desk with privacy screens to either side, and inmates had access to the computers in their housing buildings. The phones are located in banks in outdoor cabanas, but on every day of the site visit it appeared they were not crowded so as to create privacy issues—an inmate would be able to use a phone without being overheard. Every phone area had the number of the internal reporting hotline painted in multiple places in the inside of the roofline/rafters—it could be easily and discreetly seen/used.

The auditor reviewed all records that would reflect reporting by inmates at this facility. Reports had been made directly to staff, or had been initiated by staff after suspicion regarding misconduct was raised. The auditor asked all inmates whether they had ever reported or wanted to report an incident. Inmates stated they had directly reported misconduct to staff, with more than one inmate reporting directly to the SIS Lieutenant. The reporting mechanisms appear to function well, and inmates are aware of multiple methods.

115.51(b): Inmates can report externally to the Office of the Inspector General, US DOJ Investigations Division. The address is provided in the inmate handbook and on the posters. Instructions for using the hotline are posted on the Electronic Bulletin Board. The inmate handbook instructs the inmates that the DOJ Sexual Abuse Reporting email is untraceable at the local institution, will not be saved in the email sent list, and the inmate can request he/she remain anonymous. When an inmate opens an email to the OIG, red text on the email screen also notifies the inmate of these protections. The auditor confirmed this information while examining the computer system. The OIG also has a paper mail address reflected on inmate education materials. Inmates were aware of this reporting mechanism and
knew that communicating with OIG was confidential. The SIS Lieutenant confirmed that the OIG will immediately forward reports to the facility. No inmates are held solely for immigration detainers.

115.51(c): Staff accept reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment made verbally, in writing, anonymously, and from third parties. Interviewed staff were aware of these provisions. Per DUB 5324.12B and PS 5324.12, reports should be passed on to the operations lieutenant who will forward to the PCM as well as SIS, who will bring in or the FBI or OIG as appropriate. These reports are documented immediately, within 24 hours. PS 3420.11 gives notice to staff of this requirement and provides that failure to pass on a report could result in disciplinary action up to and including removal. Staff interviewed were aware of these responsibilities. No staff members interviewed had received a reported allegation of sexual abuse. Every staff interviewed stated they would immediately pass on a report to the Operations Lieutenant and document it.

115.51(d): Staff may also privately report directly to the PCM, other facility management, or the OIG, as confirmed by the Acting Warden/PCM on-site. Staff were aware that they could pass on reports in a private manner and knew how to do so. Most staff stated that they would feel comfortable talking to their immediate supervisor and would do so immediately should a report arise.

**Standard 115.52: Exhaustion of administrative remedies**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.52 (a)

- Is the agency exempt from this standard? NOTE: The agency is exempt ONLY if it does not have administrative procedures to address inmate grievances regarding sexual abuse. This does not mean the agency is exempt simply because an inmate does not have to or is not ordinarily expected to submit a grievance to report sexual abuse. This means that as a matter of explicit policy, the agency does not have an administrative remedies process to address sexual abuse. ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.52 (b)

- Does the agency permit inmates to submit a grievance regarding an allegation of sexual abuse without any type of time limits? (The agency may apply otherwise-applicable time limits to any portion of a grievance that does not allege an incident of sexual abuse.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- Does the agency always refrain from requiring an inmate to use any informal grievance process, or to otherwise attempt to resolve with staff, an alleged incident of sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

115.52 (c)

- Does the agency ensure that: An inmate who alleges sexual abuse may submit a grievance without submitting it to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
Does the agency ensure that: Such grievance is not referred to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

115.52 (d)

- Does the agency issue a final agency decision on the merits of any portion of a grievance alleging sexual abuse within 90 days of the initial filing of the grievance? (Computation of the 90-day time period does not include time consumed by inmates in preparing any administrative appeal.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- If the agency claims the maximum allowable extension of time to respond of up to 70 days per 115.52(d)(3) when the normal time period for response is insufficient to make an appropriate decision, does the agency notify the inmate in writing of any such extension and provide a date by which a decision will be made? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

115.52 (e)

- Are third parties, including fellow inmates, staff members, family members, attorneys, and outside advocates, permitted to assist inmates in filing requests for administrative remedies relating to allegations of sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- Are those third parties also permitted to file such requests on behalf of inmates? (If a third-party files such a request on behalf of an inmate, the facility may require as a condition of processing the request that the alleged victim agree to have the request filed on his or her behalf, and may also require the alleged victim to personally pursue any subsequent steps in the administrative remedy process.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- If the inmate declines to have the request processed on his or her behalf, does the agency document the inmate’s decision? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

115.52 (f)

- Has the agency established procedures for the filing of an emergency grievance alleging that an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- After receiving an emergency grievance alleging an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, does the agency immediately forward the grievance (or any portion thereof that alleges the substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse) to a level of review at which immediate corrective action may be taken? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
- After receiving an emergency grievance described above, does the agency provide an initial response within 48 hours? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- After receiving an emergency grievance described above, does the agency issue a final agency decision within 5 calendar days? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- Does the initial response and final agency decision document the agency’s determination whether the inmate is in substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- Does the initial response document the agency’s action(s) taken in response to the emergency grievance? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- Does the agency’s final decision document the agency’s action(s) taken in response to the emergency grievance? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

115.52 (g)

- If the agency disciplines an inmate for filing a grievance related to alleged sexual abuse, does it do so ONLY where the agency demonstrates that the inmate filed the grievance in bad faith? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

**Auditor Overall Compliance Determination**

- ☒ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*
- ☒ Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*
- ☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

**Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative**

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

**Evidence**

Documents:
1. PS 1330.18 Administrative Remedy Program (1/6/2014)
2. PS 5324.12 re: 115.52(f)
3. Memorandum from Acting Warden re: 115.52(d)-4 Exhaustion of Administrative Remedies: Notification of Extension of Time (11/12/20)
4. Memorandum from Acting Warden re: 115.52(d)-4, (d)-6 Exhaustion of Administrative Remedies (9/16/20)
5. Inmate Handbook in English and Spanish
Interviews:
1. Associate Warden of Operations (Administrative Remedy oversight role)
2. Inmates who reported sexual abuse

Findings

115.52(a): The agency has administrative procedures to address inmate grievance related to sexual abuse and thus is not exempt from this standard.

115.52(b): These procedures are outlined in PS 1330.18. PS 1330.18(16) provides specific rules for requests related to sexual abuse allegations. The Associate Warden of Operations is the facility administrative remedy coordinator who reviews the remedy and determines if it will be forwarded to the regional/central offices. The administrative remedy rule clearly distinguishes allegations of sexual abuse from other administrative remedy requests. The rule provides “administrative remedy requests regarding allegations of sexual abuse may be filed at any time and therefore shall not be rejected as untimely.” The agency does not require the inmate to use an informal grievance process in allegations of sexual abuse. The Associate Warden stated the facility will accept a grievance related to sexual abuse at any time, regardless of the incident date.

Inmates are told they can file a BP-9 administrative remedy request with the Warden (Inmate Handbook, page 3). The handbook also states that inmates can file a BP-10 (second level grievance) directly with the Regional Director if they feel the complaint is too sensitive to file with the Warden. They are told to get the forms from the counselor or any unit staff. In this manner, inmates can privately file a request without disclosing the content of the complaint at the institution. It is also clear from the direction that the ordinary administrative remedy rules do not apply to a sexual abuse allegation. The Warden’s Secretary is the administrative remedy clerk. The Acting Warden and Associate Warden of Operations confirmed the process during the site visit. The Associate Warden of Operations reviewed all administrative remedy requests from the audit period and confirmed that none were related to PREA. Inmates were aware that they could allege sexual abuse in an administrative remedy request.

115.52(c): PS 1330.18 provides the Warden can exempt any administrative remedy request from the ordinary process of informal resolution or timeliness. PS 1330.18C provides the agency shall ensure that grievances regarding sexual abuse by a staff member do not have to be submitted to the subject staff member, and the grievance will not be referred to that staff member. Bypassing the ordinary informal grievance confirmation and institution level administrative remedy request, an inmate thus does not have to address the issue with the staff member who is subject to the complaint. The Associate Warden indicated that she would not forward a sexual abuse allegation to the staff member who is the subject of the complaint, and further, the regional administrative remedy process (BP-10 form) would be handled outside of the facility. Any remedy can also be labeled as “sensitive” if the inmate “reasonably believes the issue is sensitive and the inmate’s safety or well-being would be placed in danger if the request became known at the institution,” and the request can be sent directly outside the institution. PS 1330.18(8)(d). These protections ensure the rules comply with the standard.

115.52(d): According to PS 1330.18 (9) and (12), response to the administrative remedy request must be made by the Warden within 20 days. The inmate may appeal within 20 days to the Regional Director, who must respond within 30 days. If the inmate is not satisfied, he/she may appeal to the General Counsel within 30 days. The General Counsel must respond within 40 days. The inmate may
request extensions for valid reasons. Thus, subtracting the time given to the inmate to prepare the appeals, the agency provides a final response within 90 days (20+30+40), complying with this portion of the standard. The rule section 12 further states: “if the time period is insufficient to make an appropriate decision, the time for response may be extended once by 20 days at the institutional level, 30 days at the regional level, or 20 days at the central office level. Staff shall inform the inmate of this extension in writing.” This provision complies with the standard. PS 1330.18 (12) provides that if the inmate does not receive a response within the time allotted for reply, including any properly noticed extension, the inmate may consider the absence to be a denial. The Associate Warden confirmed these timeframes and process.

115.52(e): Third parties, including fellow inmates, staff members, family members, attorneys, and outside advocates, are permitted to assist inmates in filing for administrative remedy related to sexual abuse. (PS 1330.18(10)). Third parties can also file such requests on behalf of inmates. (PS 1330.18 (16)). If the inmate declines to have the request processed on his behalf, the agency documents the decision. The agency is in compliance with this provision.

115.52(f): The agency has procedures for the filing of emergency grievances alleging that an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, which are contained in section 12 of PS 1330.18. An inmate can file a BP-9 form labeled with “emergency” and explain the reason for filing as such. The administrative remedy coordinator will make a determination as to whether the remedy alleges a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse. If it is rejected, a notice will be provided, and it will be processed within the usual time frames. If it is accepted, the agency will immediately forward the grievance to a level of review at which immediate corrective action may be taken. An initial response will be provided within 48 hours with a final agency decision within five calendar days. The responses will document the agency’s determination whether the inmate is in substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse and what action was taken in response. The agency’s policy is in line with the PREA requirement.

The Associate Warden of Operations (in her role as the administrative remedy coordinator) confirmed the process. She stated that no emergency administrative remedy requests related to sexual abuse have been filed at the facility in the past 12 months. This was confirmed with an electronic search of the administrative remedy requests while on-site. Inmates stated in interviews that they were aware they could allege sexual abuse in an administrative remedy request.

115.52(g): PS 1330.18(16) provides inmates may be disciplined if the administrative remedy request related to sexual assault is filed in bad faith. Staff will consider false allegations and manipulative behavior in accordance with the Inmate Discipline Program policy. No such discipline action has been taken by the facility in the audit period. The facility is compliant with this provision.

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**Standard 115.53: Inmate access to outside confidential support services**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.53 (a)

- Does the facility provide inmates with access to outside victim advocates for emotional support services related to sexual abuse by giving inmates mailing addresses and telephone numbers,
including toll-free hotline numbers where available, of local, State, or national victim advocacy or rape crisis organizations? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the facility provide persons detained solely for civil immigration purposes mailing addresses and telephone numbers, including toll-free hotline numbers where available of local, State, or national immigrant services agencies? (N/A if the facility never has persons detained solely for civil immigration purposes.) ☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ NA

- Does the facility enable reasonable communication between inmates and these organizations and agencies, in as confidential a manner as possible? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.53 (b)

- Does the facility inform inmates, prior to giving them access, of the extent to which such communications will be monitored and the extent to which reports of abuse will be forwarded to authorities in accordance with mandatory reporting laws? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.53 (c)

- Does the agency maintain or attempt to enter into memoranda of understanding or other agreements with community service providers that are able to provide inmates with confidential emotional support services related to sexual abuse? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency maintain copies of agreements or documentation showing attempts to enter into such agreements? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents:

1. DUB 5324.12B
3. Inmate Handbook in English and Spanish

Interviews:
1. Randomly selected Inmates
2. Tri-Valley Haven staff
3. PCM

Findings

115.53(a): The facility provides inmates with access to outside victim advocates for emotional support services via a local rape crisis center. The facility has an agreement with local organization Tri-Valley Haven for the provision of these services. The agreement provides that the center respond to calls from inmates at the facility, and the organization will provide up to three sessions for each requesting inmate as deemed necessary by the rape crisis personnel. Information on how to contact the organization by phone or mail appears in the inmate handbook. The auditor provided guidance to the facility that additional education regarding support services available through this MOU may be useful to the inmate population.

115.53(b): The Acting Warden/PCM and Psychology Services staff indicated calls to the outside services would be confidential. Inmates are notified via the handbook that they can discuss the services with psychology, and the psychologist would answer any questions regarding the services. The inmate could arrange fully confidential access via psychology services. During interviews, inmates stated they believed they could call the hotline privately.

115.53(c): The agency maintains the agreement with Tri-Valley Haven, and this auditor viewed a copy. Both the facility and the organization were aware of the agreement.

Standard 115.54: Third-party reporting

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.54 (a)

- Has the agency established a method to receive third-party reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Has the agency distributed publicly information on how to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment on behalf of an inmate? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)
☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)
☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)
Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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Evidence

Documents:
1. Poster: Zero Tolerance Policy in English and Spanish
2. Inmate Handbook in English and Spanish

Interviews:
1. PCM
2. Random Sample of Inmates

Other:
1. BOP public website:
   https://www.bop.gov/inmates/custody_and_care/sexual_abuse_prevention.jsp

Findings

The Zero Tolerance Policy clearly states that an inmate can report if he or someone he knows has been a victim of sexual abuse/assault. The inmate education materials state that reports of any sexual abuse/harassment can be made. Due to COVID protocols, the auditor was not able to view normal visiting procedures. The auditor did examine the visiting room, however, and noted that PREA information was posted and readily available.

This auditor reviewed the public website which tells people to provide information about the allegation including dates, times, names, and any information that might help the investigation. The site provides the address of the National PREA Coordinator for inmate complaints and the Office of Internal Affairs for staff complaints. The page also provides a contact for public concerns about an inmate. This form can be filed anonymously. The inmate handbook also states that “anyone can report such abuse on your behalf by accessing the BOP’s public website.” Interviewed inmates were aware that anyone could make a sexual abuse/harassment report.
## OFFICIAL RESPONSE FOLLOWING AN INMATE REPORT

### Standard 115.61: Staff and agency reporting duties

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>115.61 (a)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>▪ Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment that occurred in a facility, whether or not it is part of the agency? ☒ Yes ☐ No</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>▪ Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding retaliation against inmates or staff who reported an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment? ☒ Yes ☐ No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>▪ Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding any staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment or retaliation? ☒ Yes ☐ No</td>
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<tr>
<th>115.61 (b)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>▪ Apart from reporting to designated supervisors or officials, does staff always refrain from revealing any information related to a sexual abuse report to anyone other than to the extent necessary, as specified in agency policy, to make treatment, investigation, and other security and management decisions? ☒ Yes ☐ No</td>
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<th>115.61 (c)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>▪ Unless otherwise precluded by Federal, State, or local law, are medical and mental health practitioners required to report sexual abuse pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section? ☒ Yes ☐ No</td>
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<tr>
<td>▪ Are medical and mental health practitioners required to inform inmates of the practitioner’s duty to report, and the limitations of confidentiality, at the initiation of services? ☒ Yes ☐ No</td>
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<th>115.61 (d)</th>
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<tr>
<td>▪ If the alleged victim is under the age of 18 or considered a vulnerable adult under a State or local vulnerable persons statute, does the agency report the allegation to the designated State or local services agency under applicable mandatory reporting laws? ☒ Yes ☐ No</td>
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<tr>
<th>115.61 (e)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>▪ Does the facility report all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including third-party and anonymous reports, to the facility’s designated investigators? ☒ Yes ☐ No</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Auditor Overall Compliance Determination
☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents:
1. PS 5324.12 re: 115.61
2. DUB 5324.12B

Interviews:
1. PCM
2. Random sample of staff
3. Medical and MH staff

Findings

115.61(a): PS 5324.12 states that staff are required to report information concerning incidents of sexual abuse, in accordance with the Standards of Employee Conduct. The PCM confirmed this included reporting information about retaliation and harassment as well. PS 5324.12 guides that staff should make the report to the Operations Lieutenant and provide a written follow-up memorandum (to the Operations Lieutenant) to document such a report. Allegations are entered in TRUINTEL via the Report of Incident form. Reports indicate the type of allegation. Every staff interviewed was aware of this duty to report and aware that the report should be made to the Operations Lieutenant. DUB 5324.12B provides more detailed obligations for first responders to an abuse allegation.

115.61(b): PS 5324.12 and DUB 5324.12B both indicate that all information related to allegations should be kept as confidential as possible. Information concerning the allegation and the identity of the alleged victim is only shared on a need-to-know basis. The Program Statement states that the information is limited to staff who need to know because of their involvement with the victim’s welfare and the investigation of the incident. “This is important not only to preserve the victim’s privacy but to preserve maximum flexibility to investigate the allegations.” PS 5324.12 p. 38. All staff members interviewed stated that they understood these allegations to be confidential in nature.

115.61(c) Under PS 5324.12, every staff member is required to report information about abuse, including medical and mental health practitioners. The auditor confirmed through interviews that psychologists and medical providers are aware of the limitations of confidentiality in this setting, and
inmates are told that they may disclose information regarding abuse during screening and orientation to health services.

115.61(d): The facility does not house youthful inmates, discussed above.

115.61(e): The facility reports all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including third-party and anonymous reports, to the facility’s designated investigators. The PCM refers the incident for investigation to the appropriate office and reviews the incident for any further response. When interviewed, she stated that the SIS Lieutenant or she refers allegations to the Office of the Inspector General (OIG). They would investigate the case or send it back to the institution for administrative investigation, which would be completed by SIS. All staff cases are referred to the Office of Internal Affairs. Documents on both staff and inmate allegations demonstrated referrals took place, and documentation was retained in an organized electronic file only accessible by SIS.

Standard 115.62: Agency protection duties

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.62 (a)

- When the agency learns that an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, does it take immediate action to protect the inmate? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents:
1. DUB 5324.12B
2. Form BP-A1002 Safeguarding of Inmates Alleging Sexual Abuse/Assault Allegation
Interviews
1. Acting Warden/PCM
2. Random Sample of Staff
3. Mental Health Staff

Findings

DUB 5324.12B(8) and (9) provide that the First Responder must take immediate action to safeguard the victim. If the allegation leads to the full activation of the response protocol, the PCM consults with other staff to determine action needed to prevent further sexually abusive behavior both to the alleged victim and by the alleged perpetrator. When interviewed, the Acting Warden and SIS Lieutenant both stated that any allegation would result in immediate protection for the inmate victim. All staff interviewed stated that their first responsibility is always to maintain the inmate victim’s safety. Health Services and Psychology Services staff provide for the inmate’s medical and mental health needs following an incident. The Psychologist stated that if an incident occurred, safety issues related to mental health needs would receive immediate attention.

Standard 115.63: Reporting to other confinement facilities

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.63 (a)
- Upon receiving an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused while confined at another facility, does the head of the facility that received the allegation notify the head of the facility or appropriate office of the agency where the alleged abuse occurred? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.63 (b)
- Is such notification provided as soon as possible, but no later than 72 hours after receiving the allegation? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.63 (c)
- Does the agency document that it has provided such notification? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.63 (d)
- Does the facility head or agency office that receives such notification ensure that the allegation is investigated in accordance with these standards? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☒ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)
Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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Evidence

Documents:
1. PS 5324.12 re: 115.63
2. Memorandum from Warden re: 115.63 (a)-2
3. Memorandum from Warden re: 115.63 (c)-1

Interviews:
1. Acting Warden
2. Agency Head

Findings

115.63(a): Upon receiving an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused while confined at another facility, the Warden notifies the appropriate person at the facility. If the allegation is said to have taken place at a BOP facility by another inmate, the Warden forwards the complaint to the other facility’s Warden. If the allegation is said to have taken place at a BOP facility by a staff member, the Warden sends the complaint to the Office of the Internal Affairs. For non-bureau facilities, the Warden contacts the appropriate person. The Acting Warden confirmed this process when interviewed. The facility has not received or forwarded such an allegation in the audit period.

115.63(b)-(c): PS 5324.12 provides the Warden forwards the allegation within 72 hours and documents the notification. The Acting Warden confirmed this on-site. No such allegations were raised in the audit period, so documents did not exist.

115.63(d): If such a notification is received by the facility, the allegation is investigated as with other allegations. The Acting Warden confirmed she would immediately pass the allegation on to SIS or OIA for investigation. This had not occurred in the audit period. The Agency Head confirmed that should the agency receive an allegation, the national PREA Coordinator would immediately forward it to the appropriate facility.

Standard 115.64: Staff first responder duties

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.64 (a)
- Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Separate the alleged victim and abuser? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Preserve and protect any crime scene until appropriate steps can be taken to collect any evidence? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating, if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Ensure that the alleged abuser does not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating, if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence? ☒ Yes ☐ No

**115.64 (b)**

- If the first staff responder is not a security staff member, is the responder required to request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, and then notify security staff? ☒ Yes ☐ No

**Auditor Overall Compliance Determination**

☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

☒ Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

**Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative**

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**Evidence**

Documents
  1. DUB 5324.12B
  2. PS 5324.12
  3. ONESource Investigations Guide
Interviews:

1. Random sample of staff

Findings

115.64(a): DUB 5324.12B(8) provides that first responders, upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, are required to immediately safeguard the victim, separate the alleged victim and perpetrators, preserve and protect any crime scene until appropriate steps can be taken to collect any evidence, and notify the Operations Lieutenant. The ONESource investigation guide provides a First Responder Reference Guide checklist for Sexual Assault Crisis Intervention. The checklist covers the immediate actions to be taken and provides a uniform manner of documenting such actions. Every staff interviewed was aware of his/her duties in responding to an abuse allegation. During normal business hours, the Operations Lieutenant “will make immediate provisions for the victim’s physical safety, escort the victim to Health Services, and will conduct notifications to the PREA compliance Manager, SIS Lieutenant, Captain, Warden, Health Services staff, and Psychology Services staff. In the event of an allegation of sexually abusive behavior in which the staff member is the alleged perpetrator, only the SIS Lieutenant, PREA compliance Manager are notified of the specifics of the allegations.”

After hours, the Operations Lieutenant “will make immediate provisions for the victim’s physical safety, escort the victim to Health Services, and will conduct notifications to the Institution Duty Officer, Administrative Duty Officer, PREA compliance Manager, SIS Lieutenant, Captain, Warden, on-call Health Services staff, and on-call Psychology Services staff. In the event of an allegation of sexually abusive behavior in which a staff member is the alleged perpetrator, only the SIS Lieutenant, PREA Compliance Manager are notified of the specifics of the allegations.”

115.64(b): The facility supplement and program statement provide that any first responder must take the steps above. Because all BOP institution staff are considered correctional workers, all have the same responsibilities in responding. Staff in every area were aware of the protocol.

Standard 115.65: Coordinated response

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.65 (a)

- Has the facility developed a written institutional plan to coordinate actions among staff first responders, medical and mental health practitioners, investigators, and facility leadership taken in response to an incident of sexual abuse? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)
☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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Evidence

Documents:
1. DUB 5324.12B
2. ONESource Investigations Guide
3. Memorandum for Lieutenants and Control Center Staff Re: Notification Procedures for PREA Cases – Outside Hospital (7/26/19)
4. Documents related to sexual abuse allegations/investigations

Interviews:
1. Random Sample of Staff
2. Higher Level Staff
3. PCM

Findings:

DUB 5324.12B(9) provides a written policy for the coordinated actions to take in response to an incident of sexual abuse. The section states that the PREA Compliance Manager will review the initial reported allegation and investigative packet, medical assessment(s), psychological assessment(s), and other relevant information to determine whether or not to proceed with the full activation of the response protocol. The PCM will consult with other staff to determine the actions needed to prevent further sexually abusive behavior both to the alleged victim and by the alleged perpetrator. Placement for the alleged victim is addressed. The section also gives direction to Health services staff re: examining the inmate and coordinating a Sexual Assault Forensic Exam as applicable; to Psychology Services to coordinate victim advocate services through the community organization; to health, psychology, and religious services to provide support if requested through the investigatory process, and to custody staff to coordinate retaliation and safety monitoring, as well as notification. The policy satisfies the requirement for a written response protocol.

The ONESource guide for staff provides an outline of what to do to respond to an allegation of sexual abuse. Investigative staff stated that the ONESource guide helps streamline documentation and ensure that every responsibility is completed. Interviewed staff were all aware of their role and responsibilities in response. Documents related to reports and the investigation report reviewed demonstrated that staff followed the appropriate process in response to allegations.

**Standard 115.66: Preservation of ability to protect inmates from contact with abusers**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report
115.66 (a)

- Are both the agency and any other governmental entities responsible for collective bargaining on the agency’s behalf prohibited from entering into or renewing any collective bargaining agreement or other agreement that limits the agency’s ability to remove alleged staff sexual abusers from contact with any inmates pending the outcome of an investigation or of a determination of whether and to what extent discipline is warranted? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.66 (b)

- Auditor is not required to audit this provision.

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (*Substantially exceeds requirement of standards*)

☒ Meets Standard (*Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period*)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (*Requires Corrective Action*)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

*The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.*

Evidence

Documents:
2. Local Supplemental Agreement: FCI Dublin and Council of Prison Locals American Federation Of Government Employees (10/31/18)

Interviews:
1. Agency Head

Findings

The Collective Bargaining Agreement (aka Master Agreement) Article 30(g) provides: “the Employer may elect to reassign the employee to another job within the institution or remove the employee from the institution pending investigation and resolution of the matter, in accordance with applicable laws,
rules, and regulations.” The Agency Head confirmed this agreement language. The agency is in compliance with this provision.

**Standard 115.67: Agency protection against retaliation**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

### 115.67 (a)

- Has the agency established a policy to protect all inmates and staff who report sexual abuse or sexual harassment or cooperate with sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigations from retaliation by other inmates or staff? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Has the agency designated which staff members or departments are charged with monitoring retaliation? ☒ Yes ☐ No

### 115.67 (b)

- Does the agency employ multiple protection measures, such as housing changes or transfers for inmate victims or abusers, removal of alleged staff or inmate abusers from contact with victims, and emotional support services, for inmates or staff who fear retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment or for cooperating with investigations? ☒ Yes ☐ No

### 115.67 (c)

- Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor the conduct and treatment of inmates or staff who reported the sexual abuse to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by inmates or staff? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor the conduct and treatment of inmates who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by inmates or staff? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Act promptly to remedy any such retaliation? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor any inmate disciplinary reports? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor inmate housing changes? ☒ Yes ☐ No
• Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor inmate program changes? ☒ Yes ☐ No

• Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor negative performance reviews of staff? ☒ Yes ☐ No

• Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor reassignments of staff? ☒ Yes ☐ No

• Does the agency continue such monitoring beyond 90 days if the initial monitoring indicates a continuing need? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.67 (d)

• In the case of inmates, does such monitoring also include periodic status checks? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.67 (e)

• If any other individual who cooperates with an investigation expresses a fear of retaliation, does the agency take appropriate measures to protect that individual against retaliation? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.67 (f)

• Auditor is not required to audit this provision.

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents:
1. PS 5324.12 re: 115.67
2. DUB 5324.12B
3. Retaliation monitoring documents provided by facility 10/14/2021
4. Retaliation monitoring documents provided by facility 2/7/2022
5. Pending investigation update 2/7/2022 (PREA Compliance Manager Tracking Log)
6. Documents related to staff-on-inmate sexual abuse allegations

Interviews:
1. Acting Warden/PCM
2. Agency Head
3. Random Sample of Inmates
4. Inmates who had reported abuse

Findings

Retaliation monitoring is a critical piece of creating an environment where inmates feel safe reporting abuse and harassment. Fears that they will be disciplined, lose their housing, or get adverse recommendations for parole, for example, can prevent an individual from making a report, whether or not those fears are based in reality or on true examples of this happening to peers. Rumors about actions taken against some inmate who previously reported abuse are often enough to create a secretive inmate culture. To counter this dynamic, facilities must have strong anti-retaliation practices that are both visible and obvious to the inmate population and well-documented.

PS 5324.12 (p.42) provides that the agency will protect all inmates and staff from retaliation for reporting or cooperating with sexual abuse or harassment investigations. The PCM at each facility is responsible for such monitoring. Psychology services may also be brought in as necessary for follow-up.

The auditor reviewed one completed inmate-on-inmate abuse case at the facility from the audit period. The inmate had left the facility shortly after the incident, so retaliation monitoring was not warranted.

The auditor reviewed information regarding eight allegations of staff-on-inmate abuse. Each case was pending at the time of the audit, and no completed investigations were thus available for review. The cases were monitored by the SIS Lieutenant and the Acting Warden/PCM. One inmate stated in an interview that she felt she had been retaliated against following an investigation into sexual abuse (she had not been the reporter of the abuse but was the subject of the investigation which was initiated based on suspicion/third-party report). The inmate felt that inmates did not treat her appropriately as a result of the situation, and she had requested a change in work assignment and housing that had not been approved. The auditor discussed the situation with housing staff and upper-level management at the facility and determined that the housing and work assignment decisions were entirely unrelated to the allegation. The facility had become aware of the inmate’s feelings of retaliation by other inmates and was working to protect her in multiple ways. The auditor determined that as a result of these actions, no retaliation had taken place, however, the facility lacked documentation of the situation.

During interviews, several inmates expressed concern about reporting sexual abuse, indicating that they feared the facility would retaliate against them. The auditor did not find evidence of retaliation, and found that the Acting Warden, Associate Warden, SIS Lieutenant, and all security, Psychology, Medical, and other facility staff were extremely concerned about allegations of sexual misconduct and were taking all possible actions to discover and respond to such behavior, including protecting inmate victims.
That said, while on-site the auditor did not find evidence documenting retaliation monitoring had occurred on cases where the investigation was pending. This standard states that monitoring should occur for at least 90 days “following a report,” which indicates that monitoring should occur pending an investigation especially when the investigations were ongoing for a long period of time. The auditor raised this issue with the facility, and the Acting Warden/PCM began to formally conduct retaliation monitoring checks and document them with the form “Protection Against Retaliation: Inmates.”

The auditor recommended that the facility continue this practice, beginning monitoring inmates within 30 days following a report of abuse. Monitoring should include review of housing and programming decisions and disciplinary action, and the best practice would be to periodically initiate contact with the inmate to discuss safety. The auditor suggested that the contact may be conducted by the PCM or a designee, but it must be documented. The auditor recommended that in cases where investigations continue beyond 90 days, the facility consider extending the retaliation monitoring period at least as long as the investigation is pending. In such cases, after an initial period, periodic status checks may not need to be frequent, but monitoring of some type should continue to ensure inmate safety. A robust, consistent practice of monitoring is important to create a culture of safe reporting.

The auditor proposed the following Corrective Action:

- Fully implement a practice of retaliation monitoring following a report of sexual abuse:
  - Monitoring should commence following a report (within 30 days), even if the investigation is not yet completed, and should continue for at least 90 days;
  - Monitoring actions should be documented, including periodic status checks;
  - Retain documentation in an investigation or case monitoring file.

The facility was asked to provide additional documentation with three months (2/7/2022) to determine if they had satisfactorily completed this correction. The facility complied with these directions and submitted 35 additional pages of documents which included retaliation monitoring documents on pending and recently closed cases.

The documents provided by the facility demonstrate that the PCM and the Chief Psychologist are actively, routinely, and thoroughly evaluating inmate safety following an allegation of sexual abuse. The retaliation monitoring logs show that each inmate alleging abuse was seen roughly every 30 days, and that the PCM and psychologist evaluated programming, housing, and work assignment changes to determine whether the inmate suffered adverse actions based on her report of sexual abuse. During the site visit the auditor discussed the role predictable in-person checks could have in making inmates feel safe in reporting abuse, and she further discussed the important role of mental health services following abuse allegations with both the PCM and the Chief Psychologist. The facility was willing and eager to improve monitoring and recording practices, and they demonstrated adherence to these improvements during the corrective action period. The facility has fully implemented the practice of documenting actions taken to prevent, detect, and cure any perceived or real retaliation.

**Standard 115.68: Post-allegation protective custody**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.68 (a)

- Is any and all use of segregated housing to protect an inmate who is alleged to have suffered sexual abuse subject to the requirements of § 115.43? ☒ Yes □ No
Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

☒ Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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Evidence

Documents:
1. PS 5324.12
2. DUB 5324.12B
3. Memorandum from Warden re: 115.68(a)-1 (4/15/21)
4. Memorandum from Acting Warden re: 115.68 (a)(1) (10/6/21)
5. Safeguarding of Inmates Alleging Sexual Abuse/Assault (form)
6. Completed Safeguarding of Inmates forms dated 10/7/2021 and 10/14/2021

Interviews:
1. Acting Warden
2. Staff who supervise segregated housing

Findings

PS 5324.12 provides if involuntary segregation is used, the facility should provide access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities to the extent possible. Such housing should only be used if and until an alternative means of separation can be arranged and shall ordinarily not exceed 30 days. The facility shall document any limitations, durations and reasons thereto, and also the basis for the segregation and why alternative means cannot be arranged. These factors are supported by the policy for Special Housing, discussed above in 115.43. The facility states it has not used involuntary segregated housing to protect an inmate who is alleged to have suffered sexual abuse. As discussed above, one inmate had been housed in SHU following an allegation of sexual abuse, but the placement was not related to the allegation and for the purpose of protecting the inmate; it was necessary to complete an investigation into the inmate’s property. The placement was also temporary and short. Staff who supervise segregated housing indicated that no inmate in the unit was there for protection following a case of sexual abuse nor were they aware of such a placement. The facility is compliant with this provision. The auditor also notes completed Safeguarding of Inmate forms were submitted during the corrective action period for additional protective actions (which did not include placement in involuntary segregation), demonstrating that the documentation practice has been fully implemented.
## INVESTIGATIONS

### Standard 115.71: Criminal and administrative agency investigations

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

#### 115.71 (a)

- When the agency conducts its own investigations into allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, does it do so promptly, thoroughly, and objectively? [N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a.)] ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- Does the agency conduct such investigations for all allegations, including third party and anonymous reports? [N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a.)] ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

#### 115.71 (b)

- Where sexual abuse is alleged, does the agency use investigators who have received specialized training in sexual abuse investigations as required by 115.34? ☒ Yes ☐ No

#### 115.71 (c)

- Do investigators gather and preserve direct and circumstantial evidence, including any available physical and DNA evidence and any available electronic monitoring data? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Do investigators interview alleged victims, suspected perpetrators, and witnesses? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Do investigators review prior reports and complaints of sexual abuse involving the suspected perpetrator? ☒ Yes ☐ No

#### 115.71 (d)

- When the quality of evidence appears to support criminal prosecution, does the agency conduct compelled interviews only after consulting with prosecutors as to whether compelled interviews may be an obstacle for subsequent criminal prosecution? ☒ Yes ☐ No

#### 115.71 (e)

- Do agency investigators assess the credibility of an alleged victim, suspect, or witness on an individual basis and not on the basis of that individual’s status as inmate or staff? ☒ Yes ☐ No
Does the agency investigate allegations of sexual abuse without requiring an inmate who alleges sexual abuse to submit to a polygraph examination or other truth-telling device as a condition for proceeding? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.71 (f)

Do administrative investigations include an effort to determine whether staff actions or failures to act contributed to the abuse? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.71 (g)

Are administrative investigations documented in written reports that include a description of the physical evidence and testimonial evidence, the reasoning behind credibility assessments, and investigative facts and findings? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.71 (h)

Are criminal investigations documented in a written report that contains a thorough description of the physical, testimonial, and documentary evidence and attaches copies of all documentary evidence where feasible? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.71 (i)

Are all substantiated allegations of conduct that appears to be criminal referred for prosecution? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.71 (j)

Does the agency retain all written reports referenced in 115.71(f) and (g) for as long as the alleged abuser is incarcerated or employed by the agency, plus five years? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.71 (k)

Auditor is not required to audit this provision.

115.71 (l)

When an outside entity investigates sexual abuse, does the facility cooperate with outside investigators and endeavor to remain informed about the progress of the investigation? (N/A if an outside agency does not conduct administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)
Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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Evidence

Documents:
1. DUB 5324.12B
2. PS 5324.12
3. ONESource Investigations Guide
4. Investigation report
5. FBI Domestic Investigations and Operations Guide

Interviews
1. PCM
2. Investigative staff

Findings

115.71(a): BOP conducts a thorough, prompt, and objective investigation into every allegation whether it is reported internally, externally, by third party, or anonymously. This auditor reviewed the protocol for investigations contained in the facility policy and the ONESource investigation guide checklist. The process is thorough, and the checklist provides a uniform mechanism for recording actions taken. The SIS Lieutenant described how investigations are initiated. The PCM and SIS are notified immediately when an allegation arises. When an inmate makes an allegation of abuse against another inmate (where the allegation could be criminal in nature), the PCM notifies SIS, and they determine whether the evidence suggests an immediate referral to the Inspector General (OIG) for criminal process. If they do, they (and the FBI when appropriate) will handle the criminal investigation and any referral for prosecution. The OIG will then notify the institution of the outcome and provide information so the institution can review the case administratively and conduct a sexual abuse incident review. If an inmate makes an allegation against a staff member, the SIS will also send the allegation to Internal Affairs (OIA). Any issues not handled by OIG or the FBI will be investigated administratively by facility Special Investigation Services (SIS).

This auditor reviewed one completed investigation report of inmate-on-inmate threat of abuse. The report was made by the alleged victim, and it was immediately reviewed by SIS. Because of the nature of the case (non-contact, available evidence), the SIS Lieutenant determined that the case was not criminal in nature and did not rise to a level where it would be referred to OIG. The Lieutenant completed a thorough, prompt, and objective administrative investigation that included witness statements, evidence discussion, and a summary of facts. The correct standard was applied. The Lieutenant retained a complete file of the investigation, which was well organized and contained all relevant documentation. The auditor also reviewed the investigation of a staff-on-inmate sexual
harassment case that was reported during the corrective action period. The report demonstrated a prompt, thorough, and objective investigation.

The auditor also reviewed SIS information related to eight pending staff-on-inmate sexual misconduct cases. Four were being investigated by OIG, three by OIA, and one had been returned to the facility from OIA for administrative investigation. The SIS Lieutenant reviewed case information with the auditor on-site and provided access to his electronic files related to each case. He retained email communication on each case showing the referral and case status information. He also provided a spreadsheet giving case status on 10/14/2021. An updated spreadsheet was provided to the auditor at the close of the corrective action period. The facility demonstrated that they are closely monitoring these cases and taking any necessary action.

115.71(b): Sexual abuse investigations are completed by specially trained investigators, see section 115.34, above. Investigations are completed by SIS, OIG, OIA, or FBI depending on the circumstances, as discussed in (a).

115.71(c): Investigators collect evidence per the protocol outlined in policy and the ONESource guide. This provides for collection and preservation of physical evidence, DNA evidence where possible, and electronic monitoring data. SIS uses specially trained staff to handle evidence collection where necessary. The SIS lieutenant assigned to the case will conduct interviews with any witnesses, staff and/or inmate, and will review prior cases involving the parties, though PS 5324.12 (p.44) states that prior unsubstantiated and unfounded cases will not be used as evidence to support a finding. They will also review video evidence if available, logbook information, and any other institutional document that may be relevant to substantiate the allegation. If OIG takes the case, the OIG and FBI use highly trained staff to conduct the investigation including evidence recovery, witness examinations, and review of institutional information. Investigators also interview witnesses, including the alleged victim and perpetrator.

115.71(d): The OIG will take cases that appear to be criminal in nature and will handle all interviews in the case, following federal criminal procedure. The PCM confirmed that the internal administrative investigations do not conduct such interviews.

115.71(e): An SIS investigator confirmed in an interview that credibility decisions are made individually and not based on the individual’s status as inmate or staff. The ONESource guide provides that interviews shall be undertaken. Investigative staff stated that witness statements are given the weight appropriate and not pre-judged based on position. Staff confirmed inmates would not be required to pass a polygraph test before proceeding with an administrative investigation. The documentation supports that polygraphs have not been used.

115.71(f): Administrative investigations include an effort to determine whether staff actions or failures to act contributed to the abuse, as required by PS 5324.12 p. 45. The written reports are detailed and include descriptions of evidence, reasonings behind evidentiary weight decisions, and facts and findings. The agency’s program statement also requires that administrative investigations should consider information on whether other factors such as physical layouts, staffing patterns, institution operations, etc. contributed to the abuse. The SIS investigator stated when interviewed that this information is reviewed and collected as part of the factual evidentiary evaluation, and it is also documented for the purpose of the Institution Executive Staff Review (IESR), which is the process used to conduct the sexual abuse incident review required by PREA standard 115.86.
115.71(g): Criminal Investigations are undertaken by the OIG and the FBI. The FBI’s process follows the same evidentiary guidelines as any federal criminal investigation, which includes a thorough written report.

115.71(h): All substantiated allegations of conduct that appear to be criminal are referred for prosecution, as required by PS 5324.12. The SIS Lieutenant stated that the OIG is involved in the case from the outset to determine if criminal investigation/process is appropriate. The facility policy requires such referral.

115.71(i): PS 5324.12 provides, and the PCM confirmed, that all documents are retained in accordance with BOP record retention policies, which meets this requirement.

115.71(j): PS 5324.12 provides, and the PCM confirmed, that the departure of a party to the investigation from the institution does not terminate the investigation. The investigation will be completed whenever an allegation is made, and an IESR will be conducted whenever the finding requires it. In the investigation that occurred in the audit period, the inmate victim left the facility shortly after the investigation was completed, but all following process continued (retaliation monitoring documentation, incident review documentation), suggesting that the case itself continued regardless of the inmate’s custody at the facility.

115.71(l): When the OIG, FBI, or OIA is involved in a case, the facility cooperates fully with the investigation. The Acting Warden stated when interviewed that she would delegate case monitoring to SIS, who would maintain contact with the outside investigators and keep the facility leadership informed. For a staff case, the Warden (or Acting Warden) would be kept informed by OIA directly; SIS will also remain informed and monitors such cases.

**Standard 115.72: Evidentiary standard for administrative investigations**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

**115.72 (a)**

- Is it true that the agency does not impose a standard higher than a preponderance of the evidence in determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are substantiated? ☒ Yes ☐ No

**Auditor Overall Compliance Determination**

- ☐ **Exceeds Standard** *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*
- ☒ **Meets Standard** *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*
- ☐ **Does Not Meet Standard** *(Requires Corrective Action)*

**Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative**

*The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor's analysis and reasoning, and the auditor's*
conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents:
1. DUB 5324.12B
2. PS5324.12 re: 115.72
3. Documents related to sexual abuse investigation during audit period

Interviews
1. Investigative staff

Findings

The program statement clearly states the standard of proof for sexual abuse and harassment allegations is a preponderance of evidence, and this is echoed in the facility supplement. Investigative staff knew the appropriate standard to apply, stating that all credibility decisions and the final case finding are based on the “greater weight of the evidence.” The report for the sexual abuse investigation during the audit period used the preponderance standard in making its finding. The facility is in compliance with this provision.

Standard 115.73: Reporting to inmates

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.73 (a)

- Following an investigation into an inmate’s allegation that he or she suffered sexual abuse in an agency facility, does the agency inform the inmate as to whether the allegation has been determined to be substantiated, unsubstantiated, or unfounded? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.73 (b)

- If the agency did not conduct the investigation into an inmate’s allegation of sexual abuse in an agency facility, does the agency request the relevant information from the investigative agency in order to inform the inmate? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for conducting administrative and criminal investigations.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

115.73 (c)

- Following an inmate’s allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the inmate, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the inmate has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the inmate whenever: The staff member is no longer posted within the inmate’s unit? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Following an inmate’s allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the inmate, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the inmate has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the inmate whenever: The staff member is no longer employed at the facility? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Following an inmate’s allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the inmate, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the inmate has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the inmate whenever: The agency learns that the staff member has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse in the facility? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Following an inmate’s allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the inmate, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the inmate has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the inmate whenever: The agency learns that the staff member has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.73 (d)

- Following an inmate’s allegation that he or she has been sexually abused by another inmate, does the agency subsequently inform the alleged victim whenever: The agency learns that the alleged abuser has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility? ☒ Yes ☐ No

- Following an inmate’s allegation that he or she has been sexually abused by another inmate, does the agency subsequently inform the alleged victim whenever: The agency learns that the alleged abuser has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.73 (e)

- Does the agency document all such notifications or attempted notifications? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.73 (f)

- Auditor is not required to audit this provision.

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

☒ Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s
conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents:
1. DUB 5324.12B
2. PS 5324.12
3. Memorandum from Warden re: Standard 115.73 (4/15/21)
4. Investigative files from audit period
5. Sample Notification to Inmate
6. Notification to inmate forms regarding case status (provided 10/14/21)

Interviews:
1. Investigative staff
2. PCM

Findings

PS 5324.12 indicates that an inmate will be notified of the outcome of a sexual abuse investigation. This notification will be completed by the SIS Lieutenant or PCM and documented on the Investigation Tracking Log. The auditor reviewed one full abuse investigation from the time period, and notification was made even though the inmate was housed at a different facility at the time the investigation was complete. The auditor also reviewed an additional staff-on-inmate sexual harassment case that was reported during the corrective action period. The inmate was properly informed of the outcome of that case.

The policy indicates that in substantiated or unsubstantiated cases, the notification would be made in any of the necessary circumstances outlined in this rule and documented in the investigation file. During the audit period, in one pending staff case, an indictment was issued, triggering an obligation to notify the inmate. The facility provided documentation of this notification.

DISCIPLINE

Standard 115.76: Disciplinary sanctions for staff

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.76 (a)

- Are staff subject to disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination for violating agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.76 (b)
Is termination the presumptive disciplinary sanction for staff who have engaged in sexual abuse? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.76 (c)

Are disciplinary sanctions for violations of agency policies relating to sexual abuse or sexual harassment (other than actually engaging in sexual abuse) commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the staff member’s disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other staff with similar histories? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.76 (d)

Are all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, reported to: Law enforcement agencies (unless the activity was clearly not criminal)? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Are all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, reported to: Relevant licensing bodies? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☒ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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Evidence

Documents:
1. PS 3420.11 Standards of Employee Conduct (12/6/2013)
2. Memorandum from Warden Re: Standard 115.76 (4/15/21)

Interviews:
1. HR staff

Findings

115.76(a): PS 3420.11(5) provides that employees may not “show partiality toward, or become emotionally, physically, sexually, or financially involved with inmates, former inmates, or persons known (or who should have been known based on circumstances) to the employee as a family member or
close friend of inmates or former inmates” except for psychologists, psychiatrists, and chaplains in therapeutic roles that were previously established, in accordance with codes of professional conduct. The policy further states that any allegation of sexual abuse will be “investigated and where appropriate, referred for prosecution.” It states employees “are subject to administrative action up to and including removal for any inappropriate contact, sexual behavior or relationship with inmates regardless of whether such contact constitutes a prosecutable crime” and clarifies that physical contact is not required to subject an employee to sanctions.

115.76(b): Human Resource staff confirmed that staff engaging in sexual abuse would violate the law and thus termination would be the presumptive sanction. At the time of the on-site portion of the audit, several staff-on-inmate abuse cases were pending. Because determinations had not yet been made, disciplinary sanctions had not yet been issued. Several staff were on administrative leave pending investigations, and one had resigned. The facility provided updated case information during the corrective action period, and no significant case dispositions changed. In every case the staff were separated from alleged victims pending investigation.

115.76(c): The policy cited in (a) confirms that sanctions are commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the staff member’s history, and the sanctions imposed on other staff members. PS 5324.12 provides that the Office of Internal Affairs will be involved with any staff abuse or harassment allegation, and this centralized administration of staff employment issues supports consistent application of sanctions.

115.76(d): The policy stated in (a) provides that reporting to the relevant authorities will take place if a staff member engages in sexual activity with an inmate. According to PS 5324.12, the OIA will handle such staff issues.

### Standard 115.77: Corrective action for contractors and volunteers

| All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report |
| 115.77 (a) |
| ▪ Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse prohibited from contact with inmates? ☒ Yes ☐ No |
| ▪ Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse reported to: Law enforcement agencies (unless the activity was clearly not criminal)? ☒ Yes ☐ No |
| ▪ Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse reported to: Relevant licensing bodies? ☒ Yes ☐ No |
| 115.77 (b) |
| ▪ In the case of any other violation of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies by a contractor or volunteer, does the facility take appropriate remedial measures, and consider whether to prohibit further contact with inmates? ☒ Yes ☐ No |

### Auditor Overall Compliance Determination
☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

☒ Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

**Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative**

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

**Evidence**

Documents:
1. PS 3420.11
2. PS 5324.12
3. Memorandum from Acting Warden Re: Standard 115.77(a)-3 (7/28/21)
4. Memorandum from Warden Re: Standard 115.77(b)-1 (4/15/21)

Interviews:
1. HR
2. Acting Warden/PCM

**Findings**

Contractors or volunteers who engage in sexual abuse are prohibited from contact with inmates under PS 5324.12. Contractors and volunteers are informed of these requirements in the training they receive before working at the facility. The Acting Warden confirmed that the OIG would be involved in abuse cases and would pursue full investigation and criminal charges if warranted, as with any staff case. The case information would be forwarded to all relevant authorities. Regarding other violations including harassment, the Acting Warden confirmed the administrative investigation process in a contractor/volunteer case would be the same as with staff. The case would be fully examined, and if misconduct was substantiated, the facility would take remedial measures including the possibility of prohibiting all further contact with inmates. No such activity has been found at the facility in the audit period.

**Standard 115.78: Disciplinary sanctions for inmates**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.78 (a)
- Following an administrative finding that an inmate engaged in inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse, or following a criminal finding of guilt for inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse, are inmates subject to disciplinary sanctions pursuant to a formal disciplinary process? ☒ Yes ☐ No

### 115.78 (b)
- Are sanctions commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the abuse committed, the inmate’s disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other inmates with similar histories? ☒ Yes ☐ No

### 115.78 (c)
- When determining what types of sanction, if any, should be imposed, does the disciplinary process consider whether an inmate’s mental disabilities or mental illness contributed to his or her behavior? ☒ Yes ☐ No

### 115.78 (d)
- If the facility offers therapy, counseling, or other interventions designed to address and correct underlying reasons or motivations for the abuse, does the facility consider whether to require the offending inmate to participate in such interventions as a condition of access to programming and other benefits? ☒ Yes ☐ No

### 115.78 (e)
- Does the agency discipline an inmate for sexual contact with staff only upon a finding that the staff member did not consent to such contact? ☒ Yes ☐ No

### 115.78 (f)
- For the purpose of disciplinary action does a report of sexual abuse made in good faith based upon a reasonable belief that the alleged conduct occurred NOT constitute falsely reporting an incident or lying, even if an investigation does not establish evidence sufficient to substantiate the allegation? ☒ Yes ☐ No

### 115.78 (g)
- If the agency prohibits all sexual activity between inmates, does the agency always refrain from considering non-coercive sexual activity between inmates to be sexual abuse? (N/A if the agency does not prohibit all sexual activity between inmates.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

**Auditor Overall Compliance Determination**

- ☐ **Exceeds Standard** *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*
- ☒ **Meets Standard** *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*
- ☐ **Does Not Meet Standard** *(Requires Corrective Action)*
Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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Evidence

Documents:
1. Inmate Disciplinary Codes (28 C.F.R. §541.3 et. seq.)
2. DUB 5324.12B
3. PS 5324.12
4. Memorandum from Warden Re: Standard 115.78(e)-1 (5/12/21)

Interviews:
1. Acting Warden
2. PCM

Findings

115.78(a): Under the disciplinary rules for the agency and the sexual safety program statement, Inmates are subject to a disciplinary process following a substantiated case of sexual abuse. The PCM described the process. When a case is handled at the facility level because the OIG has determined criminal charges are not appropriate, disciplinary sanctions will be evaluated along with the administrative finding on the abuse investigation. When a case is pursued criminally, the facility will receive the investigation report and will determine whether administrative charges are also applicable. All disciplinary charges are handled by a BOP disciplinary hearing officer that is outside the facility. The disciplinary hearing officer follows formal process requirements outlined in the federal regulations.

115.78(b)-(c): The disciplinary rules in 28 CFR §541.3 outline prohibited acts by severity level of behavior; each level of behavior has a correlative list of available sanctions, with guidance on repeat behavior included in Table 2 of the rule. Sexual abuse involving force or threat of force is the greatest level severity. Other sexual abuse is high-level severity. Harassment would be considered a moderate- or low-level severity act, depending on the circumstances. The Disciplinary Hearing Officer determines what sanction will be applied following this detailed guidance. An inmate’s mental disabilities or mental illness is taken into account under §541.6 of the rule, which provides “if it appears you are mentally ill at any stage of the discipline process, you will be examined by mental health staff.” The hearings officer considers evidence that the inmate cannot understand the nature of the proceedings and evidence regarding the inmate’s ability to “appreciate the nature and quality, or wrongfulness of the act.”

115.78(d): DUB 5324.12B (11) states that inmate perpetrators are referred to psychology services, who will monitor the inmate and determine what treatment needs exist.

115.78(e): PS 5324.12 provides sexual abuse and sexual harassment of staff members will be addressed with the inmate discipline system and referral to criminal prosecutions as appropriate. The PCM confirmed that an inmate would not be disciplined if he was the victim of a sexual abuse case involving a staff member. The auditor reviewed information regarding staff/inmate abuse cases and examined files with the SIS Lieutenant, and no inmate had been disciplined related to those incidents.
115.78(f): PS 5324.12 explains that inmates will be held responsible for manipulative behavior and intentionally making false accusation. These instances will be dealt with in accordance with the Inmate Discipline Program. The PCM stated that reports made in good faith would not be considered manipulative or intentionally false and would not be cause for discipline.

115.78(g): The inmate disciplinary rules define sexual activity separately from sexual abuse. Non-coercive sexual activity would be considered “sexual activity” as defined in the rule, which is a lower-level prohibited act than coercive sexual assault. 28 CFR §541.3, Table 1.

### MEDICAL AND MENTAL CARE

**Standard 115.81: Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.81 (a)

- If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a prison inmate has experienced prior sexual victimization, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? (N/A if the facility is not a prison.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

115.81 (b)

- If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a prison inmate has previously perpetrated sexual abuse, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? (N/A if the facility is not a prison.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

115.81 (c)

- If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a jail inmate has experienced prior sexual victimization, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ NA

115.81 (d)

- Is any information related to sexual victimization or abusiveness that occurred in an institutional setting strictly limited to medical and mental health practitioners and other staff as necessary to inform treatment plans and security management decisions, including housing, bed, work, education, and program assignments, or as otherwise required by Federal, State, or local law? ☒ Yes ☐ No
115.81(e)

- Do medical and mental health practitioners obtain informed consent from inmates before reporting information about prior sexual victimization that did not occur in an institutional setting, unless the inmate is under the age of 18? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (*Substantially exceeds requirement of standards*)

☒ Meets Standard (*Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period*)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (*Requires Corrective Action*)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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Evidence

Documents
1. DUB 5324.12B
2. Memorandum from Acting Warden Re: Standard 115.81 (d)-1 (7/28/21)
3. PS 5324.12 re: 115.81
4. Psychology records of inmates who reported sexual victimization
5. Psychology records of inmates whose screenings demonstrated a risk sexual abusiveness

Interviews
1. Screening staff
2. Psychology Staff
3. Inmates who reported victimization

Findings

115.81(a): DUB 5324.12B provides if the inmate screening indicates that an inmate has experienced prior sexual victimization, staff refer the inmate to Psychology Services. The screening with psychology staff occurs during the initial screening process. Inmates are interviewed by unit team staff, psychology, and medical in sequential interviews. Inmates are offered mental health follow-up services, and the Chief Psychologist stated that those services are provided quickly when requested, usually within days. Inmates who reported victimization confirmed they were offered mental health services, and their screening records documented the offer.
115.81(b): Inmates identified as having sexually abusive behavior will be documented with a SENTRY STG assignment, pursuant to policy. Sex offender treatment is offered during the psychologist screening, and a notation about whether it was accepted or declined is noted in the record, as viewed by this auditor on screening documents.

115.81(d) Screening staff indicated that the screening forms are securely retained in the inmate files. Information related to sexual victimization or abusiveness is only accessible by medical and psychology staff. Medical and psychology records are retained in the Bureau Electronic Medical Records (BEMR) system which is restricted to employees in those areas. Other staff may gain access on a need-to-know basis for the purposes of treatment, security, and management decisions, such as housing, work, and programming decisions.

115.81(e): Medical and psychology staff indicated they seek informed consent from inmates before providing services. Inmates are told that information regarding sexual abuse at the facility must be reported. Inmates were aware that information they shared with facility services was shared in such circumstances.

**Standard 115.82: Access to emergency medical and mental health services**

| All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| **115.82 (a)**              |                             |
| ▪ Do inmate victims of sexual abuse receive timely, unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services, the nature and scope of which are determined by medical and mental health practitioners according to their professional judgment? | ☒ Yes ☐ No |
| **115.82 (b)**              |                             |
| ▪ If no qualified medical or mental health practitioners are on duty at the time a report of recent sexual abuse is made, do security staff first responders take preliminary steps to protect the victim pursuant to § 115.62? | ☒ Yes ☐ No |
| ▪ Do security staff first responders immediately notify the appropriate medical and mental health practitioners? | ☒ Yes ☐ No |
| **115.82 (c)**              |                             |
| ▪ Are inmate victims of sexual abuse offered timely information about and timely access to emergency contraception and sexually transmitted infections prophylaxis, in accordance with professionally accepted standards of care, where medically appropriate? | ☒ Yes ☐ No |
| **115.82 (d)**              |                             |
| ▪ Are treatment services provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident? | ☒ Yes ☐ No |

**Auditor Overall Compliance Determination**
☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

☒ Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

**Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative**

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**Evidence**

Documents:
1. DUB 5324.12B including attachments
2. PS 5324.12
3. Memorandum from Warden Re: Standard 115.82 (a)-3 (6/8/21)

Interviews:
1. PCM/Acting Warden
2. Medical Staff
3. Psychology Staff

**Findings**

115.82(a): The facility supplement DUB 5324.12B (9)(c)(1) outlines the staff response to an allegation of sexual abuse and provides for immediate emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services, both at the facility by heath and psychology services, via outside support services (Tri-Valley Haven), and emergency hospital medical treatment if necessary (at Highland Hospital in Oakland or another local hospital with SANE staff). These services are also outlined in the ONESource protocol attached to the policy. Health Services staff confirmed in interviews that treatment decisions are made by medical and mental health personnel according to their professional judgment. Local emergency services are provided by Health Services and the local hospital, where forensic evaluation would also take place. All services provided at the hospital are in line with ordinary community standards of care. Documentation will remain in the inmate’s file. Medical and psychology staff confirmed that services would be immediately available and treatment decisions would be based on their professional judgment.

115.82(b): First responders take the steps to protect the victim outlined in DUB 5324.12B (9) and the ONESource protocol. The staff member is to immediately safeguard the victim and separate him from the alleged perpetrator. PS 5324.12 states that the Operations Lieutenant also takes immediate preliminary steps to protect the victim and ensure notification is made. During interviews, every staff member stated that their first action would be protection of the victim. The PCM will evaluate initial case information and will determine whether to activate the full response protocol. Both medical staff and the PCM stated in interviews that this evaluation would not delay necessary emergency care, which would occur immediately regardless of facility evaluation. Medical and mental health practitioners are immediately notified under the checklist. Facility leadership stated that appropriate medical and psychology staff are on call, and medical and mental health services would not be delayed.
115.82(c): DUB 5324.12B (9) provides, and medical staff on-site confirmed, that victims first receive care on-site to triage any injuries. Inmates would then receive care at the local medical center if necessary (or if forensic evaluation is appropriate), and all appropriate care is provided in the medical professionals’ judgement. Appropriate care includes STI treatment and all other medically appropriate treatment. Because no incidents requiring medical care occurred at the facility during the audit period, no records were available for review.

115.82(d): The Acting Warden stated by memorandum that treatment services are provided without cost and regardless of the victim’s actions. PS 5324.12 (p. 51) provides that “inmate co-pays for medical treatment shall not be applied to victims of sexual abuse.” The PCM and medical staff confirmed this during interviews on-site.

**Standard 115.83: Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers**

**All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report**

115.83 (a)

- Does the facility offer medical and mental health evaluation and, as appropriate, treatment to all inmates who have been victimized by sexual abuse in any prison, jail, lockup, or juvenile facility? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.83 (b)

- Does the evaluation and treatment of such victims include, as appropriate, follow-up services, treatment plans, and, when necessary, referrals for continued care following their transfer to, or placement in, other facilities, or their release from custody? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.83 (c)

- Does the facility provide such victims with medical and mental health services consistent with the community level of care? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.83 (d)

- Are inmate victims of sexually abusive vaginal penetration while incarcerated offered pregnancy tests? (N/A if “all-male” facility. Note: in “all-male” facilities, there may be inmates who identify as transgender men who may have female genitalia. Auditors should be sure to know whether such individuals may be in the population and whether this provision may apply in specific circumstances.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

115.83 (e)

- If pregnancy results from the conduct described in paragraph § 115.83(d), do such victims receive timely and comprehensive information about and timely access to all lawful pregnancy-related medical services? (N/A if “all-male” facility. Note: in “all-male” facilities, there may be inmates who identify as transgender men who may have female genitalia. Auditors should be sure to know whether such individuals may be in the population and whether this provision may apply in specific circumstances.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
115.83 (f)

- Are inmate victims of sexual abuse while incarcerated offered tests for sexually transmitted infections as medically appropriate? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.83 (g)

- Are treatment services provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.83 (h)

- If the facility is a prison, does it attempt to conduct a mental health evaluation of all known inmate-on-inmate abusers within 60 days of learning of such abuse history and offer treatment when deemed appropriate by mental health practitioners? (NA if the facility is a jail.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☒ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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Evidence

Documents:
1. DUB 5324.12B
2. Medical records of inmates who reported abuse
3. Psychology services records of inmates who reported abuse

Interviews:
1. Medical staff
2. Psychology Staff
3. PCM
Findings

115.83(a)-(c): DUB 5324.12B(9) provides that any inmate who alleges they are the victim of sexually abusive behavior will receive medical and mental health evaluation and appropriate treatment. The PCM and medical and psychology staff confirmed that any necessary follow-ups would be provided to inmates alleging victimization, and that such services are provided at a level consistent with the community standard of care. Inmate screening records demonstrate that inmates who identified sexual victimization of any kind were offered follow-up services with psychology.

115.83(f): Pursuant to DUB 5324.12B (9) health services staff will coordinate with the Medical Center to offer sexually transmitted infection testing if necessary as part of the incident response. Medical staff confirmed this in interviews. Follow-up care would be provided by institutional medical staff as appropriate.

115.82(g): Services are provided without cost, as discussed in 115.82(d).

115.83(h): DUB 5324.12B(11) provides for monitoring of the inmate perpetrator. Inmate perpetrators will be flagged with SENTRY STG assignments and will be verified if the allegation is founded. The code is a way to monitor the perpetrator, and the Chief of Correctional Services may also consider additional action such as limiting access to portions of the facility or including the inmate in the Posted Picture file. Perpetrators are also referred for Psychology Services for evaluation of treatment and management needs. Psychology staff confirmed this process during an interview.

DATA COLLECTION AND REVIEW

Standard 115.86: Sexual abuse incident reviews

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.86 (a)

- Does the facility conduct a sexual abuse incident review at the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation, including where the allegation has not been substantiated, unless the allegation has been determined to be unfounded? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.86 (b)

- Does such review ordinarily occur within 30 days of the conclusion of the investigation? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.86 (c)
Does the review team include upper-level management officials, with input from line supervisors, investigators, and medical or mental health practitioners? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.86 (d)

Does the review team: Consider whether the allegation or investigation indicates a need to change policy or practice to better prevent, detect, or respond to sexual abuse? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Does the review team: Consider whether the incident or allegation was motivated by race; ethnicity; gender identity; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex identification, status, or perceived status; gang affiliation; or other group dynamics at the facility? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Does the review team: Examine the area in the facility where the incident allegedly occurred to assess whether physical barriers in the area may enable abuse? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Does the review team: Assess the adequacy of staffing levels in that area during different shifts? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Does the review team: Assess whether monitoring technology should be deployed or augmented to supplement supervision by staff? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Does the review team: Prepare a report of its findings, including but not necessarily limited to determinations made pursuant to §§ 115.86(d)(1) - (d)(5), and any recommendations for improvement and submit such report to the facility head and PREA compliance manager? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.86 (e)

Does the facility implement the recommendations for improvement, or document its reasons for not doing so? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

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Evidence
Documents:
1. DUB 5324.12B
2. Memorandum from Warden Re: Standard 115.86 (a)-1/(d)-1/(e)-1 (4/13/21)
3. TRUINTEL report of Sexual Assault Counts (4/15/21)
4. Institution Executive Staff Review form
5. PS 5324.12 re: 115.86

Interviews:
1. PCM/Acting Warden

Findings

DUB 5324.12B provides that Institution Executive Staff review every unsubstantiated or substantiated abuse incident to assess the facility’s response. PS 5324.12 also requires the review, stating that all factors in the rule must be considered, and that the Regional Director shall receive a copy of the report via the Regional PREA Coordinator. The SIS Lieutenant and PCM confirmed the IESR process in interviews. No reviews took place in the audit period, as the only completed abuse case was unfounded. The team reviews information from the investigation, documented by SIS, and discusses facility factors and staff response as well as factors that led to the case. The IESR is documented with a standardized form memorandum to the PCM. The form document provides the guidelines for the review, ensuring that every factor in the rule is considered and stating that the review should ordinarily occur within 30 days of the conclusion of investigation.

The review team consists of upper-level management officials, with input from front line supervisors, investigators, and medical and psychology staff members. Under BOP policy, the local Union President may also take part in the discussion and may make recommendations, which will be considered by the team. Recommendations for improvement are implemented, and if they are not implemented the reasons are documented. All documentation is completed in the standardized form, which is then shared with regional BOP leadership.

Standard 115.87: Data collection

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.87 (a)
- Does the agency collect accurate, uniform data for every allegation of sexual abuse at facilities under its direct control using a standardized instrument and set of definitions? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.87 (b)
- Does the agency aggregate the incident-based sexual abuse data at least annually? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.87 (c)
 Does the incident-based data include, at a minimum, the data necessary to answer all questions from the most recent version of the Survey of Sexual Violence conducted by the Department of Justice? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.87 (d)

 Does the agency maintain, review, and collect data as needed from all available incident-based documents, including reports, investigation files, and sexual abuse incident reviews? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.87 (e)

 Does the agency also obtain incident-based and aggregated data from every private facility with which it contracts for the confinement of its inmates? (N/A if agency does not contract for the confinement of its inmates.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

115.87 (f)

 Does the agency, upon request, provide all such data from the previous calendar year to the Department of Justice no later than June 30? (N/A if DOJ has not requested agency data.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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Evidence

Documents:
1. PS 5324.12
2. BOP Annual PREA Reports 2013-2020
3. Institution Executive Staff Review (IESR) template document

Interviews:
1. PREA coordinator
2. Agency Head
3. PCM
Findings

PS 5324.12 lists the manner by which the BOP collects data. Inmate data is provided by the Information, Policy, and Public Affairs Division. Uniform data for every allegation of sexual abuse and harassment is maintained by SIS using the standard incident report and the IESR. DUB 5324.12B (6)B(8) provides that the Operations Lieutenant documents all allegations of abuse in a Report of Incident form when received. This incident report is forwarded to the regional PREA Coordinator, who will forward to the National PREA Coordinator. The Office of Internal Affairs reports data on inmate victims of staff abuse cases. The PREA Coordinator states that the data is aggregated annually and compiled into a report that is issued to the director. The data is collected at least annually, and the data is sufficient to respond to the most recent version of the Survey of Sexual Victimization (SSV) conducted by the Bureau of Justice Statistics. The agency would respond to any request by DOJ to provide the data. The annual reports show annual data collection—incidents are detailed and the information is sufficient to respond to the SSV request. The reports demonstrate the data collection is completed annually from all facilities.

Standard 115.88: Data review for corrective action

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.88 (a)

- Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Identifying problem areas? ☒ Yes  ☐ No

- Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Taking corrective action on an ongoing basis? ☒ Yes  ☐ No

- Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Preparing an annual report of its findings and corrective actions for each facility, as well as the agency as a whole? ☒ Yes  ☐ No

115.88 (b)

- Does the agency’s annual report include a comparison of the current year’s data and corrective actions with those from prior years and provide an assessment of the agency’s progress in addressing sexual abuse ☒ Yes  ☐ No

115.88 (c)
▪ Is the agency’s annual report approved by the agency head and made readily available to the public through its website or, if it does not have one, through other means? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.88 (d)

▪ Does the agency indicate the nature of the material redacted where it redacts specific material from the reports when publication would present a clear and specific threat to the safety and security of a facility? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents:
1. PS 5324.12

Interviews:
1. PREA coordinator
2. Agency Head

Findings

The PREA Annual reports contain aggregate and delineated data for each facility on allegations of sexual abuse and harassment. The report includes information on specific cases including corrective action taken. The PREA Coordinator states that corrective action is taken on problem areas on an ongoing basis, as needed. The report assesses the data, compares it with previous year data, discusses the effectiveness of the PREA program, and identifies trends, issues, and problem areas. The report is signed by the agency head. The document is publicly available on the BOP website. No material was redacted; the reports do not include personally identifying information.
Standard 115.89: Data storage, publication, and destruction

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered y the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.89 (a)

 Does the agency ensure that data collected pursuant to § 115.87 are securely retained? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.89 (b)

 Does the agency make all aggregated sexual abuse data, from facilities under its direct control and private facilities with which it contracts, readily available to the public at least annually through its website or, if it does not have one, through other means? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.89 (c)

 Does the agency remove all personal identifiers before making aggregated sexual abuse data publicly available? ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.89 (d)

 Does the agency maintain sexual abuse data collected pursuant to § 115.87 for at least 10 years after the date of the initial collection, unless Federal, State, or local law requires otherwise? ☒ Yes ☐ No

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☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Evidence

Documents:

1. PS 5324.12
2. BOP website at https://www.bop.gov/inmates/custody_and_care/sexual_abuse_prevention.jsp

Interviews:
1. PREA Coordinator

Findings

PS 5342.12 states that the agency maintains data collected in a secure manner, making data available but removing personal identifiers, and retains the data for at least 10 years. The PREA coordinator confirmed that the bureau complies with FOIA and all other applicable laws, rules, and regulations regarding data retention and publication. The BOP website publishes the annual data report and this auditor was able to independently access the CY2020 report on 11/5/2021. The data is publicly available and does not contain personal identifying information.

AUDITING AND CORRECTIVE ACTION

Standard 115.401: Frequency and scope of audits

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.401 (a)

- During the prior three-year audit period, did the agency ensure that each facility operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, was audited at least once? (Note: The response here is purely informational. A "no" response does not impact overall compliance with this standard.) ☒ Yes ☐ No

115.401 (b)

- Is this the first year of the current audit cycle? (Note: a “no” response does not impact overall compliance with this standard.) ☐ Yes ☒ No

- If this is the second year of the current audit cycle, did the agency ensure that at least one-third of each facility type operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, was audited during the first year of the current audit cycle? (N/A if this is not the second year of the current audit cycle.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- If this is the third year of the current audit cycle, did the agency ensure that at least two-thirds of each facility type operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, were audited during the first two years of the current audit cycle? (N/A if this is not the third year of the current audit cycle.) ☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ NA

115.401 (h)
Did the auditor have access to, and the ability to observe, all areas of the audited facility?  
☒ Yes ☐ No

115.401 (i)  
- Was the auditor permitted to request and receive copies of any relevant documents (including electronically stored information)?  
☒ Yes ☐ No

115.401 (m)  
- Was the auditor permitted to conduct private interviews with inmates, residents, and detainees?  
☒ Yes ☐ No

115.401 (n)  
- Were inmates permitted to send confidential information or correspondence to the auditor in the same manner as if they were communicating with legal counsel?  
☒ Yes ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

☒ Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

The Federal Bureau of Prisons has a robust internal system for organizing audits, ensuring they occur every three years and that an appropriate number of facilities are audited each year. As described in the Audit Narrative portion, above, the auditor had no issues with any procedural requirement as outlined by the Auditor Handbook, version 2, published March 2021.

**Standard 115.403: Audit contents and findings**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.403 (f)
The agency has published on its agency website, if it has one, or has otherwise made publicly available, all Final Audit Reports. The review period is for prior audits completed during the past three years PRECEDING THIS AUDIT. The pendency of any agency appeal pursuant to 28 C.F.R. § 115.405 does not excuse noncompliance with this provision. (N/A if there have been no Final Audit Reports issued in the past three years, or in the case of single facility agencies that there has never been a Final Audit Report issued.) ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (*Substantially exceeds requirement of standards*)

☒ Meets Standard (*Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period*)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (*Requires Corrective Action*)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

*The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.*

The facility has published the 2017 audit report on its website. This auditor accessed the document independently.
AUDITOR CERTIFICATION

I certify that:

☒ The contents of this report are accurate to the best of my knowledge.

☒ No conflict of interest exists with respect to my ability to conduct an audit of the agency under review, and

☒ I have not included in the final report any personally identifiable information (PII) about any inmate or staff member, except where the names of administrative personnel are specifically requested in the report template.

Auditor Instructions:

Type your full name in the text box below for Auditor Signature. This will function as your official electronic signature. Auditors must deliver their final report to the PREA Resource Center as a searchable PDF format to ensure accessibility to people with disabilities. Save this report document into a PDF format prior to submission.1 Auditors are not permitted to submit audit reports that have been scanned.2 See the PREA Auditor Handbook for a full discussion of audit report formatting requirements.

Kristin Winges-Yanez __________________________ 3/12/2022
Auditor Signature Date

1 See additional instructions here: https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Save-or-convert-to-PDF-d85416c5-7d77-4fd6-a216-6f4bf7c7c110.