

# Federal Bureau of Prisons Fact Sheet

### Special Releases

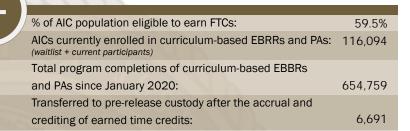
The CARES Act and the First Step Act (FSA) provide various avenues for Adults In Custody (AICs) to be granted home confinement or compassionate release. Only the sentencing court has authority to reduce a term of imprisonment (compassionate release) upon motion of the FBOP Director through the U.S. Attorney's Office or upon motion of the AIC. For more information about Compassionate Release trends, visit www.ussc.gov (United States Sentencing Commission).



AICs on Elderly Home Confinement	All-Time:	1,246
	Current:	23
Compassionate Releases by the FBOP Director	Denied:	129
*The total shown is for the current calendar year	Granted:	27
Compassionate Releases ordered by the Courts *The total shown is since the enactment of the First Step Act.		4,773

## **FSA Programming & Time Credits**

The First Step Act (FSA) provides for eligible AlCs to earn FSA Time Credits (FTCs) for participating in recommended Evidence-Based Recidivism Reduction (EBRR) Programs and Productive Activities (PAs) that address their assessed needs. AlCs may not earn FTCs if serving a sentence for a disqualifying conviction listed in the statute. FTCs currently apply to AlCs convicted in Federal District Court only. They do not apply to military prisoners, state boarders, or adults in custody with a final order of deportation. At this time, FTCs do not apply to AlCs convicted in DC Superior Court.



## **Employment Levels**

One of the FBOP's key priorities is fully staffing our institutions. Hiring and retention of employees remains a priority for the Bureau, as higher employment levels afford the Bureau the flexibility and stability needed to carry out its mission, including the expansion of programs as required by the First Step Act (FSA). Although multiple positions in the FBOP carry out FSA activities, some positions have dedicated FSA funding.



Active Employees in Pay Status	Correctional Officers:	12,662			
Active Employees in Fay Status	All Other Positions:	23,949			
Active Employees in Non-Pay Status	Correctional Officers: All Other Positions:	214 80			
Total Employees		36,611			
Authorized Full Time Positions	Correctional Officers: All Other Positions: Total Positions:	14,900 27,498 42,398			
Vacant Positions		2 974			

## **Employee Ratios**

The AIC-to-employee ratio is an important factor in maintaining institution safety. The FBOP staffs facilities based on various factors including facility security level, AIC population and facility programs and capabilities.



AIC to Employee Ratio:	4.3:1
AIC to Correctional Officer Ratio:	9.2:1

## **Special Population Census (or Counts)**

A statistical snapshot of the number of AICs nationwide that have been placed in the FBOP's various restrictive housing settings.



Number of AICs in Special Housing Units:	10,877
Number of AICs in Special Management Units:	0
Number of AICs at ADX:	340

Notes:
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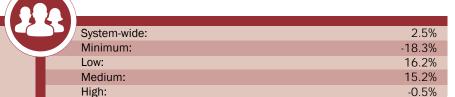
Posted: 12/10/2024



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### **Overall Population**

For 34 years, the FBOP AIC population increased; in 2014, the first population decline was recorded. Declines continued through 2020; however, in 2021 and 2022, FBOP saw increases in the AIC population. The FBOP continues to experience crowding in medium and low facilities.



## **Residential Reentry**

The FBOP contracts with Residential Reentry Centers (RRCs), also known as halfway houses, to provide assistance to AICs who are nearing release. During an AIC's release planning, a RRC referral recommendation is made based on release needs, risk factors, and a treatment plan. RRCs help AICs gradually rebuild their ties to the community and facilitate readjustment. Higher risk AICs are the Bureau's first priority. Home confinement monitoring is done by either the RRC or via the Federal Location Monitoring Program with US Probation. An AIC's length of placement could be up to 12 months.



#### **Mental Health Care Levels**

Mental Health Care Levels (of which there are four) are used to classify AICs based on their need for mental health services. Facility placement ranges from Care Level 1 facilities - which are for AICs who do not require significant mental health care - to Care Level 4 facilities for AICs who require Inpatient psychiatric care.

	Male	Female	Total
Level 1:	136,064	9,542	145,606
Level 2:	5,061	740	5,801
Level 3:	693	63	756
Level 4:	493	5	498

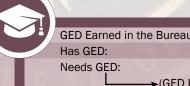
#### **Medical Care Levels**

Medical Care Levels (of which there are four), are used to align an AIC's medical needs with institution capabilities (including community medical resources). Care Level 1 facilities are assigned to generally healthy AICs, while Care Level 4 facilities are reserved for AICs who require daily nursing care or therapy.



#### **Education Status**

AICs who do not have a verified General Educational Development (GED) credential or high school diploma are required to attend an adult literacy program for a minimum of 240 instructional hours or until a GED is achieved, whichever occurs first. Non-English speaking AICs must take English as a Second Language.



/	GED Earn	ed in the	Bureau of Priso	ns:	14	,149 (10%)
	Has GED:				71	,218 (54%)
	Needs GE	D:			42	,031 (33%)
	AU	<b>→</b>	(GED Enrolled:	9 %)		
GED Completions:						
	FY	2023	Enrolled:	12,686	Earned:	4,380
	FY	2024	Enrolled:	10,874	Earned:	4,423
	FY 25 (	12/07)	Enrolled:	11.464	Farned: N	ot available

## **Drug Treatment Participants**

The FBOP's drug abuse treatment strategy has grown and changed as advances have occurred in the substance abuse treatment field. The FBOP offers a variety of programs to generate positive outcomes (by reducing relapse and criminality), ranging from residential programs, non-residential programs, drug education, and transitional drug treatment in the community.



	Res. Drug	Non-Res. Drug	Drug	Community
	Treatment	Treatment	Education	Treatment
FY 2022	11,736	19,791	23,525	7,220
FY 2023	12,170	20,939	22,406	8,254
FY 2024	12,064	21,259	22,366	9,317
FY 2025	5,616	4,672	4,362	1,937

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